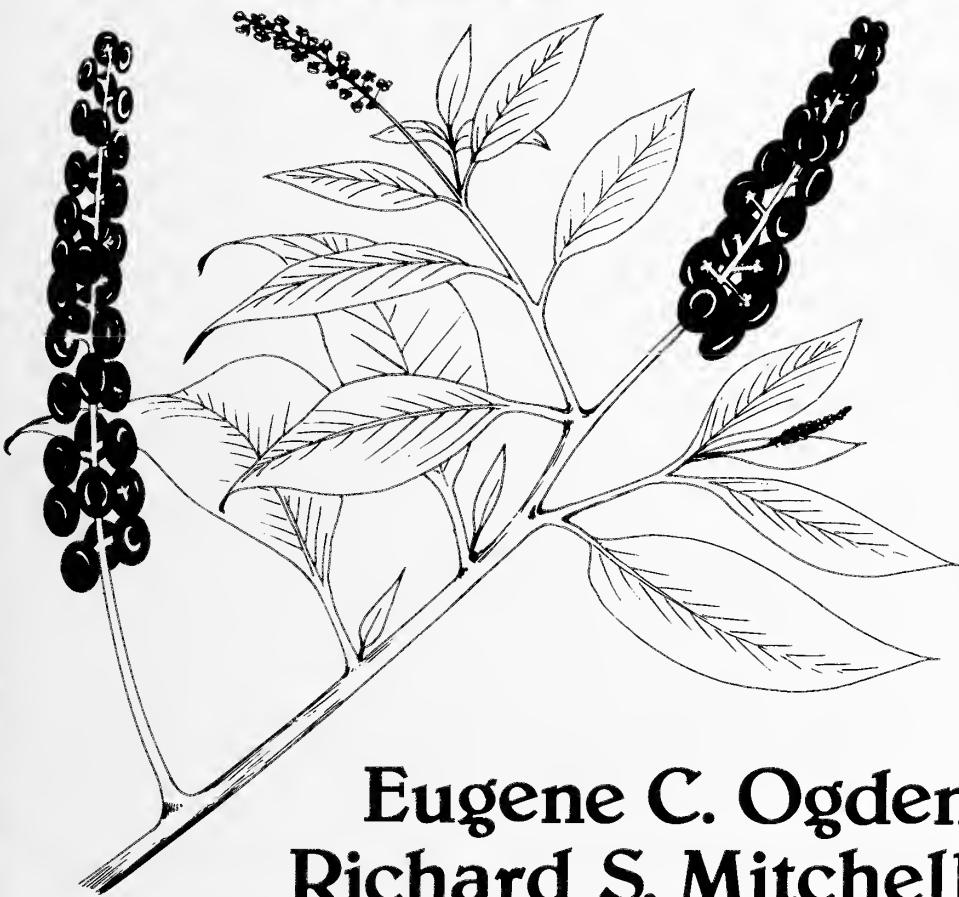
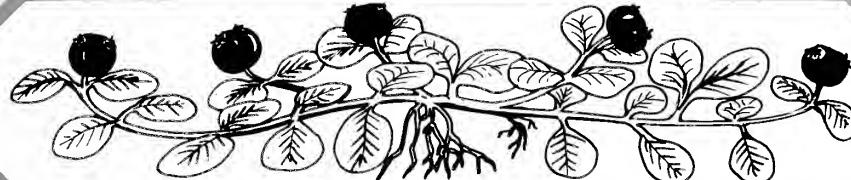
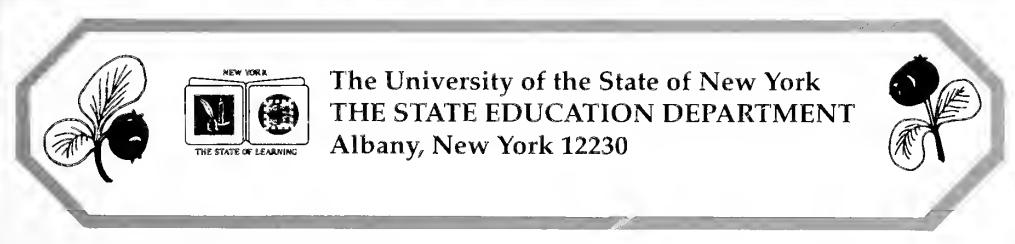


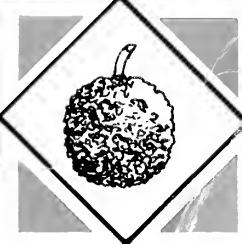
XB
U8120
#467
1990



**Eugene C. Ogden
Richard S. Mitchell**



The University of the State of New York
THE STATE EDUCATION DEPARTMENT
Albany, New York 12230



RANDOM ACCESS KEYS TO PLANTS WITH FLESHY FRUITS

Match the fruit color with length and number of seeds to determine the proper key.

FRUITS	Less than 1 cm long with 1 seed	Less than 1 cm long with more than 1 seed	More than 1 cm long with 1 seed	More than 1 cm long with more than 1 seed
WHITE or GRAY	KEY 1	KEY 2	KEY 3	KEY 4
BROWN or TAN	KEY 5	KEY 6	KEY 7	KEY 8
YELLOW	KEY 9	KEY 10	KEY 11	KEY 12
ORANGE	KEY 13	KEY 14	KEY 15	KEY 16
RED or PINK	KEY 17	KEY 18	KEY 19	KEY 20
BLUE	KEY 21	KEY 22	KEY 23	KEY 24
PURPLE	KEY 25	KEY 26	KEY 27	KEY 28
GREEN	KEY 29	KEY 30	KEY 31	KEY 32
BLACK	KEY 33	KEY 34	KEY 35	KEY 36

Identification of Plants with

FLESHY FRUITS

EUGENE C. OGDEN
State Botanist Emeritus
New York State Museum

RICHARD S. MITCHELL
State Botanist
New York State Museum

1990

Bulletin No. 467
New York State Museum

The University of the State of New York
THE STATE EDUCATION DEPARTMENT
Albany, New York 12230

LIBRARY

APR - 8 1991

NEW YORK
BOTANICAL GARDEN

THE UNIVERSITY OF THE STATE OF NEW YORK

Regents of The University

MARTIN C. BARELL, <i>Chancellor</i> , B.A., I.A., LL.B.....	Muttontown
R. CARLOS CARBALLADA, <i>Vice Chancellor</i> , B.S.	Rochester
WILLARD A. GENRICH, LL.B.	Buffalo
EMLYN I. GRIFFITH, A.B., J.D.	Rome
JORGE L. BATISTA, B.A., J.D.	Bronx
LAURA BRADLEY CHODOS, B.A., M.A.	Vischer Ferry
LOUISE P. MATTEONI, B.A., M.A., Ph.D.	Bayside
J. EDWARD MEYER, B.A., LL.B.	Chappaqua
FLOYD S. LINTON, A.B., M.A., M.P.A.	Miller Place
MIMI LEVIN LIEBER, B.A., M.A.	Manhattan
SHIRLEY C. BROWN, B.A., M.A., Ph.D.	Albany
NORMA GLUCK, B.A., M.S.W.	Manhattan
JAMES W. McCABE, SR., A.B., M.A.	Johnson City
ADELAIDE L. SANFORD, B.A., M.A., P.D.	Hollis
WALTER COOPER, B.A., Ph.D.	Rochester
GERALD J. LUSTIG, B.A., M.D.	Staten Island

President of The University and Commissioner of Education

THOMAS SOBOL

Executive Deputy Commissioner of Education

THOMAS E. SHELDON

Deputy Commissioner for Cultural Education

CAROLE F. HUXLEY

Assistant Commissioner for the State Museum

MARTIN E. SULLIVAN

Director, Research and Collections

PAUL J. SCUDIERE

Chief Scientist, Biological Survey

NORTON G. MILLER

ACKNOWLEDGMENTS

Everett Ogden, son of the senior author, provided extensive advice and assistance regarding computer techniques; he helped plan the random access keys, checked data using his own computer and supplied printouts at various stages of manuscript preparation in addition to preparing the computer disk and the technical appendices. Mary Beth Vought prepared the plates of drawings and cover illustrations. Stephen A. Spongberg of the Arnold Arboretum, Harvard University, reviewed the manuscript and suggested several important improvements. Clifford Lamere helped collect plants for study and helped test the keys.

Digitized by the Internet Archive
in 2017 with funding from
IMLS LG-70-15-0138-15

<https://archive.org/details/bulletinnewyork4671newy>

CONTENTS

	Page
Acknowledgments	iii
Introduction	1
Explanation of Characters.....	3
Using the Random Access Keys.....	5
Random Access Keys to Plants with Fleshy Fruits	6
Illustrations	49
Using the Sequential Key	66
Sequential Key to Plants with Fleshy Fruits.....	66
Genera of Plants with Fleshy Fruits	77
Suggested References.....	80
Appendix 1. Using the Computer Key to Plants with Fleshy Fruits	82
Table 1. FRUITKEY.BAS Program Listing.....	86
Appendix 2. Tabular Data for Random Access Keys	89

INTRODUCTION

Identification of fleshy fruits from plants found growing in the wild becomes especially important when one needs to know if the fruits are harmless or poisonous. This bulletin was written primarily for parents who want to know the names of fleshy-fruited wild plants that might tempt small children to taste them, but it is also intended for physicians and emergency room personnel, who often need to make quick determinations regarding potentially poisonous plants. Keys and illustrations provide a rapid method for reducing the likely identity of a fruit to a few possibilities that may then be checked in books on native and naturalized plants. The reader is referred to specific page numbers in the *AMA Handbook of Poisonous and Injurious Plants* in cases where the fruit identified is of medical interest. For those plants which are potentially harmful, but not covered by the AMA handbook, a caution from Hardin and Arena's *Human Poisoning from Native and Cultivated Plants* is cited. Information on these plants may be found elsewhere in the literature. Potential users of this guide should familiarize themselves with its use prior to an emergency situation if possible. This will help to avoid frustration in a crisis. Especially those people with small children may wish to identify in advance the plants in their vicinity that produce fleshy fruits and which might prove harmful if swallowed.

Characters in the keys have been kept simple, so that the user need not be a professional botanist to make swift and accurate identifications. Since the keys avoid highly technical characters, they may not always lead to a single genus, though they usually do. In a very few cases (depending on key choices and characters available) they eliminate all but two or three genera to be sought among the illustrations or found in popular books on wild plants. Two kinds of keys are offered to aid in identification: random access and sequential. If only the fruits are available it will be necessary to choose the proper random access key (inside the front cover or p. 6), but if stems and leaves are also present, the sequential key (p. 66) may be the key of choice. A random access key is also provided for easy plant identification using a personal computer (IBM PC, XT-AT compatible) on a 5 1/4 inch, 360K floppy disk, included in a packet inside the rear cover of this publication. Consult Appendix 1 for instructions.

Professional botanists who scrutinize the random access keys will note that certain characteristics are acknowledged for some plants that they technically do not have. Experience in testing the keys has shown that these characters are the ones most often wrongly chosen during the identification process. Accommodation for such common misinterpretations should in no way interfere with fruit identification by those persons applying the characters correctly. For example: some plants have only alternate leaves, but these may be tightly spiraled at branch tips and appear to be whorled. Such plants are included under both categories in the random access keys. In addition, some users may not easily distinguish between leaves and leaflets, so genera having alternate leaves with opposite leaflets are included under both alternate and opposite leaves. Fruits that remain green or yellow for long periods before developing the fully ripe color are included under each of the colors that they may exhibit when fleshy or soft-pulpy. In *Caulophyllum* (blue cohosh) the naked seeds are berrylike, as are the seeds of yews and fleshy cones of junipers, also treated in the keys. In strawberries and similar plants, the true fruits are seedlike, embedded in a swollen, red, flower receptacle. The whole unit is treated here as a fruit with embedded seeds. Thus, strict adherence to botanical exactness is occasionally sacrificed in favor of facility and speed of identification.

Opinions may vary as to whether some fruits are fleshy or merely pulpy. Some of those included here are somewhat pulpy before maturity but drier when mature. We have tried to include those that are sufficiently juicy or soft-pulpy to entice one to taste them. If fruits alone are available, and nothing is known about the plant that produced them, the use of random access keys should still be profitable in reducing the 128 kinds (genera) of plants treated here to a much smaller group.

The geographical area covered in this treatment is the northeastern United States and southern Canada to the western boundaries of Minnesota, Iowa and Missouri and the southern boundaries of Missouri, Kentucky and Virginia.

EXPLANATION OF CHARACTERS

Fruit color	The colors used here most often refer to the surfaces of mature fruits, although in some cases maturity may be difficult to determine. Many fruits are green and remain so for a long period before becoming fully mature. During their early development most fruits are firm or perhaps pulpy, but scarcely fleshy, but some remain green and become fleshy at maturity. The colors of some immature fruits are included if young fruits are juicy or pulpy at that stage. If fruits or clusters of fruits exhibit more than one color, one may choose either or both, with the dominant color recommended. People see colors somewhat differently. If fruits appear to be blue but are not found in the blue key, try purple. Dark colors may appear black to some.
Fruit size	One centimeter (cm) equals two-fifths (2/5) of an inch. A centimeter rule is printed inside the back cover for easy measurement. It is best to measure several fruits if possible. Since fruits are variable in size, avoid measuring the smallest or largest ones. Some fruits are composed of small, closely packed fruitlets (example: blackberry), and these are here considered to be a single fruit. In this publication, measurements of compound and multiple fruits always refer to the clusters rather than their subunits.
Floral remnants	Withered parts of the flower may remain attached to the fruit near the tip (examples: blueberry, apple) or they may persist only at the base, where the fruit attaches to its stalk (tomato, cherry). Such persistent floral parts usually consist of dried sepals and/or stamens. In many fruits the persistence of floral parts is not easily determined, so some compensation is made for this in the keys. If in doubt, avoid using this character.
Seeds and pits	Seeds may be tightly packed, enclosed in a hard, bony structure (the pit of cherry or peach) or more broadly distributed (tomato, cucumber). Because pits may simulate seeds, and the number of seeds within them is often difficult to determine, a pit is counted as a single seed in the keys.
Woody vs nonwoody	Nonwoody (herbaceous) plants have soft stems that usually die back at the end of the growing season, in contrast to the hard, woody stems of trees and shrubs that persist over winter. Some plants are intermediate or are woody at their bases with herbaceous branches; they are here included in both categories.
Creeping or climbing	Vinelike plants may be creeping (strawberry) or climbing (grape). Most plants neither creep nor climb, but some plants trail and might be mistaken for climbers. Some plants climb by means of tendrils, which are slender, twining appendages attached to the stem at some of the nodes.
Spines and thorns	Sharp protrusions vary from stiff prickles to hard, woody thorns, and these may lead to quick plant identification when present; however, stems of most plants are spineless.

Leaves opposite, whorled, basal or alternate

The point at which a leaf attaches to a stem is called a node. There is a bud in the upper joint (axil) formed by the leaf base and stem. The bud may sometimes be small or hidden by the base of the leaf stalk (petiole). Opposite leaves are paired at the node, whereas whorled leaves are borne in threes or more. Alternate leaves occur one per node, but they may appear whorled if tightly spiraled (alternate-leaved plants may also have opposite or whorled, leaflike structures at the fruit bases). When leaves are not present at the same time as mature fruits, their former position may be determined by the positions of buds or the scars where leaves were attached. Basal leaves are often clustered, and it is sometimes difficult to determine whether their attachment is opposite or alternate.

Leaves simple or compound

Most leaves are simple. A simple leaf has a single, flat blade that may be unlobed, lobed or deeply dissected, but lacks discrete units cut all the way to the midvein. Leaves that are divided into distinct blades (leaflets) are said to be compound. A leaf, whether simple or compound, has a bud in its axil but a leaflet does not. Thus, one can usually determine whether a leaf is simple or compound by seeking the bud. Compensations are made in the keys for leaflets that are so much like simple leaves in appearance that they are very difficult to distinguish.

Leaves with or with- out teeth or lobes

Teeth (serrations and dentations) are projections from the margins of the blades of leaves or leaflets, usually with pointed tips, with a total length less than 1/8 the distance from their tip to the leaf's midvein. Lobes are similar but deeper (more than 1/8 that distance). Margins with or without teeth may also be lobed or unlobed.

Leaves petioled, sessile or peltate

Sessile leaves have no stalk (petiole); the blade is attached directly to the stem. Most leaves have a petiole, which may be short to very long. The petiole is nearly always attached to the blade at its lower margin, but in peltate leaves it is attached to the lower surface.

Note:

For some genera in the random access keys all characters assigned to them do not exactly match the tabular data for computers. For example: *Cornus* species may have red or blue fruits and opposite or alternate leaves, but the single alternate-leaved *Cornus* does not have red fruits. Thus red fruit-color does not appear as an alternative character for it. Apparent contradictions in the numbering series of the random access keys also deserve explanation. If, for instance, numbers 2-9 are listed as shrubby, but 3 and 5 appear in the listing for vines, it means that those genera can be either shrubs or vines.

USING THE RANDOM ACCESS KEYS

If you plan to use the computer key from the disk provided, refer directly to Appendix 1 (p. 82) for instructions. If you are using the written keys, refer first to the chart on the inside, front cover (or on page 6) and determine the following three characters of the fruit to be identified: color, size and number of seeds. The chart will indicate one of the 36 random access keys to be consulted. Since fruits often vary in size and color, correct identifications may sometimes be made by using any one of several keys. Look down the whole list of choices and pick *any* character that agrees with the specimen, giving strong preference to any obvious character with a short list of numbers after it.

Method 1 - Jot down the list of numbers that follows the first choice. Each number corresponds to the name of a plant genus whose fruits have that trait.

Method 2 - Circle the list of numbers that follows the first choice on a prepared sheet of numbers. We find it easier and faster to use a page of prepared numbers. Page 97 provides sets of numbers from one to 128 representing the genera of fleshy-fruited plants. You may wish to use a Xerographic copying machine to make several copies of page 97 to use with the keys. This will allow you to circle and cross out numbers without writing in the book. Once your first key choice has been made, you will have written (method 1) or circled (method 2) a list of numbers with which to work. Choose another character that applies to your specimen and cross off any numbers that do not appear after your new choice. Continue in this way until only one or a few numbers remain. Refer to the list of plant names at the end of the key to find the genus name(s) to which the remaining number or numbers apply. Then consult the illustrations (appearing in numerical/alphabetical order), beginning on p. 50. Common names are listed under Genera of Plants with Fleshy Fruits (p. 77).

Fruits sometimes vary in features such as size, color, etc., and while most of these variations have been anticipated, there may be exceptions. If key characters fail to lead to a plant resembling the specimen in question, one may start over, checking to be sure the right random access key is used, or go to the sequential key. When several characters are available, delay using those about which there is some doubt until the obvious characters are depleted. If a plant exhibits two features listed as contrasting pairs in the key, both may be chosen (e.g. both lobed and unlobed leaves). One possible reason for failure to identify a fruit is that it came from a cultivated plant that does not occur in the wild, and is not covered by this bulletin.

Standardized, international, scientific names are used in the keys to avoid confusion. Most genera have several common names and some common names refer to more than one genus. Although common names are useful, care must be taken to refer to the scientific or Latin names when looking up plants in botanical publications. The name sumac, for instance, is used for both *Rhus* (harmless) and *Toxicodendron* (causing toxic skin irritation). Many books use *Rhus* to include both the harmless and poisonous species. The name huckleberry refers to *Gaylussacia* in some regions and to *Vaccinium* in others. The term cranberry is used for some species of *Vaccinium* and also for *Viburnum*, which are not even closely related. The elderberry genus (*Sambucus*) includes certain species with edible fruits and others reported to be poisonous.

For more detailed descriptions and information about possible harmful effects, we encourage the use of publications listed under "suggested references" (p. 80). This bulletin is intended to serve as a means of quick determination of fruit identities, and should be considered only a starting point from which to locate more complete information and reference sources.

RANDOM ACCESS KEYS TO PLANTS WITH FLESHY FRUITS

Match the fruit color with length and number of seeds to determine the proper key.

FRUITS	Less than 1 cm long with 1 seed	Less than 1 cm long with more than 1 seed	More than 1 cm long with 1 seed	More than 1 cm long with more than 1 seed
WHITE or GRAY	KEY 1	KEY 2	KEY 3	KEY 4
BROWN or TAN	KEY 5	KEY 6	KEY 7	KEY 8
YELLOW	KEY 9	KEY 10	KEY 11	KEY 12
ORANGE	KEY 13	KEY 14	KEY 15	KEY 16
RED or PINK	KEY 17	KEY 18	KEY 19	KEY 20
BLUE	KEY 21	KEY 22	KEY 23	KEY 24
PURPLE	KEY 25	KEY 26	KEY 27	KEY 28
GREEN	KEY 29	KEY 30	KEY 31	KEY 32
BLACK	KEY 33	KEY 34	KEY 35	KEY 36

KEY 1 White or light gray fruits less than 1 cm long with 1 seed

FRUITS Covered with thick, pale wax: 79
 Not covered with wax: 6 34 47 64 94 122

 With minute, silvery scales: 47
 Without silvery scales: 6 34 64 79 94 122

PLANTS Creeping or climbing: 64 122
 Not creeping or climbing: 6 34 47 64 79 94 122

 Growing on tree branches: 6 94
 Not growing on tree branches: 34 47 64 79 122

LEAVES Less than 0.5 cm wide: 6 64
 More than 0.5 cm wide: 34 47 79 94 122

 Opposite or whorled: 6 34 64 94 122
 Alternate: 47 79 122

 Simple: 6 34 47 64 79 94
 Compound: 122

 Densely scaly on under surface: 47
 Not densely scaly: 6 34 64 79 94 122

 With teeth: 79 122
 Without teeth: 6 34 47 64 79 94 122

 6 **Arceuthobium**

 34 **Cornus**

 47 **Elaeagnus**

 64 **Juniperus**

 79 **Myrica**

 94 **Phoradendron** (AMA p. 131)

 122 **Toxicodendron** (POISONOUS TO TOUCH! AMA pp. 188, 199)

KEY 2 White or light gray fruits less than 1 cm long with more than 1 seed

FRUITS	Dense cluster of fruitlets resembling a blackberry: 78 Not resembling a blackberry: 1 31 34 48 49 56 64 77 110 119
	With floral remnants at apex: 1 31 34 56 64 77 78 110 119 Without floral remnants at apex: 1 31 48 49 64 78
	With 2 seeds: 34 64 119 With 3-10 seeds: 1 31 48 56 64 77 110 With more than 10 seeds: 1 31 49 56 78
PLANTS	Woody: 34 48 49 56 64 78 110 119 Not woody: 1 31 56 77
	Creeping: 48 49 56 64 77 Not creeping: 1 31 34 48 64 78 110 119
LEAVES	Less than 1 cm long: 48 56 64 More than 1 cm long: 1 31 34 49 64 77 78 110 119
	Less than 0.5 cm wide: 48 56 64 More than 0.5 cm wide: 1 31 34 48 49 56 77 78 110 119
	Opposite: 1 34 64 77 110 119 Whorled or basal: 31 64 Alternate: 1 48 49 56 78
	Simple: 31 34 48 49 56 64 77 78 119 Compound: 1 110
	Lobed: 1 78 Not lobed: 1 31 34 48 49 56 64 77 78 110 119
	With teeth: 1 78 110 119 Without teeth: 31 34 48 49 56 64 77 119
	1 Actaea (AMA p. 21) 31 Clintonia (H&A p. 154) 34 Cornus 48 Empetrum 49 Epigaea 56 Gaultheria 64 Juniperus 77 Mitchella 78 Morus 110 Sambucus (AMA p. 147) 119 Symphoricarpos (AMA p. 165)

KEY 3 White or light gray fruits more than 1 cm long with 1 seed

FRUITS With silvery scales: 47
Without silvery scales: 64 122

PLANTS Creeping or climbing: 64 122
Not creeping or climbing: 47 64 122

LEAVES Less than 0.5 cm wide: 64
More than 0.5 cm wide: 47 122

Opposite or whorled: 64 122
Alternate: 47 122

Simple: 47 64
Compound: 122

Densely scaly on under surface: 47
Not densely scaly: 64 122

47 Elaeagnus

64 Juniperus

122 Toxicodendron (POISONOUS TO TOUCH! AMA pp. 188, 199)

KEY 4 White or light gray fruits more than 1 cm long with more than 1 seed

FRUITS Dense cluster of fruitlets resembling a blackberry: 78
Not resembling a blackberry: 1 31 64 98 123

With 2-10 seeds: 1 31 64 123

With more than 10 seeds: 1 31 78 98 123

PLANTS Woody: 64 78
Not woody: 1 31 98 123

Creeping: 64

Not creeping: 1 31 64 78 98 123

LEAVES Less than 0.5 cm wide: 64
More than 1 cm wide: 1 31 78 98 123

Opposite: 1 64 98

Whorled: 64 123

Basal: 31

Alternate: 1 78

Simple: 31 64 78 98 123

Compound: 1

Lobed: 1 78

Not lobed: 1 31 64 78 98 123

With teeth: 1 78 98

Without teeth: 31 64 123

1 *Actaea* (AMA p. 21)

31 *Clintonia* (H&A p. 154)

64 *Juniperus*

78 *Morus*

98 *Podophyllum* (AMA pp. 6, 136)

123 *Trillium*

KEY 5 Brown or tan fruits less than 1 cm long with 1 seed

FRUITS	With many fleshy projections: 97 Without fleshy projections: 26 36 52 91 106 128
	Asymmetrical, strongly curved: 36 Nearly symmetrical, not strongly curved: 26 52 91 97 106 128
PLANTS	Woody: 26 36 97 106 128 Not woody: 52 91
	Creeping or climbing: 52 Not creeping or climbing: 26 36 52 91 97 106 128
	With spines: 128 Without spines: 26 36 52 91 97 106
LEAVES	Opposite: 52 106 128 Whorled or basal: 91 Alternate: 26 36 52 97 106 128
	Simple: 26 36 52 91 97 Compound: 52 106 128
	With teeth: 26 97 106 128 Without teeth: 26 36 52 91 106 128
	26 Celtis 36 Cotinus (AMA p. 199) 52 Floerkea 91 Peltandra 97 Planera 106 Rhus 128 Zanthoxylum

KEY 6 Brown or tan fruits less than 1 cm long with more than 1 seed

FRUITS	With floral remnants at apex: 91 108 Without floral remnants at apex: 50 91 128
	With 2 seeds: 91 128 With more than 2 seeds: 50 91 108
PLANTS	Woody: 50 108 128 Not woody: 91
	With spines: 108 128 Without spines: 50 91 108
LEAVES	Opposite: 50 108 128 Whorled or basal: 91 Alternate: 108 128
	Simple: 50 91 Compound: 108 128
	With teeth: 50 108 128 Without teeth: 91 128
	50 Euonymus (AMA p. 79) 91 Peltandra 108 Rosa (AMA p. 194) 128 Zanthoxylum

KEY 7 Brown or tan fruits more than 1 cm long with 1 seed

FRUITS Less than 2 cm long: 26 74 91 103
 2-5 cm long: 11 63 103
 More than 5 cm long: 11

 With floral remnants at apex: 26 103
 Without floral remnants at apex: 11 26 63 74 91

PLANTS Woody: 11 26 63 74 103
 Not woody: 91

LEAVES Opposite: 63 74
 Whorled or basal: 91
 Alternate: 11 26 63 74 103

 Simple: 11 26 91 103
 Compound: 63 74

 With teeth: 26 63 74
 Without teeth: 11 26 91 103

11 *Asimina* (AMA p. 192)

26 *Celtis*

63 *Juglans* (AMA p. 193))

74 *Melia* (AMA p. 115)

91 *Peltandra*

103 *Pyrularia* (H&A p. 158)

KEY 8 Brown or tan fruits more than 1 cm long with more than 1 seed

FRUITS	Less than 2 cm long: 10 50 51 60 83 91 108 123
	2-3 cm long: 41 51 83 120 123
More than 3 cm long: 11 22 41 51 72 83 86 120 123	
PLANTS	With floral remnants at apex: 10 22 51 60 83 86 91 108 120
	Without floral remnants at apex: 11 41 50 72 83 91 120 123
LEAVES	With 2-10 seeds: 10 11 22 41 50 60 91 123
	With more than 10 seeds: 10 22 51 60 72 83 86 108 120 123
PLANTS	Woody: 11 22 41 50 51 72 108
	Not woody: 10 60 83 86 91 120 123
LEAVES	With spines: 86 108
	Without spines: 10 11 22 41 50 51 60 72 83 86 91 108 120 123
LEAVES	Growing in water: 83 91
	Not growing in water: 10 11 22 41 50 51 60 72 86 91 108 120 123
LEAVES	With a skunklike odor: 120
	Without skunklike odor: 10 11 22 41 50 51 60 72 83 86 91 108 123
LEAVES	Blades less than 15 cm long: 10 22 41 50 51 60 72 83 108 120 123
	Blades more than 15 cm long: 11 51 72 83 91 108 120
LEAVES	Opposite: 22 50 108
	Whorled: 123
LEAVES	Basal: 10 60 83 91 120
	Alternate: 11 41 51 72 108
LEAVES	Lobed: 10 51 60 72 83 91 120
	Not lobed: 10 11 22 41 50 60 72 83 91 108 120 123
10 Asarum	
11 Asimina (AMA p. 192)	
22 Calycanthus (AMA p. 47)	
41 Diospyros	
50 Euonymus (AMA p. 79)	
51 Ficus (AMA p. 198)	
60 Hexastylis	
72 Magnolia (AMA p. 194)	
83 Nymphaea	
86 Opuntia (AMA pp. 185, 196)	
91 Peltandra	
108 Rosa (AMA p. 194)	
120 Symplocarpus (AMA p. 166)	
123 Trillium	

KEY 9 Yellow fruits less than 1 cm long with 1 seed

FRUITS	With silvery scales: 47 113 Without silvery scales: 8 15 38 52 67 101 113 122 126
	With floral remnants at apex: 8 15 38 47 52 113 122 126 Without floral remnants at apex: 8 15 47 52 67 101 113 122
PLANTS	Woody: 15 38 47 67 101 113 122 126 Not woody: 8 52 122
	Creeping or climbing: 52 122 Not creeping or climbing: 8 15 38 47 52 67 101 113 122 126
	With spines: 15 38 101 113 Without spines: 8 47 52 67 101 113 122 126
LEAVES	Opposite: 8 52 113 122 126 Alternate: 8 15 38 47 52 67 101 122
	Simple: 15 38 47 52 67 101 113 126 Compound: 8 52 122
	Less than 5 per plant: 8 52 More than 5 per plant: 15 38 47 52 67 101 113 122 126
	Under surface covered with silvery or brownish scales: 47 113 Without silvery or brownish scales: 8 15 38 52 67 101 122 126
	Lobed: 8 38 52 122 126 Not lobed: 8 15 38 47 52 67 101 113 122 126
	With teeth: 15 38 101 122 126 Without teeth: 8 15 47 52 67 113 122 126
	8 Arisaema (AMA p. 33) 15 Berberis 38 Crataegus 47 Elaeagnus 52 Floerkea 67 Lindera 101 Prunus (AMA p. 138) 113 Shepherdia 122 Toxicodendron (POISONOUS TO TOUCH! AMA pp. 188, 199) 126 Viburnum

KEY 10 Yellow fruits less than 1 cm long with more than 1 seed

FRUITS	Enclosed in a papery husk: 65 95 116
	Not enclosed in a husk: 8 15 25 38 44 62 68 80 88 107 108 110 116 124 125
	With floral remnants at apex: 8 15 25 38 68 88 107 108 110 124 125
	Without floral remnants at apex: 8 15 25 44 62 65 68 80 88 95 116
	With 2-10 seeds: 8 15 25 38 44 62 68 80 88 110 124
	With more than 10 seeds: 65 95 107 108 116 125
PLANTS	Woody: 15 25 38 62 68 80 107 108 110 125
	Not woody: 8 44 65 88 95 116 124
	Creeping or climbing: 25 68 108
	Not creeping or climbing: 8 15 38 44 62 65 68 80 88 95 107 108 110 116 124 125
	With spines: 15 25 38 107 108 116
	Without spines: 8 25 44 62 65 68 80 88 95 107 108 110 116 124 125
LEAVES	Opposite: 8 68 95 108 110 124
	Whorled: 8 15 88 107
	Alternate: 8 15 25 38 44 62 65 80 95 107 108 116 125
	Simple: 15 25 38 44 62 65 68 80 95 107 116 124 125
	Compound: 8 88 108 110
	Lobed: 8 38 62 95 107 116 124
	Not lobed: 8 15 25 38 44 62 65 68 80 88 95 108 110 116 124 125
	With teeth: 15 25 38 62 80 88 95 107 108 110 116 125
	Without teeth: 8 15 44 62 65 68 80 95 116 124 125
	8 Arisaema (AMA p. 33) 15 Berberis 25 Celastrus (AMA p. 53) 38 Crataegus 44 Disporum 62 Ilex (AMA pp. 6, 97) 65 Leucophysalis (see <i>Physalis</i> (AMA p. 132)) 68 Lonicera (AMA p. 109) 80 Nemopanthus 88 Panax 95 Physalis (AMA p. 132) 107 Ribes 108 Rosa (AMA p. 194) 110 Sambucus (AMA p. 147) 116 Solanum (AMA pp. 10, 157, 158, 194, 195) 124 Triosteum 125 Vaccinium

KEY 11 Yellow fruits more than 1 cm long with 1 seed

FRUITS Less than 2 cm long: 8 15 18 38 47 74 81 101 103 111 122 126
More than 2 cm long: 11 101 103

About as long as wide: 8 38 47 74 101 103 111 122 126
Longer than wide: 11 15 18 47 81 103

With silvery scales: 47

Without silvery scales: 8 11 15 18 38 74 81 101 103 111 122 126

With floral remnants at apex: 8 15 18 38 47 81 103 122 126

Without floral remnants at apex: 8 11 15 47 74 101 111 122

PLANTS Woody: 11 15 18 38 47 74 81 101 103 111 122 126
Not woody: 8 122

Creeping or climbing: 122

Not creeping or climbing: 8 11 15 18 38 47 74 81 101 103 111 122 126

With spines: 15 38 101

Without spines: 8 11 18 47 74 81 101 103 111 122 126

LEAVES Opposite: 8 18 74 81 111 122 126
Alternate: 8 11 15 38 47 74 101 103 111 122

Simple: 11 15 18 38 47 81 101 103 126

Once compound: 8 111 122

Twice compound: 74

Lobed: 8 38 122 126

Not lobed: 8 11 15 18 38 47 74 81 101 103 111 122 126

With teeth: 15 38 74 101 122 126

Without teeth: 8 11 15 18 47 81 103 111 122 126

8 *Arisaema* (AMA p. 33)

11 *Asimina* (AMA p. 192)

15 *Berberis*

18 *Buckleya*

38 *Crataegus*

47 *Elaeagnus*

74 *Melia* (AMA p. 115)

81 *Nestronia*

101 *Prunus* (AMA p. 138)

103 *Pyrularia* (H&A p. 158)

111 *Sapindus* (H&A p. 158)

122 *Toxicodendron* (POISONOUS TO TOUCH! AMA pp. 188, 199)

126 *Viburnum*

KEY 12 Yellow fruits more than 1 cm long with more than 1 seed

FRUITS	Less than 2 cm long: 8 15 25 38 44 51 65 68 82 88 90 95 98 104 107 108 109 116 125
	More than 2 cm long: 2 11 22 27 39 41 51 70 82 90 95 98 104 108 109 120
	Dense cluster of fruitlets resembling a blackberry: 109
	Not resembling a blackberry: 2 8 11 15 22 25 27 38 39 41 44 51 65 68 70 82 88 90 95 98 104 107 108 116 120 125
	Enclosed in a papery husk: 65 82 95 116
	Not enclosed in a husk: 2 8 11 15 22 25 27 38 39 41 44 51 68 70 88 90 98 104 107 108 109 116 120 125
	With floral remnants at apex: 8 15 22 25 27 38 39 51 68 88 98 104 107 108 120 125
	Without floral remnants at apex: 2 8 11 15 25 41 44 65 68 70 82 88 90 95 98 109 116 120
	With 2-10 seeds: 2 8 11 15 22 25 38 41 44 68 88 104 109
	With more than 10 seeds: 22 27 39 51 65 70 82 90 95 98 107 108 109 116 120 125
PLANTS	Woody: 2 11 15 22 25 27 38 39 41 51 68 70 90 104 107 108 109 125
	Not woody: 8 44 65 82 88 90 95 98 109 116 120
	Creeping or climbing: 2 25 68 90 108
	Not creeping or climbing: 8 11 15 22 27 38 39 41 44 51 65 68 70 82 88 95 98 104 107 108 109 116 120 125
	With spines: 8 15 25 27 38 70 104 107 108 116
	Without spines: 2 8 11 22 25 27 39 41 44 51 65 68 82 88 90 95 98 104 107 108 109 116 120 125
LEAVES	Opposite: 8 22 68 95 98 108
	Whorled or basal: 2 8 15 88 107 120
	Alternate: 2 8 11 15 22 25 27 38 39 41 44 51 65 68 70 82 90 95 104 107 108 109 116 125
	Simple: 11 15 22 25 27 38 39 41 44 51 65 68 70 82 90 95 98 104 107 109 116 120 125
	Compound: 2 8 88 108
	Peltate: 98
	Not peltate: 2 8 11 15 22 25 27 38 39 41 44 51 65 68 70 82 88 90 95 98 104 107 108 109 116 120 125
	Lobed: 8 38 51 82 90 95 98 104 107 109 116
	Not lobed: 2 8 11 15 22 25 27 38 39 41 44 65 68 70 82 88 95 104 108 116 120 125
	With teeth: 15 25 27 38 39 82 88 90 95 98 104 107 108 109 116 125
	Without teeth: 2 8 11 15 22 41 44 51 65 68 70 90 95 116 120 125
2 Akebia	
8 Arisaema (AMA p. 33)	
11 Asimina (AMA p. 192)	
15 Berberis	
22 Calycanthus (AMA p. 47)	
25 Celastrus (AMA p. 53)	
27 Chaenomeles	
38 Crataegus	
39 Cydonia	
41 Diospyros	
44 Disporum	
51 Ficus (AMA p. 198)	
65 Leucophysalis (see Physalis, AMA p. 132),	
68 Lonicera (AMA p. 109)	
70 Maclura (AMA p. 194)	
82 Nicandra (H&A p. 140)	
88 Panax	
90 Passiflora	
95 Physalis (AMA p. 132)	
98 Podophyllum (AMA pp. 6, 136)	
104 Pyrus	
107 Ribes	
108 Rosa (AMA p. 194)	
109 Rubus	
116 Solanum (AMA pp. 10, 157, 158, 194, 195)	
120 Symplocarpus (AMA p. 166)	
125 Vaccinium	

KEY 13 Orange fruits less than 1 cm long with 1 seed

FRUITS With floral remnants at apex: 8 26 34 38 126
Without floral remnants at apex: 8 26 33

PLANTS Woody: 26 34 38 126
Not woody: 8 33 34

With spines: 38
Without spines: 8 26 33 34 126

LEAVES Opposite: 8 33 34 126
Whorled or basal: 8 33 34
Alternate: 8 26 33 38

Simple: 26 33 34 38 126
Compound: 8

With teeth: 26 38 126
Without teeth: 8 26 33 34 126

8 *Arisaema* (AMA p. 33)
26 *Celtis*
33 *Convallaria* (AMA pp. 6, 62)
34 *Cornus*
38 *Crataegus*
126 *Viburnum*

KEY 14 Orange fruits less than 1 cm long with more than 1 seed

FRUITS	Enclosed in a papery husk: 95 116 Not enclosed in a husk: 8 25 33 34 38 44 50 68 102 107 108 110 116 117 124
	With floral remnants at apex: 8 25 34 38 68 102 107 108 110 117 124 Without floral remnants at apex: 8 25 33 44 50 68 95 116
	With 2 seeds: 8 25 33 34 With 3-10 seeds: 25 33 38 44 50 68 102 110 117 124 With more than 10 seeds: 50 95 107 108 116
PLANTS	Woody: 25 38 50 68 102 107 108 110 117 Not woody: 8 33 34 44 95 116 124
	Creeping or climbing: 25 50 68 102 108 Not creeping or climbing: 8 33 34 38 44 50 68 95 102 107 108 110 116 117 124
	With spines: 25 38 102 107 108 116 Without spines: 8 25 33 34 44 50 68 95 102 107 108 110 116 117 124
LEAVES	Opposite: 8 33 34 50 68 95 108 110 117 124 Whorled or basal: 8 33 34 102 107 Alternate: 8 25 33 38 44 95 102 107 108 116 117
	Simple: 25 33 34 38 44 50 68 95 102 107 116 124 Compound: 8 108 110 117
	Attached at less than 5 nodes: 8 33 34 44 95 Attached at more than 5 nodes: 25 38 44 50 68 95 102 107 108 110 116 117 124
	Lobed: 8 38 95 102 107 116 124 Not lobed: 8 25 33 34 38 44 50 68 95 102 108 110 116 117 124
	With teeth: 25 38 50 95 102 107 108 110 116 117 Without teeth: 8 33 34 44 68 95 116 124
	8 Arisaema (AMA p. 33) 25 Celastrus (AMA p. 53) 33 Convallaria (AMA pp. 6, 62) 34 Cornus 38 Crataegus 44 Disporum 50 Euonymus (AMA p. 79) 68 Lonicera (AMA p. 109) 95 Physalis (AMA p. 132)
	102 Pyracantha 107 Ribes 108 Rosa (AMA p. 194) 110 Sambucus (AMA p. 147) 116 Solanum (AMA pp. 10, 157, 158, 194, 195) 117 Sorbus 124 Triosteum

KEY 15 Orange fruits more than 1 cm long with 1 seed

FRUITS With floral remnants at apex: 8 26 34 38 126
 Without floral remnants at apex: 8 26

PLANTS Woody: 26 34 38 126
 Not woody: 8 34

 With spines: 38
 Without spines: 8 26 34 126

LEAVES Opposite: 8 34 126
 Whorled or basal: 8 34
 Alternate: 8 26 38

 Simple: 26 34 38 126
 Compound: 8

 With teeth: 26 38 126
 Without teeth: 8 26 34 126

 8 *Arisaema* (AMA p. 33)
 26 *Celtis*
 34 *Cornus*
 38 *Crataegus*
 126 *Viburnum*

KEY 16 Orange fruits more than 1 cm long with more than 1 seed

FRUITS	1-2 cm long: 8 17 25 33 34 38 41 44 50 68 69 95 107 108 109 116 117 123
	2-5 cm long: 17 41 95 108 120 123
	More than 5 cm long: 70
	A compact group of fruitlets: 8 17 34 109 120
	Not a compact group of fruitlets: 8 25 33 34 38 41 44 50 68 69 70 95 107 108 116 117 123
	Enclosed in a papery husk: 95 116
	Not enclosed in a husk: 8 17 25 33 34 38 41 44 50 68 69 70 107 108 109 116 117 120 123
	With floral remnants at apex: 8 25 34 38 68 107 108 117 120
	Without floral remnants at apex: 8 17 25 33 41 44 50 68 69 70 95 109 116 120 123
	With 2-10 seeds: 8 25 33 34 38 41 44 50 68 109 117 123
	With more than 10 seeds: 17 50 69 70 95 107 108 109 116 120 123
PLANTS	Woody: 17 25 34 38 41 50 68 69 70 107 108 109 117
	Not woody: 8 33 34 44 95 109 116 120 123
	Creeping or climbing: 25 50 68 69 108
	Not creeping or climbing: 8 17 33 34 38 41 44 50 68 69 70 95 107 108 109 116 117 120 123
	With spines: 25 38 69 70 107 108 109 116
	Without spines: 8 17 25 33 34 41 44 50 68 69 70 95 108 109 116 117 120 123
	Opposite: 8 17 33 34 50 68 95 108 117
	Whorled: 8 17 34 69 107 123
	Basal: 33 120
	Alternate: 8 17 25 33 38 41 44 69 70 95 107 108 109 116 117
LEAVES	Simple: 17 25 33 34 38 41 44 50 68 69 70 95 107 109 116 120 123
	Compound with 3 leaflets: 8 108 109
	Compound with more than 3 leaflets: 8 108 109 117
	Less than 5 per plant: 8 33 44 109 120 123
	More than 5 per plant: 17 25 34 38 41 44 50 68 69 70 95 107 108 109 116 117
	Lobed: 8 17 38 95 107 109 116
	Not lobed: 8 17 25 33 34 38 41 44 50 68 69 70 95 108 109 116 117 120 123
	With teeth: 17 25 38 50 95 107 108 109 116 117
	Without teeth: 8 33 34 41 44 68 69 70 95 116 120 123

- | | | |
|---------------------------------------|---------------------------------|---|
| 8 <i>Arisaema</i> (AMA p. 33) | 44 <i>Disporum</i> | 108 <i>Rosa</i> (AMA p. 194) |
| 17 <i>Broussonetia</i> | 50 <i>Euonymus</i> (AMA p. 79) | 109 <i>Rubus</i> |
| 25 <i>Celastrus</i> (AMA p. 53) | 68 <i>Lonicera</i> (AMA p. 109) | 116 <i>Solanum</i> (AMA pp. 10, 157, 158, 194, 195) |
| 33 <i>Convallaria</i> (AMA pp. 6, 62) | 69 <i>Lycium</i> (AMA p. 110) | 117 <i>Sorbus</i> |
| 34 <i>Cornus</i> | 70 <i>Maclura</i> (AMA p. 194) | 120 <i>Symplocarpus</i> (AMA p. 166) |
| 38 <i>Crataegus</i> | 95 <i>Physalis</i> (AMA p. 132) | 123 <i>Trillium</i> |
| 41 <i>Diospyros</i> | 107 <i>Ribes</i> | |

KEY 17 Red or pink fruits less than 1 cm long with 1 seed

FRUITS	About as long as wide: 7 8 26 32 33 34 38 40 47 58 71 72 101 106 113 114 115 121 126 127 128
	Longer than wide: 8 15 26 34 36 43 47 58 67 72 121 128
	Asymmetrical, strongly curved: 36
	Nearly symmetrical, not curved: 7 8 15 26 32 33 34 38 40 43 47 58 67 71 72 101 106 113 114 115 121 126 127 128
	With stalks: 7 8 15 26 32 33 34 36 38 43 47 58 67 71 72 101 106 113 114 115 121 126 127 128
	Without stalks: 8 34 40 106 121
	With floral remnants at apex: 8 15 26 34 36 38 40 47 58 113 126
	Without floral remnants at apex: 7 8 15 26 32 33 36 40 43 47 67 71 72 101 106 113 114 115 121 127 128
	PLANTS
	Woody: 7 15 26 32 34 36 38 40 43 47 67 72 101 106 113 115 121 126 127 128
	Not woody: 8 33 34 58 71 114 115
	Creeping: 7 121
	Climbing: 32 115 127
	Not creeping or climbing: 8 15 26 33 34 36 38 40 43 47 58 67 71 72 101 106 113 114 121 126 128
	With tendrils: 115 127
	Without tendrils: 7 8 15 26 32 33 34 36 38 40 43 47 58 67 71 72 101 106 113 114 121 126 128
	With spines: 15 38 101 113 115 128
	Without spines: 7 8 26 32 33 34 36 40 43 47 58 67 71 72 101 106 113 114 115 121 126 127
	With spicy-aromatic odor when crushed: 67 106
	Without spicy-aromatic odor: 7 8 15 26 32 33 34 36 38 40 43 47 58 71 72 101 106 113 114 115 121 126 127 128
LEAVES	Less than 0.5 cm wide: 121
	More than 0.5 cm wide: 7 8 15 26 32 33 34 36 38 40 43 47 58 67 71 72 101 106 113 114 115 126 127 128
	Opposite: 8 33 34 106 113 121 126 128
	Whorled or basal: 8 15 33 34
	Alternate: 7 8 15 26 32 33 36 38 40 43 47 58 67 71 72 101 106 114 115 121 127 128
	Simple: 7 15 26 32 33 34 36 38 40 43 47 58 67 71 72 101 113 114 115 121 126 127
	Compound: 8 106 128

With 1-3 per plant: 8 33 71

With more than 3 per plant: 7 8 15 26 32 34 36 38 40 43 47 58 67 72 101 106
113 114 115 121 126 127 128

Densely scaly on under surface: 47 113

Not densely scaly: 7 8 15 26 32 33 34 36 38 40 43 58 67 71 72 101 106 114
115 121 126 127 128

Lobed: 8 38 72 106 126 127

Not lobed: 7 8 15 26 32 33 34 36 38 40 43 47 58 67 71 72 101 106 113 114 115
121 126 127 128

With teeth: 7 15 26 38 101 106 126 127 128

Without teeth: 7 8 15 26 32 33 34 36 40 43 47 58 67 71 72 106 113 114 115
121 126 128

7 Arctostaphylos

8 Arisaema (AMA p. 33)

15 Berberis

26 Celtis

32 Cocculus

33 Convallaria (AMA pp. 6, 62)

34 Cornus

36 Cotinus (AMA p. 199)

38 Crataegus

40 Daphne (AMA p. 68)

43 Dirca (AMA pp. 74, 198)

47 Elaeagnus

58 Geocaulon (H&A p. 155, under *Comandra*)

67 Lindera

71 Maianthemum (H&A p. 156)

72 Magnolia (AMA p. 194)

101 Prunus (AMA p. 138)

106 Rhus

113 Shepherdia

114 Smilacina

115 Smilax (H&A p. 158)

121 Taxus (AMA p. 167)

126 Viburnum

127 Vitis

128 Zanthoxylum

KEY 18 Red or pink fruits less than 1 cm long with more than 1 seed

FRUITS	Dense cluster of fruitlets resembling a blackberry: 78 109 Not resembling a blackberry: 1 3 7 8 9 12 15 20 21 25 28 33 34 37 38 44 45 48 50 54 56 61 62 68 71 77 80 85 88 95 96 102 105 107 108 110 114 115 116 117 118 119 124 125 127 128
	Enclosed in a husk: 95 116
	Not enclosed in a husk: 1 3 7 8 9 12 15 20 21 25 28 33 34 37 38 44 45 48 50 54 56 61 62 68 71 77 78 80 85 88 96 102 105 107 108 109 110 114 115 116 117 118 119 124 125 127 128
	With a stalk: 1 3 7 8 9 12 15 20 21 25 33 34 37 38 44 45 50 54 56 61 62 68 71 77 78 80 85 88 95 96 102 105 107 108 109 110 114 115 116 117 118 119 124 125 127 128
	Without a stalk: 8 20 21 28 34 48 85 119
	With 1 fruit or 1 compact cluster per plant: 8 20 34 44 61 88 109
	With more than 1 per plant: 1 3 7 8 9 12 15 21 25 28 33 34 37 38 44 45 48 50 54 56 62 68 71 77 78 80 85 88 95 96 102 105 107 108 109 110 114 115 116 117 118 119 124 125 127 128
	With wintergreen odor: 56
	Without wintergreen odor: 1 3 7 8 9 12 15 20 21 25 28 33 34 37 38 44 45 48 50 54 61 62 68 71 77 78 80 85 88 95 96 102 105 107 108 109 110 114 115 116 117 118 119 124 125 127 128
	With floral remnants at apex: 1 3 8 9 15 20 25 28 34 37 38 56 68 77 78 85 88 96 102 107 108 110 117 119 124 125
	Without floral remnants at apex: 1 7 8 12 15 20 21 25 28 33 44 45 48 50 54 61 62 68 71 78 80 88 95 96 105 109 114 115 116 118 127 128
PLANTS	With 2 seeds: 8 15 25 33 34 37 71 85 88 105 114 115 119 127 128
	With 3-10 seeds: 1 3 7 8 9 12 15 20 21 25 33 34 37 38 44 48 50 56 61 62 68 77 80 88 96 102 105 109 110 115 116 117 124 127
	With more than 10 seeds: 1 28 45 50 54 56 61 78 95 96 107 108 109 116 118 125
	Woody: 3 7 9 15 21 25 34 37 38 48 50 56 62 68 78 80 85 102 105 107 108 109 110 115 116 117 119 125 127 128
	Not woody: 1 8 12 20 28 33 34 44 45 54 56 61 71 77 88 95 96 109 114 115 116 117 118 124
	Creeping or climbing: 7 25 37 45 48 50 54 56 68 77 102 107 108 109 115 116 125 127
	Not creeping or climbing: 1 3 8 9 12 15 20 21 28 33 34 37 38 44 45 50 54 56 61 62 68 71 78 80 85 88 95 96 102 105 107 108 109 110 114 116 117 118 119 124 125 128
	With tendrils: 115 127
	Without tendrils: 1 3 7 8 9 12 15 20 21 25 28 33 34 37 38 44 45 48 50 54 56 61 62 68 71 77 78 80 85 88 95 96 102 105 107 108 109 110 114 116 117 118 119 124 125 128
	With spines: 15 25 37 38 85 102 107 108 109 115 116 128
	Without spines: 1 3 7 8 9 12 20 21 25 28 33 34 44 45 48 50 54 56 61 62 68 71 77 78 80 88 95 96 102 105 107 108 109 110 114 115 116 117 118 119 124 125 127

LEAVES	Opposite: 1 8 21 33 34 45 50 54 68 77 95 108 109 110 116 117 119 124 128 Whorled: 8 12 15 33 34 45 54 88 102 107 Basal: 20 33 45 54 61 Alternate: 1 3 7 8 9 15 25 28 33 37 38 44 45 48 56 61 62 71 78 80 85 95 96 102 105 107 108 109 114 115 116 117 118 125 127 128 Simple: 3 7 9 12 15 20 21 25 28 33 34 37 38 44 48 50 56 61 62 68 71 77 78 80 85 95 96 102 105 107 109 114 115 116 118 119 124 125 127 Compound with 3 leaflets: 8 45 54 88 108 109 116 Compound with 4-10 leaflets: 1 8 88 108 109 110 116 128 Compound with more than 10 leaflets: 1 8 108 110 117 128 1-3 per plant: 8 20 33 54 61 71 88 109 More than 3 per plant: 1 3 7 8 9 12 15 21 25 28 34 37 38 44 45 48 50 54 56 61 62 68 77 78 80 85 88 95 96 102 105 107 108 109 110 114 115 116 117 118 119 124 125 127 128 With stalks (petioles): 1 3 7 8 9 15 20 21 25 28 33 34 37 38 45 50 54 56 61 62 68 77 78 80 85 88 95 96 102 105 107 108 109 110 115 116 117 119 124 125 127 128 Without stalks: 7 8 12 15 33 34 44 45 48 50 54 56 61 68 71 88 95 108 109 110 114 115 116 117 118 124 125 128 With spines: 85 109 Without spines: 1 3 7 8 9 12 15 20 21 25 28 33 34 37 38 44 45 48 50 54 56 61 62 68 71 77 78 80 88 95 96 102 105 107 108 109 110 114 115 116 117 118 119 124 125 127 128 Lobed: 1 8 20 28 38 54 61 62 78 85 95 102 107 109 116 124 127 Not lobed: 1 3 7 8 9 12 15 20 21 25 28 33 34 37 38 44 45 48 50 54 56 62 68 71 77 78 80 88 95 96 102 105 108 109 110 114 115 116 117 118 119 124 125 127 128 With teeth: 1 3 9 15 21 25 28 38 45 50 54 56 61 62 78 80 85 88 95 102 105 107 108 109 110 116 117 119 125 127 128 Without teeth: 7 8 12 15 20 28 33 34 37 44 48 56 62 68 71 77 80 95 96 105 114 115 116 118 119 124 125 128
--------	--

1 <i>Actaea</i> (AMA p. 21)	38 <i>Crataegus</i>	80 <i>Nemopanthus</i>	115 <i>Smilax</i> (H&A p. 158)
3 <i>Amelanchier</i>	44 <i>Disporum</i>	85 <i>Oplopanax</i>	116 <i>Solanum</i> (AMA pp. 10, 157, 158, 194, 195)
7 <i>Arctostaphylos</i>	45 <i>Duchesnia</i>	88 <i>Panax</i>	117 <i>Sorbus</i>
8 <i>Arisaema</i> (AMA p. 33)	48 <i>Empetrum</i>	95 <i>Physalis</i> (AMA p. 132)	118 <i>Streptopus</i> (H&A p. 158)
9 <i>Aronia</i>	50 <i>Euonymus</i> (AMA p. 79)	96 <i>Phytolacca</i> (AMA pp. 6, 133)	119 <i>Symporicarpos</i> (AMA p. 165)
12 <i>Asparagus</i>	54 <i>Fragaria</i>	102 <i>Pyracantha</i>	124 <i>Triosteum</i>
15 <i>Berberis</i>	56 <i>Gaultheria</i>	105 <i>Rhamnus</i> (AMA p. 140)	125 <i>Vaccinium</i>
20 <i>Calla</i> (AMA pp. 43, 197)	61 <i>Hydrastis</i>	107 <i>Ribes</i>	127 <i>Vitis</i>
21 <i>Callicarpa</i>	62 <i>Ilex</i> (AMA pp. 6, 97)	108 <i>Rosa</i> (AMA p. 194)	128 <i>Zanthoxylum</i>
25 <i>Celastrus</i> (AMA p. 53)	68 <i>Lonicera</i> (AMA p. 109)	109 <i>Rubus</i>	
28 <i>Chenopodium</i>	71 <i>Maianthemum</i> (H&A p. 156)	110 <i>Sambucus</i> (AMA p. 147)	
33 <i>Convallaria</i> (AMA pp. 6, 62)	77 <i>Mitchella</i>	114 <i>Smilacina</i>	
34 <i>Cornus</i>	78 <i>Morus</i>		
37 <i>Cotoneaster</i>			

KEY 19 Red or pink fruits more than 1 cm long with 1 seed

FRUITS 1-2 cm long: 8 15 26 34 38 40 47 72 101 126 127
More than 2 cm long: 127

About as long as wide: 8 26 34 38 40 47 72 101 126 127
Longer than wide: 15 26 34 47 72 101

With stalks (pedicels): 8 15 26 34 38 47 72 101 126 127
Without stalks: 8 34 40

With floral remnants at apex: 8 15 26 34 38 40 47 126
Without floral remnants at apex: 8 15 26 40 47 72 101 127

PLANTS Woody: 15 26 34 38 40 47 72 101 126 127
Not woody: 8 34

Creeping or climbing: 127
Not creeping or climbing: 8 15 26 34 38 40 47 72 101 126

With spines: 15 38 101
Without spines: 8 26 34 40 47 72 101 126 127

LEAVES Opposite: 8 34 126
Whorled: 8 15 34
Alternate: 8 15 26 38 40 47 72 101 127

Simple: 15 26 34 38 40 47 72 101 126 127
Compound: 8

Densely scaly on under surface: 47
Not densely scaly: 8 15 26 34 38 40 72 101 126 127

Lobed: 8 38 72 126 127
Not lobed: 8 15 26 34 38 40 47 72 101 126 127

With teeth: 15 26 38 101 126 127
Without teeth: 8 15 26 34 40 47 72 126

8 *Arisaema* (AMA p. 33)

15 *Berberis*

26 *Celtis*

34 *Cornus*

38 *Crataegus*

40 *Daphne* (AMA p. 68)

47 *Elaeagnus*

72 *Magnolia* (AMA p. 194)

101 *Prunus* (AMA p. 138)

126 *Viburnum*

127 *Vitis*

KEY 20 Red or pink fruits more than 1 cm long with more than 1 seed

FRUITS	1-2 cm long: 1 3 8 15 17 20 25 33 34 38 44 45 50 54 61 68 69 78 88 95 96 98 104 107 108 109 116 117 118 123 125 127 More than 2 cm long: 17 22 35 41 54 61 72 78 86 95 98 104 108 109 123 127
	Dense cluster of fruitlets resembling a blackberry: 78 109 Not resembling a blackberry: 1 3 8 15 17 20 22 25 33 34 35 38 41 44 45 50 54 61 68 69 72 86 88 95 96 98 104 107 108 116 117 118 123 125 127
	Enclosed in a papery husk: 95 116 Not enclosed in a papery husk: 1 3 8 15 17 20 22 25 33 34 35 38 41 44 45 50 54 61 68 69 72 78 86 88 96 98 104 107 108 109 116 117 118 123 125 127
	With 1 fruit or 1 compact cluster per plant: 8 20 34 35 44 61 86 88 98 109 123 With more than 1 per plant: 1 3 8 15 17 22 25 33 34 35 38 41 44 45 50 54 68 69 72 78 86 88 95 96 104 107 108 109 116 117 118 125 127
	With floral remnants at apex: 1 3 8 15 20 22 25 34 35 38 68 78 86 88 96 98 104 107 108 117 125 Without floral remnants at apex: 1 8 15 17 20 25 33 41 44 45 50 54 61 68 69 72 78 86 88 95 96 98 109 116 118 123 127
	With 2-10 seeds: 1 3 8 15 20 22 25 33 34 38 41 44 50 61 68 88 96 104 109 116 117 123 127 With more than 10 seeds: 1 17 22 35 45 50 54 61 68 69 72 78 86 95 96 98 107 108 109 116 118 123 125
PLANTS	Woody: 3 15 17 22 25 34 38 41 50 68 69 72 78 104 107 108 109 116 117 125 127 Not woody: 1 8 20 33 34 35 44 45 54 61 86 88 95 96 98 109 116 118 123
	Creeping or climbing: 25 45 50 54 68 69 107 108 109 116 125 127 Not creeping or climbing: 1 3 8 15 17 20 22 33 34 35 38 41 44 45 50 54 61 68 69 72 78 86 88 95 96 98 104 107 108 109 116 117 118 123 125
	With tendrils: 127 Without tendrils: 1 3 8 15 17 20 22 25 33 34 35 38 41 44 45 50 54 61 68 69 72 78 86 88 95 96 98 104 107 108 109 116 117 118 123 125
	With spines: 15 25 35 38 69 86 104 107 108 109 116 Without spines: 1 3 8 17 20 22 25 33 34 41 44 45 50 54 61 68 69 72 78 88 95 96 98 104 107 108 109 116 117 118 123 125 127
LEAVES	Opposite: 1 8 17 22 33 34 45 50 54 68 95 98 108 109 116 117 Whorled: 8 15 17 33 34 45 54 69 88 107 123 Basal: 20 33 45 54 61 Alternate: 1 3 8 15 17 25 33 38 41 44 45 61 68 69 72 78 95 96 104 107 108 109 116 117 118 125 127

Simple: 3 15 17 20 22 25 33 34 38 41 44 50 61 68 69 72 78 95 96 98 104 107
109 116 118 123 125 127

Compound with 3 leaflets: 8 45 54 108 109 116

Compound with more than 3 leaflets: 1 8 88 108 109 116 117

1-3 per plant: 8 20 33 45 54 61 88 98 109 123

More than 3 per plant: 1 3 8 15 17 22 25 34 38 41 44 45 50 54 61 68 69
72 78 88 95 96 104 107 108 109 116 117 118 125 127

Peltate: 98

Not peltate: 1 3 8 15 17 20 22 25 33 34 35 38 41 44 45 50 54 61 68 69 72 78
86 88 95 96 98 104 107 108 109 116 117 118 123 125 127

With stalks (petioles): 1 3 8 15 17 20 22 25 33 34 38 41 45 50 54 61 68 69
72 78 88 95 96 98 104 107 108 109 116 117 123 125 127

Without stalks: 8 15 33 44 45 50 54 61 68 69 88 95 108 109 116 117 118 123 125

Lobed: 1 8 17 20 38 61 72 78 95 98 104 107 109 116 127

Not lobed: 1 3 8 15 17 20 22 25 33 34 38 41 44 45 50 54 68 69 72 78 88 95 96
104 108 109 116 117 118 123 125 127

With teeth: 1 3 15 17 25 38 45 50 54 61 78 88 95 98 104 107 108 109 116 117 125
127

Without teeth: 8 15 20 22 33 34 41 44 68 69 72 95 96 116 118 123 125

1 *Actaea* (AMA p. 21)

3 *Amelanchier*

8 *Arisaema* (AMA p. 33)

15 *Berberis*

17 *Broussonetia*

20 *Calla* (AMA pp. 43, 197)

22 *Calycanthus* (AMA p. 47)

25 *Celastrus* (AMA p. 53)

33 *Convallaria* (AMA pp. 6, 62)

34 *Cornus*

35 *Coryphantha*

38 *Crataegus*

41 *Diospyros*

44 *Disporum*

45 *Duchesnia*

50 *Euonymus* (AMA p. 79)

54 *Fragaria*

61 *Hydrastis*

68 *Lonicera* (AMA p. 109)

69 *Lycium* (AMA p. 110)

72 *Magnolia* (AMA p. 194)

78 *Morus*

86 *Opuntia* (AMA pp. 185, 196)

88 *Panax*

95 *Physalis* (AMA p. 132)

96 *Phytolacca* (AMA pp. 6, 133)

98 *Podophyllum* (AMA pp. 6, 136)

104 *Pyrus*

107 *Ribes*

108 *Rosa* (AMA p. 194)

109 *Rubus*

116 *Solanum* (AMA pp. 10, 157, 158, 194, 195)

117 *Sorbus*

118 *Streptopus* (H&A p. 158)

123 *Trillium*

125 *Vaccinium*

127 *Vitis*

KEY 21 Blue fruits less than 1 cm long with 1 seed

FRUITS	Spherical: 4 24 34 38 55 64 66 76 87 89 92 100 101 112 115 126 127 Oval or elliptic: 16 29 92 100 112 126 With floral remnants at apex: 16 34 38 55 64 126 Without floral remnants at apex: 4 16 24 29 55 64 66 76 87 89 92 100 101 112 115 127	
PLANTS	Woody: 4 16 29 34 38 64 66 76 87 89 92 101 112 115 126 127 Not woody: 24 55 100 115 Creeping or climbing: 4 16 55 64 76 89 100 115 127 Not creeping or climbing: 24 29 34 38 55 64 66 87 92 101 112 126 With tendrils: 4 89 115 127 Without tendrils: 4 16 24 29 34 38 55 64 66 76 87 92 100 101 112 126 With spines: 38 64 100 101 115 Without spines: 4 16 24 29 34 55 64 66 76 87 89 92 101 112 115 126 127	
LEAVES	Less than 0.5 cm wide: 55 64 More than 0.5 cm wide: 4 16 24 29 34 38 55 66 76 87 89 92 100 101 112 115 126 127 Opposite: 4 24 29 34 64 66 87 126 Whorled: 24 55 64 89 Alternate: 4 16 24 34 38 76 89 92 100 101 112 115 127 Simple: 4 16 29 34 38 55 64 66 76 87 92 100 101 112 115 126 127 Compound: 24 89 Peltate: 76 Not peltate: 4 16 24 29 34 38 55 64 66 87 89 92 100 101 112 115 126 127 Lobed: 4 24 38 76 100 112 126 127 Not lobed: 4 16 29 34 38 55 64 66 76 87 89 92 100 101 112 115 126 127 With teeth: 4 16 24 38 76 89 101 126 127 Without teeth: 16 29 34 55 64 66 76 87 92 100 112 115 126	
	4 Ampelopsis (H&A p. 153) 16 Berchemia (H&A p. 153) 24 Caulophyllum (AMA p. 52) 29 Chionanthus 34 Cornus 38 Crataegus 55 Galium 64 Juniperus 66 Ligustrum (AMA p. 107) 76 Menispermum (AMA pp. 10, 117)	87 Osmanthus 89 Parthenocissus (AMA p. 197, H&A p. 97) 92 Persea 100 Polygonum 101 Prunus (AMA p. 138) 112 Sassafras 115 Smilax (H&A p. 158) 126 Viburnum 127 Vitis

KEY 22 Blue fruits less than 1 cm long with more than 1 seed

FRUITS	With floral remnants at apex: 3 5 31 34 38 55 57 64 68 99 125	
	Without floral remnants at apex: 4 21 24 29 31 42 55 64 66 68 73 89 99 115 127	
	With 2 seeds: 4 24 29 34 55 64 66 89 115	
	With 3-10 seeds: 3 4 5 21 29 31 38 42 57 64 66 68 73 89 99 115 125 127	
PLANTS	With more than 10 seeds: 31 99 125	
	Woody: 3 4 21 29 34 38 57 64 66 68 89 115 125 127	
	Not woody: 5 24 31 42 55 73 99 115	
	Creeping or climbing: 4 55 64 68 89 115 127	
LEAVES	Not creeping or climbing: 3 5 21 24 29 31 34 38 42 55 57 64 66 68 73 99 125	
	With tendrils: 4 89 115 127	
	Without tendrils: 3 4 5 21 24 29 31 34 38 42 55 57 64 66 68 73 99 125	
	With spines: 5 38 64 115	
LEAVES	Without spines: 3 4 5 21 24 29 31 34 42 55 57 64 66 68 73 89 99 115 125 127	
	Less than 0.5 cm wide: 55 64	
	More than 0.5 cm wide: 3 4 5 21 24 29 31 34 38 42 55 57 66 68 73 89 99 115 125 127	
	Opposite: 4 5 21 24 29 34 64 66 68	
LEAVES	Whorled with 2 whorls: 5 73	
	Whorled with more than 2 whorls: 5 24 55 64 89	
	Basal: 5 31	
	Alternate: 3 4 5 24 34 38 42 57 89 99 115 125 127	
LEAVES	Simple: 3 4 21 29 31 34 38 42 55 57 64 66 68 73 99 115 125 127	
	Compound:	5 24 89
	Peltate: 42	
	Not peltate: 3 4 5 21 24 29 31 34 38 55 57 64 66 68 73 89 99 115 125 127	
LEAVES	Lobed: 4 24 38 42 127	
	Not lobed: 3 4 5 21 29 31 34 38 55 57 64 66 68 73 89 99 115 125 127	
	With teeth: 3 4 5 21 24 38 42 57 89 125 127	
	Without teeth: 29 31 34 55 57 64 66 68 73 99 115 125	
3 Amelanchier	38 Crataegus	89 Parthenocissus (AMA p. 197, H&A p. 97)
4 Ampelopsis (H&A p. 153)	42 Diphylleia (H&A p. 155)	99 Polygonatum (H&A p. 158)
5 Aralia	55 Galium	115 Smilax (H&A p. 158)
21 Callicarpa	57 Gaylussacia	125 Vaccinium
24 Caulophyllum (AMA p. 52)	64 Juniperus	127 Vitis
29 Chionanthus	66 Ligustrum (AMA p. 107)	
31 Clintonia (H&A p. 154)	68 Lonicera (AMA p. 109)	
34 Cornus	73 Medeola (H&A p. 156)	

KEY 23 Blue fruits more than 1 cm long with 1 seed

FRUITS	Spherical: 38 64 76 84 87 92 101 112 126 127 Oval or elliptic: 29 84 92 101 112 126 With floral remnants at apex: 38 64 84 126 Without floral remnants at apex: 29 64 76 87 92 101 112 127
PLANTS	Creeping or climbing: 64 76 127 Not creeping or climbing: 29 38 64 84 87 92 101 112 126 With tendrils: 127 Without tendrils: 29 38 64 76 84 87 92 101 112 126
	With spines: 38 64 101 Without spines: 29 64 76 84 87 92 101 112 126 127
LEAVES	Less than 0.5 cm wide: 64 More than 0.5 cm wide: 29 38 76 84 87 92 101 112 126 127 Opposite: 29 64 87 126 Whorled: 64 Alternate: 38 76 84 92 101 112 127 Peltate: 76 Not peltate: 29 38 64 84 87 92 101 112 126 127
	Lobed: 38 76 112 126 127 Not lobed: 29 38 64 76 84 87 92 101 112 126 127 With teeth: 38 76 84 101 126 127 Without teeth: 29 64 76 84 87 92 112 126
	29 Chionanthus 38 Crataegus 64 Juniperus 76 Menispermum (AMA pp. 10, 117) 84 Nyssa 87 Osmanthus 92 Persea 101 Prunus (AMA p. 138) 112 Sassafras 126 Viburnum 127 Vitis

KEY 24 Blue fruits more than 1 cm long with more than 1 seed

FRUITS	With floral remnants at apex: 3 31 38 57 64 68 99 125
	Without floral remnants at apex: 2 29 31 42 64 68 73 99 127
	With 2 seeds: 29 64 127
	With 3-10 seeds: 2 3 29 31 38 42 57 64 68 73 99 127
PLANTS	With more than 10 seeds: 31 99 125
	Woody: 2 3 29 38 57 64 68 125 127
	Not woody: 31 42 73 99
	Creeping or climbing: 2 64 68 127
	Not creeping or climbing: 3 29 31 38 42 57 64 68 73 99 125
	With tendrils: 127
	Without tendrils: 2 3 29 31 38 42 57 64 68 73 99 125
	With spines: 38 64
	Without spines: 2 3 29 31 42 57 64 68 73 99 125 127
	LEAVES
LEAVES	Less than 1 cm wide: 64
	More than 1 cm wide: 2 3 29 31 38 42 57 68 73 99 125 127
	Opposite: 29 64 68
	Whorled: 2 64 73
	Basal: 31
	Alternate: 2 3 38 42 57 99 125 127
	Simple: 3 29 31 38 42 57 64 68 73 99 125 127
	Compound: 2
	Peltate: 42
	Not peltate: 2 3 29 31 38 57 64 68 73 99 125 127
LEAVES	Lobed: 38 42 127
	Not lobed: 2 3 29 31 38 57 64 68 73 99 125 127
	With teeth: 3 38 42 57 125 127
	Without teeth: 2 29 31 57 64 68 73 99 125
	2 <i>Akebia</i>
	3 <i>Amelanchier</i>
	29 <i>Chionanthus</i>
	31 <i>Clintonia</i> (H&A p. 154)
	38 <i>Crataegus</i>
	42 <i>Diphylleia</i> (H&A p. 155)
LEAVES	57 <i>Gaylussacia</i>
	64 <i>Juniperus</i>
	68 <i>Lonicera</i> (AMA p. 109)
	73 <i>Medeola</i> (H&A p. 156)
LEAVES	99 <i>Polygonatum</i> (H&A p. 158)
	125 <i>Vaccinium</i>
	127 <i>Vitis</i>

KEY 25 Purple fruits less than 1 cm long with 1 seed

FRUITS	With floral remnants at apex: 26 38 52 55 64 126 Without floral remnants at apex: 7 24 26 29 52 55 64 76 87 92 100 101 112 114 127
PLANTS	Woody: 7 26 29 38 64 76 87 92 101 112 126 127 Not woody: 24 52 55 100 114
	Creeping or climbing: 7 52 55 64 76 100 101 127 Not creeping or climbing: 24 26 29 38 52 55 64 87 92 101 112 114 126
	With tendrils: 127 Without tendrils: 7 24 26 29 38 52 55 64 76 87 92 100 101 112 114 126
	With spines: 38 64 100 101 Without spines: 7 24 26 29 52 55 64 76 87 92 100 101 112 114 126 127
LEAVES	Less than 0.5 cm wide: 55 64 More than 0.5 cm wide: 7 24 26 29 38 52 55 76 87 92 100 101 112 114 126 127
	Opposite: 24 29 52 64 87 126 Whorled: 24 55 64 Alternate: 7 24 26 38 52 76 92 100 101 112 114 127
	Simple: 7 26 29 38 52 55 64 76 87 92 100 101 112 114 126 127 Compound: 24 52
	Peltate: 76 Not peltate: 7 24 26 29 38 52 55 64 87 92 100 101 112 114 126 127
	Lobed: 24 38 52 76 100 112 126 127 Not lobed: 7 26 29 38 52 55 64 76 87 92 100 101 112 114 126 127
	With teeth: 7 24 26 38 76 101 126 127 Without teeth: 7 26 29 52 55 64 76 87 92 100 112 114 126
	7 Arctostaphylos 24 Caulophyllum (AMA p. 52) 26 Celtis 29 Chionanthus 38 Crataegus 52 Floerkea 55 Galium 64 Juniperus 76 Menispermum (AMA pp. 10, 117) 87 Osmanthus 92 Persea 100 Polygonum
	101 Prunus (AMA p. 138) 112 Sassafras 114 Smilacina 126 Viburnum 127 Vitis

KEY 26 Purple fruits less than 1 cm long with more than 1 seed

FRUITS	Dense cluster of fruitlets resembling a blackberry: 78 109 Not resembling a blackberry: 3 5 7 9 21 24 29 31 38 48 50 55 64 68 73 95 96 107 110 114 116 119 125 127		
	Enclosed in a papery husk: 95 116 Not enclosed in a husk: 3 5 7 9 21 24 29 31 38 48 50 55 64 68 73 78 96 107 109 110 114 116 119 125 127		
	With floral remnants at apex: 3 5 9 31 38 55 64 68 78 96 107 110 119 125 Without floral remnants at apex: 7 21 24 29 31 48 50 55 64 68 73 78 95 96 109 114 116 127		
	With 2 seeds: 24 29 55 64 114 119 127 With 3-10 seeds: 3 5 7 9 21 29 31 38 48 50 64 68 73 96 109 110 127 With more than 10 seeds: 31 50 78 95 96 107 109 116 125		
	PLANTS		
	Woody: 3 5 7 9 21 29 38 48 50 64 68 78 107 109 110 119 125 127 Not woody: 5 24 31 55 73 95 96 114 116		
	Creeping or climbing: 7 48 50 55 64 68 109 127 Not creeping or climbing: 3 5 9 21 24 29 31 38 48 50 55 64 68 73 78 95 96 107 109 110 114 116 119 125		
	With tendrils: 127 Without tendrils: 3 5 7 9 21 24 29 31 38 48 50 55 64 68 73 78 95 96 107 109 110 114 116 119 125		
	With spines: 5 38 64 107 109 116 Without spines: 3 5 7 9 21 24 29 31 48 50 55 64 68 73 78 95 96 107 109 110 114 116 119 125 127		
	LEAVES		
	Opposite: 5 21 24 29 50 64 68 95 109 110 119 Whorled: 24 55 64 73 107 Basal: 5 31 Alternate: 3 5 7 9 24 38 48 78 95 96 107 109 114 116 125 127		
	Simple: 3 7 9 21 29 31 38 48 50 55 64 68 73 78 95 96 107 114 116 119 125 127 Compound: 5 24 109 110		
	Lobed: 24 38 78 95 107 109 116 127 Not lobed: 3 5 7 9 21 29 31 38 48 50 55 64 68 73 78 95 96 109 110 114 116 119 125 127		
	With teeth: 3 5 7 9 21 24 38 50 78 95 107 109 110 116 119 125 127 Without teeth: 7 29 31 48 55 64 68 73 95 96 114 116 119 125		
3 Amelanchier 5 Aralia 7 Arctostaphylos 9 Aronia 21 Callicarpa 24 Caulophyllum (AMA p. 52) 29 Chionanthus 31 Clintonia (H&A p. 154)	38 Crataegus 48 Empetrum 50 Euonymus (AMA p. 79) 55 Galium 64 Juniperus 68 Lonicera (AMA p. 109) 73 Medeola (H&A p. 156) 78 Morus	95 Physalis (AMA p. 132) 96 Phytolacca (AMA pp. 6, 133) 107 Ribes 109 Rubus 110 Sambucus (AMA p. 147) 114 Smilacina	116 Solanum (AMA pp. 10, 157, 158, 194, 195) 119 Symphoricarpos (AMA p. 165) 125 Vaccinium 127 Vitis

KEY 27 Purple fruits more than 1 cm long with 1 seed

FRUITS	1-2 cm long: 26 29 38 64 76 84 87 92 101 112 126 127 More than 2 cm long: 11 38 84 101 127 With floral remnants at apex: 26 38 64 84 126 Without floral remnants at apex: 11 26 29 64 76 87 92 101 112 127
PLANTS	Creeping or climbing: 64 76 101 127 Not creeping or climbing: 11 26 29 38 64 84 87 92 101 112 126 With tendrils: 127 Without tendrils: 11 26 29 38 64 76 84 87 92 101 112 126 With spines: 38 64 101 Without spines: 11 26 29 64 76 84 87 92 101 112 126 127
LEAVES	Opposite: 29 64 87 126 Alternate: 11 26 38 76 84 92 101 112 127 Peltate: 76 Not peltate: 11 26 29 38 64 84 87 92 101 112 126 127 Lobed: 38 76 112 126 127 Not lobed: 11 26 29 38 64 76 84 87 92 101 112 126 127 With teeth: 26 38 76 84 101 126 127 Without teeth: 11 26 29 64 76 84 87 92 112 126
	11 Asimina (AMA p. 192) 26 Celtis 29 Chionanthus 38 Crataegus 64 Juniperus 76 Menispermum (AMA pp. 10, 117) 84 Nyssa 87 Osmanthus 92 Persea 101 Prunus (AMA p. 138) 112 Sassafras 126 Viburnum 127 Vitis

KEY 28 Purple fruits more than 1 cm long with more than 1 seed

FRUITS	1-2 cm long: 3 10 29 31 38 50 51 60 64 68 73 78 90 95 96 107 109 116 123 125 127 More than 2 cm long: 2 11 22 35 38 41 51 78 86 90 95 109 120 123 127
	Dense cluster of fruitlets resembling a blackberry: 78 109 Not resembling a blackberry: 2 3 10 11 22 29 31 35 38 41 50 51 60 64 68 73 86 90 95 96 107 116 120 123 125 127
	Enclosed in a papery husk: 95 116 Not enclosed in a husk: 2 3 10 11 22 29 31 35 38 41 50 51 60 64 68 73 78 86 90 96 107 109 116 120 123 125 127
	With floral remnants at apex: 3 10 22 31 35 38 51 60 64 68 78 86 96 107 120 125 Without floral remnants at apex: 2 11 29 31 41 50 64 68 73 78 90 95 96 109 116 120 123 127
	With 2-10 seeds: 2 3 10 11 22 29 31 38 41 50 60 64 68 73 96 123 127 With more than 10 seeds: 10 22 31 35 50 51 60 78 86 90 95 96 107 109 116 120 123 125
PLANTS	Woody: 2 3 11 22 29 38 41 50 51 64 68 78 90 107 109 125 127 Not woody: 10 31 35 60 73 86 90 95 96 116 120 123
	Creeping or climbing: 2 10 50 60 64 68 90 109 120 123 127 Not creeping or climbing: 3 10 11 22 29 31 35 38 41 50 51 60 64 68 73 78 86 95 96 107 109 116 120 123 125
	With tendrils: 90 127 Without tendrils: 2 3 10 11 22 29 31 35 38 41 50 51 60 64 68 73 78 86 95 96 107 109 116 120 123 125
	With spines: 35 38 64 86 107 109 116 Without spines: 2 3 10 11 22 29 31 41 50 51 60 64 68 73 78 90 95 96 107 116 120 123 125 127
LEAVES	Less than 0.5 cm wide: 64 More than 0.5 cm wide: 2 3 10 11 22 29 31 38 41 50 51 60 68 73 78 90 95 96 107 109 116 120 123 125 127
	Opposite: 22 29 50 64 68 95 109 Whorled with 1 whorl per plant: 123 Whorled with 2 whorls per plant: 73 Whorled with more than 2 whorls per plant: 2 64 107 Basal: 10 31 60 120 Alternate: 2 3 11 38 41 51 78 90 95 96 107 109 116 125 127
	Simple: 3 10 11 22 29 31 38 41 50 51 60 64 68 73 78 90 95 96 107 116 120 123 125 127 Compound: 2 109

Lobed: 10 38 51 60 78 90 95 107 109 116 127
Not lobed: 2 3 10 11 22 29 31 38 41 50 60 64 68 73 78 95 96 109 116 120 123
125 127

With teeth: 3 38 50 78 90 95 107 109 116 125 127

Without teeth: 2 10 11 22 29 31 41 51 60 64 68 73 90 95 96 116 120 123 125

2 Akebia

3 Amelanchier

10 Asarum

11 Asimina (AMA p. 192)

22 Calycanthus (AMA p. 47)

29 Chionanthus

31 Clintonia (H&A p. 154)

35 Coryphantha

38 Crataegus

41 Diospyros

50 Euonymus (AMA p. 79)

51 Ficus (AMA p. 198)

60 Hexastylis

64 Juniperus

68 Lonicera (AMA p. 109)

73 Medeola (H&A p. 156)

78 Morus

86 Opuntia (AMA pp. 185, 196)

90 Passiflora

95 Physalis (AMA p. 132)

96 Phytolacca (AMA pp. 6, 133)

107 Ribes

109 Rubus

116 Solanum (AMA pp. 10, 157, 158, 194, 195)

120 Symplocarpus (AMA p. 166)

123 Trillium

125 Vaccinium

127 Vitis

KEY 29 Green fruits less than 1 cm long with 1 seed

FRUITS	With floral remnants at apex: 91 97 122 Without floral remnants at apex: 43 71 91 97 114 115 121 122
PLANTS	Woody: 43 97 115 121 122 Not woody: 71 91 114 115 122
	Creeping or climbing: 115 121 122 Not creeping or climbing: 43 71 91 97 114 121 122
	With tendrils: 115 Without tendrils: 43 71 91 97 114 121 122
	With spines: 115 Without spines: 43 71 91 97 114 115 121 122
LEAVES	Less than 0.5 cm wide: 121 More than 0.5 cm wide: 43 71 91 97 114 115 122
	Opposite or basal: 91 121 122 Alternate: 43 71 97 114 115 121 122
	Simple: 43 71 91 97 114 115 121 Compound: 122
	One to three per plant: 71 91 More than three per plant: 43 91 97 114 115 121 122
	Lobed: 91 122 Not lobed: 43 71 91 97 114 115 121 122
	With teeth: 97 122 Without teeth: 43 71 91 114 115 121 122
	43 Dirca (AMA pp. 74, 198) 71 Maianthemum (H&A p. 156) 91 Peltandra 97 Planera 114 Smilacina 115 Smilax (H&A p. 158) 121 Taxus (AMA p. 167) 122 Toxicodendron (POISONOUS TO TOUCH! AMA pp. 188, 199)

KEY 30 Green fruits less than 1 cm long with more than 1 seed

FRUITS	Dense cluster of fruitlets resembling a blackberry: 78 Not resembling a blackberry: 71 75 91 95 96 107 110 114 115 116 125
	Enclosed in a papery husk: 95 116 Not enclosed in a husk: 71 75 78 91 96 107 110 114 115 116 125
	With floral remnants at apex: 75 78 91 96 107 110 125 Without floral remnants at apex: 71 78 91 95 96 114 115 116
	With 2-10 seeds: 71 91 96 110 114 115 116 With more than 10 seeds: 75 78 95 96 107 116 125
	PLANTS
	Woody: 78 107 110 115 116 125 Not woody: 71 75 91 95 96 114 115 116
	Creeping or climbing: 75 115 116 125 Not creeping or climbing: 71 78 91 95 96 107 110 114 116 125
	With tendrils: 75 115 Without tendrils: 71 78 91 95 96 107 110 114 116 125
	With spines: 107 115 116 Without spines: 71 75 78 91 95 96 107 110 114 115 116 125
	LEAVES
	Opposite: 95 110 116 Whorled or basal: 91 107 Alternate: 71 75 78 95 96 107 114 115 116 125
	Simple: 71 75 78 91 95 96 107 114 115 116 125 Compound: 110 116
	One to three per plant: 71 91 More than 3 per plant: 75 78 91 95 96 107 110 114 115 116 125
	Lobed: 75 78 91 95 107 116 Not lobed: 71 78 91 95 96 110 114 115 116 125
	With teeth: 75 78 95 107 110 116 125 Without teeth: 71 91 95 96 114 115 116 125
	71 Maianthemum (H&A p. 156) 75 Melothria 78 Morus 91 Peltandra 95 Physalis (AMA p. 132) 96 Phytolacca (AMA pp. 6, 133) 107 Ribes 110 Sambucus (AMA p. 147) 114 Smilacina
	115 Smilax (H&A p. 158) 116 Solanum (AMA pp. 10, 157, 158, 194, 195) 125 Vaccinium

KEY 31 Green fruits more than 1 cm long with 1 seed

FRUITS 1-3 cm long: 18 74 81 91 103 122

More than 3 cm long: 11 63

Spherical or oval; about as long as wide: 63 74 91 103 122

Elliptic; longer than wide: 11 18 81 91 103

With floral remnants at apex: 18 81 91 103 122

Without floral remnants at apex: 11 63 74 91 122

PLANTS Woody: 11 18 63 74 81 103 122

Not woody: 91 122

Creeping or climbing: 122

Not creeping or climbing: 11 18 63 74 81 91 103 122

LEAVES Opposite or basal: 18 63 74 81 91 122

Alternate: 11 63 74 103 122

Simple: 11 18 81 91 103

Once compound: 63 122

Twice compound: 74

Lobed: 91 122

Not lobed: 11 18 63 74 81 91 103 122

With teeth: 63 74 122

Without teeth: 11 18 81 91 103 122

11 Asimina (AMA p. 192)

18 Buckleya

63 Juglans (AMA p. 193))

74 Melia (AMA p. 115)

81 Nestronia

91 Peltandra

103 Pyrularia (H&A p. 158)

122 Toxicodendron (POISONOUS TO TOUCH! AMA pp. 188, 199)

KEY 32 Green fruits more than 1 cm long with more than 1 seed

FRUITS	1-2 cm long: 38 51 75 78 82 83 90 91 95 96 98 104 107 116 125 More than 2 cm long: 11 35 46 51 70 72 78 82 83 86 90 95 98 104 120
	Flattened, wider than long: 96 Spherical, about as long as wide: 35 38 46 51 70 82 83 86 91 95 98 104 107 116 120 125 Ovoid or ellipsoid, longer than wide: 11 35 46 51 72 75 78 83 86 90 91 104 120
	Enclosed in a papery husk: 82 95 116 Not enclosed in a husk: 11 35 38 46 51 70 72 75 78 83 86 90 91 96 98 104 107 116 120 125
	With soft prickles: 46 107 Without prickles: 11 35 38 51 70 72 75 78 82 83 86 90 91 95 96 98 104 107 116 120 125
	With floral remnants at apex: 35 38 46 51 75 78 83 86 91 96 98 104 107 120 125 Without floral remnants at apex: 11 46 70 72 78 82 83 90 91 95 96 98 116 120
	With 2-10 seeds: 11 38 46 91 96 104 116 With more than 10 seeds: 35 51 70 72 75 78 82 83 86 90 95 96 98 107 116 120 125
PLANTS	Woody: 11 38 51 70 72 78 90 104 107 116 125 Not woody: 35 46 75 82 83 86 90 91 95 96 98 116 120
	Creeping or climbing: 46 75 90 116 125 Not creeping or climbing: 11 35 38 51 70 72 78 82 83 86 91 95 96 98 104 107 116 120 125
	With tendrils: 46 75 90 Without tendrils: 11 35 38 51 70 72 78 82 83 86 90 91 95 96 98 104 107 116 120 125
	With spines: 35 38 46 70 86 104 107 116 Without spines: 11 46 51 72 75 78 82 83 90 91 95 96 98 104 107 116 120 125
	Growing in water: 83 91 125 Not growing in water: 11 35 38 46 51 70 72 75 78 82 86 90 91 95 96 98 104 107 116 120 125
	With a skunklike odor: 120 Without a skunklike odor: 11 35 38 46 51 70 72 75 78 82 83 86 90 91 95 96 98 104 107 116 125
LEAVES	Opposite: 95 98 116 Whorled or basal: 83 91 107 120 Alternate: 11 38 46 51 70 72 75 78 82 90 95 96 104 107 116 125

Simple: 11 38 46 51 70 72 75 78 82 83 90 91 95 96 98 104 107 116 120 125

Compound: 116

Peltate: 98

Not peltate: 11 38 46 51 70 72 75 78 82 83 90 91 95 96 98 104 107 116 120 125

Lobed: 38 46 51 72 75 78 82 83 90 91 95 98 104 107 116

Not lobed: 11 70 72 78 82 83 91 95 96 104 116 120 125

With teeth: 38 46 75 78 82 90 95 98 104 107 116 125

Without teeth: 11 51 70 72 83 90 91 95 96 116 120 125

11 *Asimina* (AMA p. 192)

35 *Coryphantha*

38 *Crataegus*

46 *Echinocystis*

51 *Ficus* (AMA p. 198)

70 *Maclura* (AMA p. 194)

72 *Magnolia* (AMA p. 194)

75 *Melothria*

78 *Morus*

82 *Nicandra* (H&A p. 140)

83 *Nymphaea*

86 *Opuntia* (AMA pp. 185, 196)

90 *Passiflora*

91 *Peltandra*

95 *Physalis* (AMA p. 132)

96 *Phytolacca* (AMA pp. 6, 133)

98 *Podophyllum* (AMA pp. 6, 136)

104 *Pyrus*

107 *Ribes*

116 *Solanum* (AMA pp. 10, 157, 158, 194, 195)

120 *Symplocarpus* (AMA p. 166)

125 *Vaccinium*

KEY 33 Black fruits less than 1 cm long with 1 seed

FRUITS	With floral remnants at apex: 16 26 38 55 64 126 Without floral remnants at apex: 4 7 16 19 26 30 55 64 66 76 89 92 101 112 114 115 127
PLANTS	Woody: 4 7 16 19 26 30 38 64 66 76 89 92 101 112 115 126 127 Not woody: 55 114 115 Creeping or climbing: 4 7 16 30 55 64 76 89 101 115 127 Not creeping or climbing: 19 26 38 55 64 66 92 101 112 114 126 With tendrils: 4 30 89 115 127 Without tendrils: 4 7 16 19 26 38 55 64 66 76 92 101 112 114 126 With spines: 19 38 64 101 115 Without spines: 4 7 16 19 26 30 55 64 66 76 89 92 101 112 114 115 126 127
LEAVES	Less than 0.5 cm wide: 55 64 More than 0.5 cm wide: 4 7 16 19 26 30 38 55 66 76 89 92 101 112 114 115 126 127 Opposite: 4 30 64 66 126 Whorled: 19 55 64 89 Alternate: 4 7 16 19 26 30 38 76 89 92 101 112 114 115 127 Simple: 7 16 19 26 30 38 55 64 66 76 92 101 112 114 115 126 127 Compound with 3 leaflets: 30 Compound with 5-7 leaflets: 89 Compound with more than 7 leaflets: 4 Peltate: 76 Not peltate: 4 7 16 19 26 30 38 55 64 66 89 92 101 112 114 115 126 127 Lobed: 4 30 38 76 112 126 127 Not lobed: 4 7 16 19 26 30 38 55 64 66 76 89 92 101 112 114 115 126 127 With teeth: 4 7 16 26 30 38 76 89 101 126 127 Without teeth: 7 16 19 26 55 64 66 76 92 112 114 115 126

4 *Ampelopsis* (H&A p. 153)
7 *Arctostaphylos*
16 *Berchemia* (H&A p. 153)
19 *Bumelia*
26 *Celtis*
30 *Cissus*
38 *Crataegus*
55 *Galium*
64 *Juniperus*
66 *Ligustrum* (AMA p. 107)

76 *Menispermum* (AMA pp. 10, 117)
89 *Parthenocissus* (AMA p. 197, H&A p. 97)
92 *Persea*
101 *Prunus* (AMA p. 138)
112 *Sassafras*
114 *Smilacina*
115 *Smilax* (H&A p. 158)
126 *Viburnum*
127 *Vitis*

KEY 34 Black fruits less than 1 cm long with more than 1 seed

FRUITS	Dense cluster of fruitlets resembling a blackberry: 78 109 Not resembling a blackberry: 3 4 5 7 9 30 31 38 48 55 57 59 62 64 66 68 73 75 89 96 99 105 107 110 114 115 116 125 127
	With floral remnants at apex: 3 5 9 31 38 55 57 59 64 68 73 75 78 96 99 107 110 125
	Without floral remnants at apex: 4 7 30 31 48 55 62 64 66 68 73 78 89 96 99 105 109 114 115 116 127
	With 2-10 seeds: 3 4 5 7 9 30 31 38 48 55 57 59 62 64 66 68 73 89 96 99 105 110 114 115 127
	With more than 10 seeds: 31 75 78 96 99 107 109 116 125
PLANTS	Woody: 3 4 5 7 9 30 38 48 55 59 62 64 66 68 78 89 105 107 109 110 115 125 127 Not woody: 5 31 55 73 75 96 99 110 114 115 116
	Creeping or climbing: 4 7 30 48 55 59 64 68 75 89 107 109 115 127 Not creeping or climbing: 3 5 9 31 38 55 57 62 64 66 68 73 78 96 99 105 107 109 110 114 116 125
	With tendrils: 4 30 75 89 115 127
	Without tendrils: 3 4 5 7 9 31 38 48 55 57 59 62 64 66 68 73 78 96 99 105 107 109 110 114 116 125
	With spines: 5 38 64 105 107 109 115 116 Without spines: 3 4 5 7 9 30 31 48 55 57 59 62 64 66 68 73 75 78 89 96 99 105 107 110 114 115 116 125 127
LEAVES	Less than 0.5 cm wide: 48 55 64 More than 0.5 cm wide: 3 4 5 7 9 30 31 38 55 57 59 62 66 68 73 75 78 89 96 99 105 107 109 110 114 115 116 125 127
	Opposite: 4 5 30 64 66 68 105 109 110
	Whorled: 5 55 64 73 89 107
	Basal: 31
	Alternate: 3 4 5 7 9 30 38 48 57 59 62 75 78 89 96 99 107 109 114 115 116 125 127
	Simple: 3 7 9 30 31 38 48 55 57 59 62 64 66 68 73 75 78 96 99 105 107 114 115 116 125 127
	Compound with 3 leaflets: 30 89 109
	Compound with 5-7 leaflets: 89 109 110
	Compound with more than 7 leaflets: 4 5 110
	With parallel venation: 5 31 48 64 73 99 114 115
	With net venation: 3 4 5 7 9 30 38 48 55 57 59 62 66 68 73 75 78 89 96 105 107 109 110 115 116 125 127

Lobed: 4 30 38 59 62 75 78 107 109 116 127

Not lobed: 3 4 5 7 9 30 31 38 48 55 57 59 62 64 66 68 73 78 89 96 99 105 109
110 114 115 116 125 127

With teeth: 3 4 5 7 9 30 38 57 62 73 75 78 89 105 107 109 110 116 125 127

Without teeth: 7 31 48 55 57 59 62 64 66 68 73 96 99 105 114 115 116 125

3 Amelanchier

4 Ampelopsis (H&A p. 153)

5 Aralia

7 Arctostaphylos

9 Aronia

30 Cissus

31 Clintonia (H&A p. 154)

38 Crataegus

48 Empetrum

55 Galium

57 Gaylussacia

59 Hedera (AMA pp. 87, 192)

62 Ilex (AMA pp. 6, 97)

64 Juniperus

66 Ligustrum (AMA p. 107)

68 Lonicera (AMA p. 109)

73 Medeola (H&A p. 156)

75 Melothria

78 Morus

89 Parthenocissus (AMA p. 197, H&A p. 97)

96 Phytolacca (AMA pp. 6, 133)

99 Polygonatum (H&A p. 158)

105 Rhamnus (AMA p. 140)

107 Ribes

109 Rubus

110 Sambucus (AMA p. 147)

114 Smilacina

115 Smilax (H&A p. 158)

116 Solanum (AMA pp. 10, 157, 158, 194, 195)

125 Vaccinium

127 Vitis

KEY 35 Black fruits more than 1 cm long with 1 seed

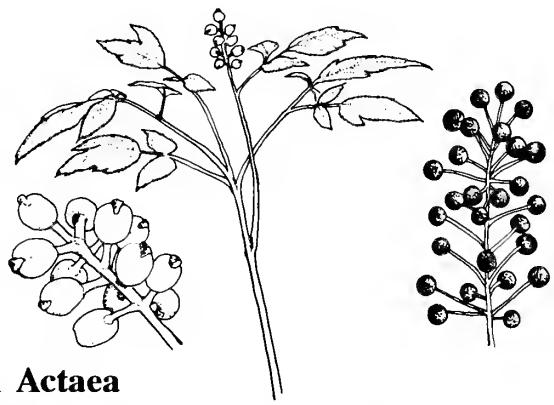
FRUITS	1-2 cm long: 19 23 26 38 53 64 76 84 92 101 112 126 127
	More than 2 cm long: 23 63 84 101 127
	About as long as wide: 19 23 26 38 63 64 76 84 92 101 112 126 127 Longer than wide: 53 84 92 101 112 126
PLANTS	With floral remnants at apex: 26 38 64 84 126 Without floral remnants at apex: 19 23 26 53 63 64 76 92 101 112 127
	Creeping or climbing: 23 64 76 101 127 Not creeping or climbing: 19 26 38 53 63 64 84 92 101 112 126
	With tendrils: 127 Without tendrils: 19 23 26 38 53 63 64 76 84 92 101 112 126
LEAVES	With spines: 19 38 64 101 Without spines: 19 23 26 53 63 64 76 84 92 101 112 126 127
	Less than 0.5 cm wide: 64 More than 0.5 cm wide: 19 23 26 38 53 63 76 84 92 101 112 126 127
	Opposite: 53 63 64 126 Whorled: 19 64 Alternate: 19 23 26 38 63 76 84 92 101 112 127
LEAVES	Simple: 19 23 26 38 53 64 76 84 92 101 112 126 127 Compound: 63
	Lobed: 23 38 76 112 126 127 Not lobed: 19 26 38 53 63 64 76 84 92 101 112 126 127
	With teeth: 26 38 53 63 76 84 101 126 127 Without teeth: 19 23 26 53 64 76 84 92 112 126
19 <i>Bumelia</i>	
23 <i>Calycocarpum</i>	
26 <i>Celtis</i>	
38 <i>Crataegus</i>	
53 <i>Forestiera</i> (H&A p. 155)	
63 <i>Juglans</i> (AMA p. 193))	
64 <i>Juniperus</i>	
76 <i>Menispermum</i> (AMA pp. 10, 117)	
84 <i>Nyssa</i>	
92 <i>Persea</i>	
101 <i>Prunus</i> (AMA p. 138)	
112 <i>Sassafras</i>	
126 <i>Viburnum</i>	
127 <i>Vitis</i>	

KEY 36 Black fruits more than 1 cm long with more than 1 seed

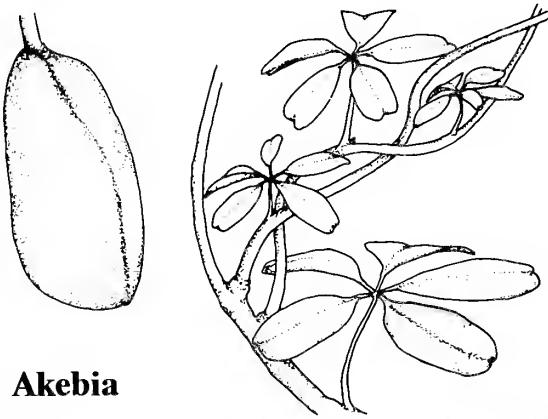
FRUITS	1-2 cm long: 3 13 31 38 57 64 68 73 75 78 90 93 96 99 107 109 116 125 127	
	More than 2 cm long: 14 38 78 90 109 127	
	Dense cluster of fruitlets resembling a blackberry: 14 78 109	
	Not resembling a blackberry: 3 13 14 31 38 57 64 68 73 75 90 93 96 99 107 116 125 127	
	With floral remnants at apex: 3 31 38 57 64 68 75 78 96 99 107 125	
	Without floral remnants at apex: 13 14 31 64 68 73 78 90 93 96 99 109 116 127	
	With 2-10 seeds: 3 31 38 57 64 68 73 93 96 99 127	
	With more than 10 seeds: 13 14 31 75 78 90 96 99 107 109 116 125	
PLANTS	Woody: 3 38 57 64 68 78 90 93 107 109 125 127	
	Not woody: 13 14 31 73 75 90 96 99 116	
	Creeping or climbing: 64 68 75 90 107 109 127	
	Not creeping or climbing: 3 13 14 31 38 57 64 68 73 78 93 96 99 107 109 116 125	
	With tendrils: 75 90 127	
	Without tendrils: 3 13 14 31 38 57 64 68 73 78 93 96 99 107 109 116 125	
	With spines: 38 64 107 109 116	
	Without spines: 3 13 14 31 57 64 68 73 75 78 90 93 96 99 107 109 116 125 127	
LEAVES	Less than 0.5 cm wide: 64	
	More than 0.5 cm wide: 3 13 14 31 38 57 68 73 75 78 90 93 96 99 107 109 116 125 127	
	Opposite: 13 64 68 93 109	
	Whorled: 13 64 73 107	
	Basal: 31	
	Alternate: 3 13 14 38 57 75 78 90 96 99 107 109 116 125 127	
	Simple: 3 13 14 31 38 57 64 68 73 75 78 90 96 99 107 116 125 127	
	Compound: 93 109	
	With major veins parallel: 14 31 64 73 99	
	With net venation: 3 13 38 57 68 73 75 78 90 93 96 107 109 116 125 127	
	Lobed: 38 75 78 90 107 116 127	
	Not lobed: 3 13 14 31 38 57 64 68 73 78 93 96 99 109 116 125 127	
	With teeth: 3 38 57 75 78 90 107 109 116 125 127	
	Without teeth: 13 14 31 57 64 68 73 90 93 96 99 116 125	
3 Amelanchier	73 Medeola (H&A p. 156)	107 Ribes
13 Atropa (AMA p. 36)	75 Melothria	109 Rubus
14 Belamcanda (H&A p. 153)	78 Morus	116 Solanum (AMA pp. 10, 157, 158, 194, 195)
31 Clintonia (H&A p. 154)	90 Passiflora	125 Vaccinium
38 Crataegus	93 Phellodendron	127 Vitis
57 Gaylussacia	96 Phytolacca (AMA pp. 6, 133)	
64 Juniperus	99 Polygonatum (H&A p. 158)	
68 Lonicera (AMA p. 109)		

ILLUSTRATIONS

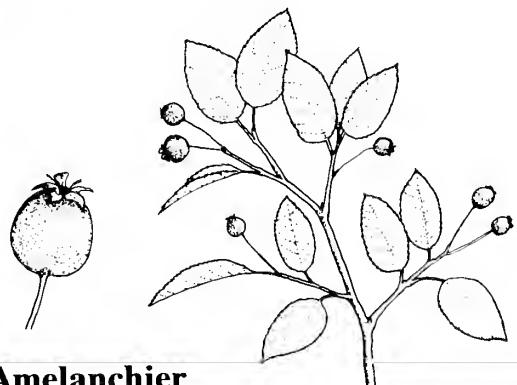




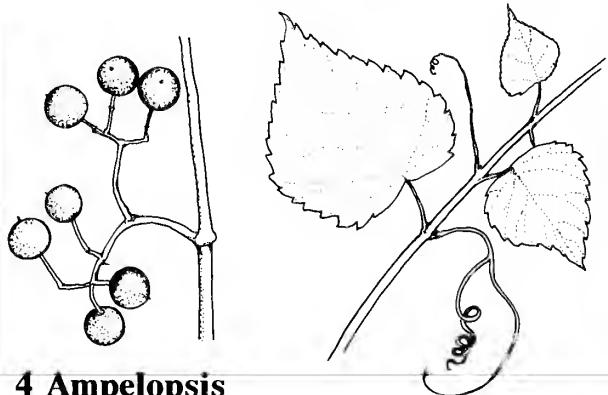
1 Actaea



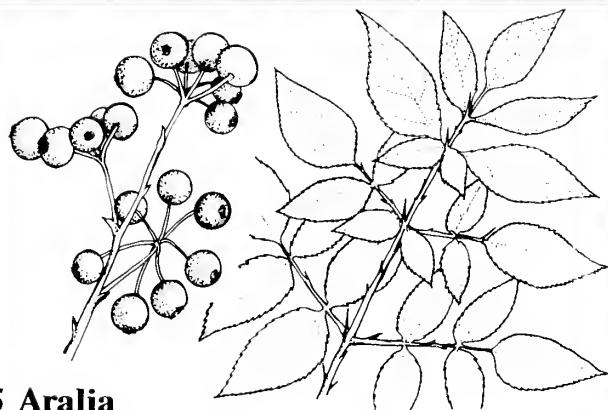
2 Akebia



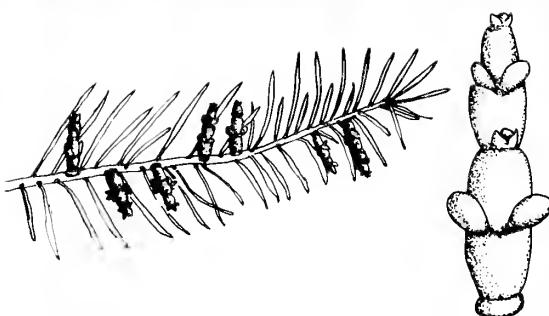
3 Amelanchier



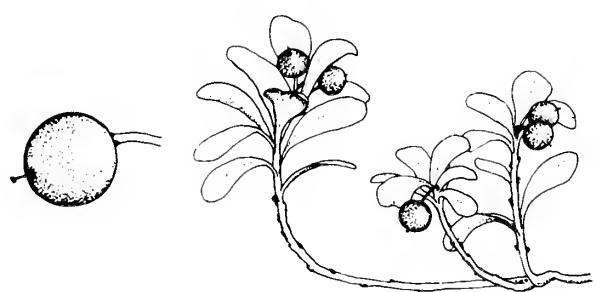
4 Ampelopsis



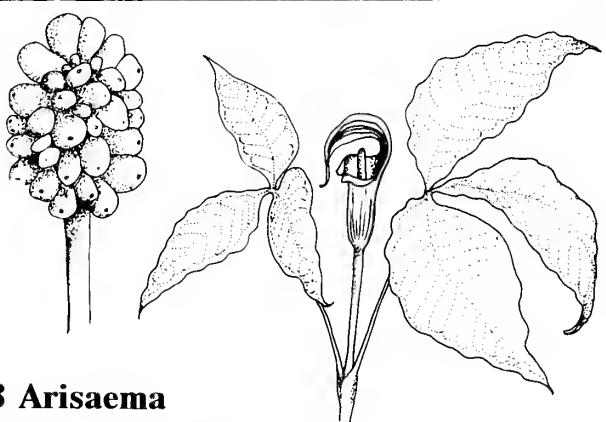
5 Aralia



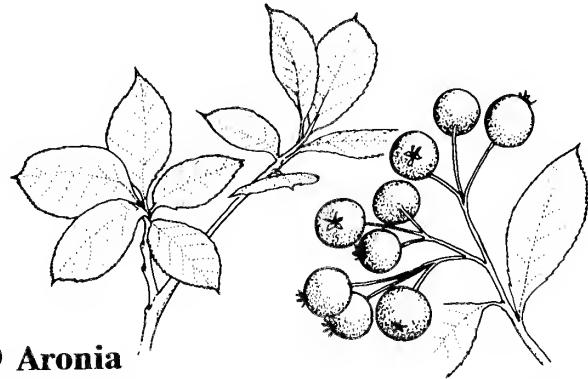
6 Arceuthobium



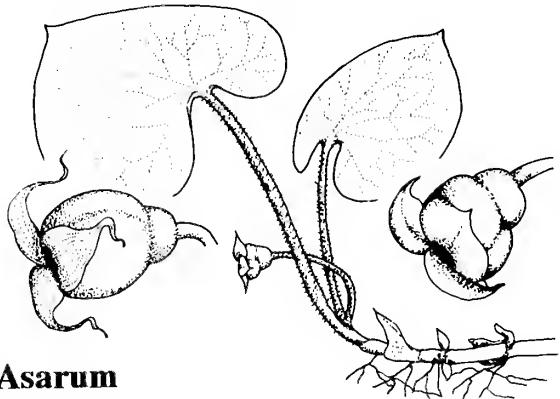
7 Arctostaphylos



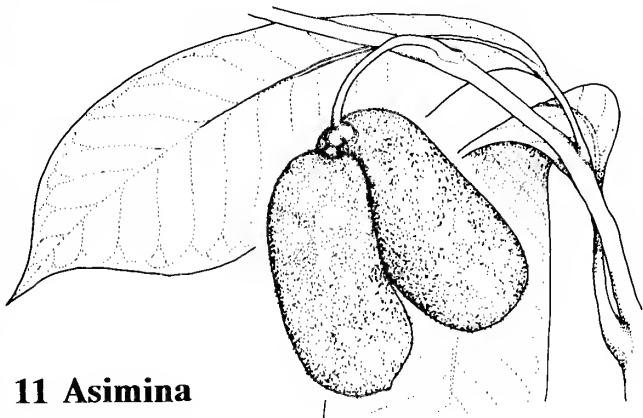
8 Arisaema



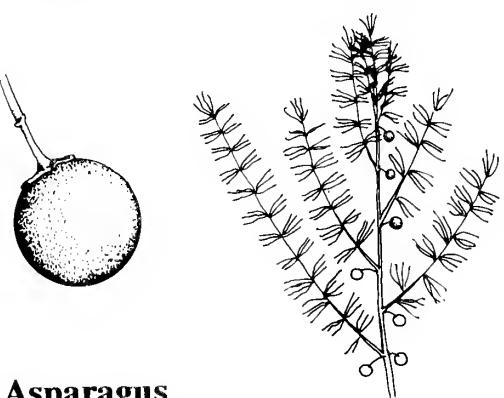
9 Aronia



10 Asarum



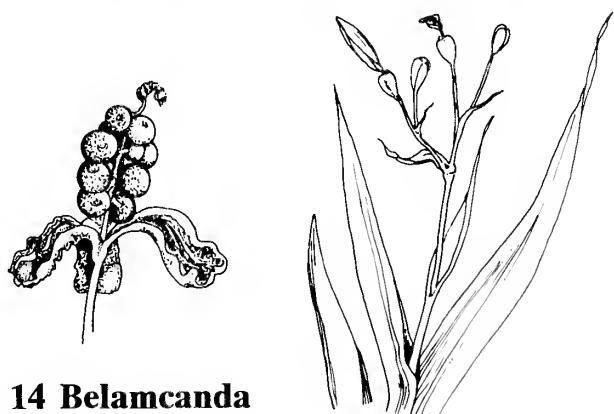
11 Asimina



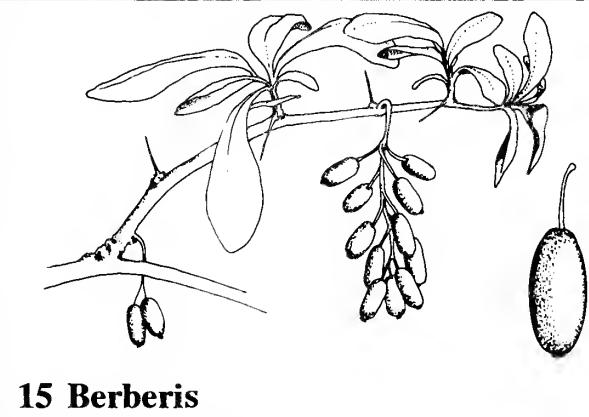
12 Asparagus



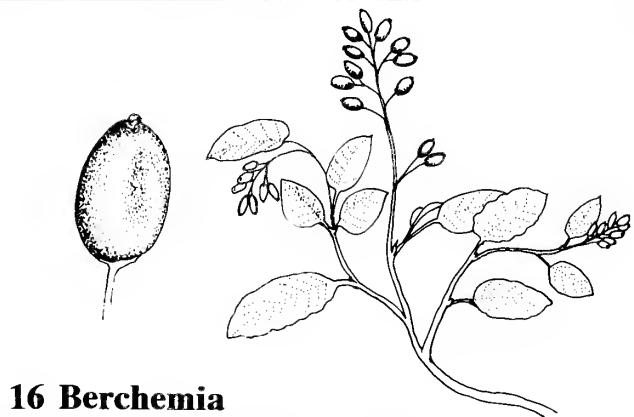
13 Atropa



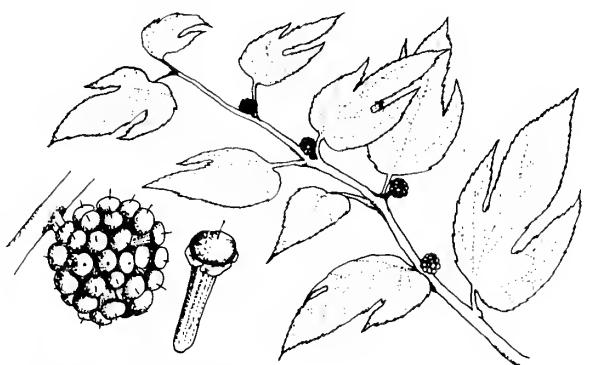
14 Belamcanda



15 Berberis



16 Berchemia



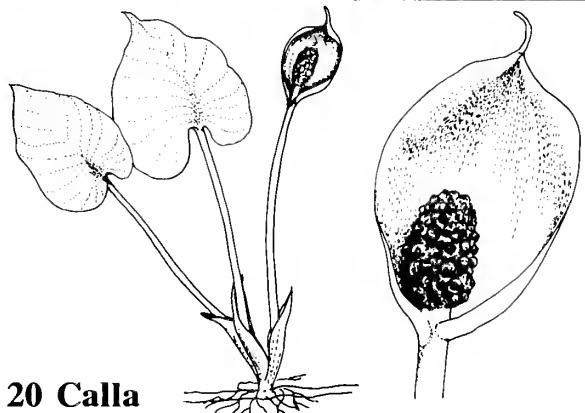
17 Broussonetia



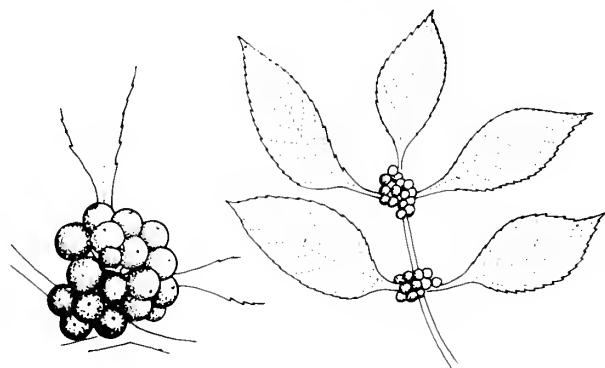
18 Buckleya



19 Bumelia



20 Calla



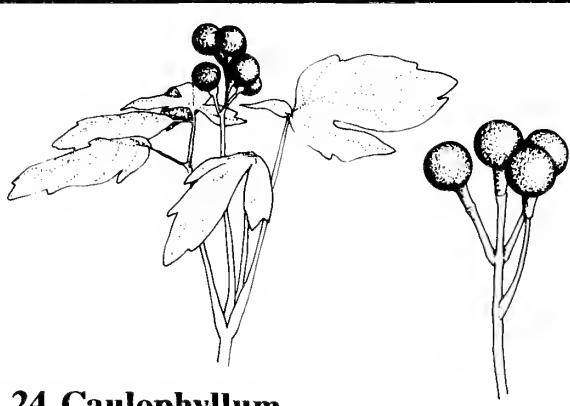
21 Callicarpa



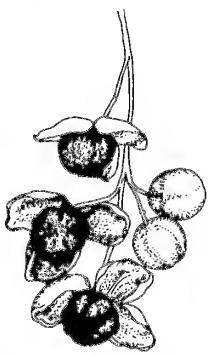
22 Calycanthus



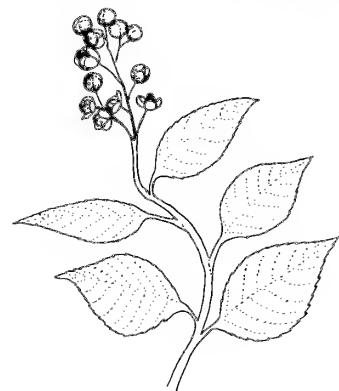
23 Calycocarpum



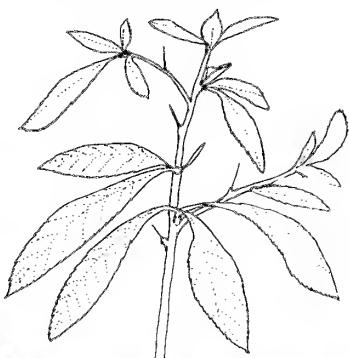
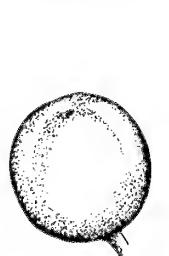
24 Caulophyllum



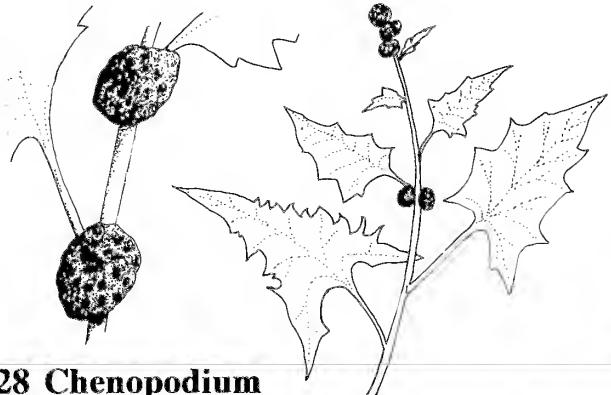
25 Celastrus



26 Celtis



27 Chaenomeles



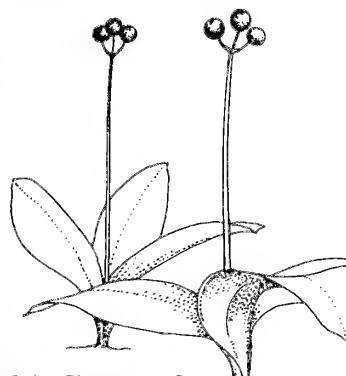
28 Chenopodium



29 Chionanthus



30 Cissus



31 Clintonia



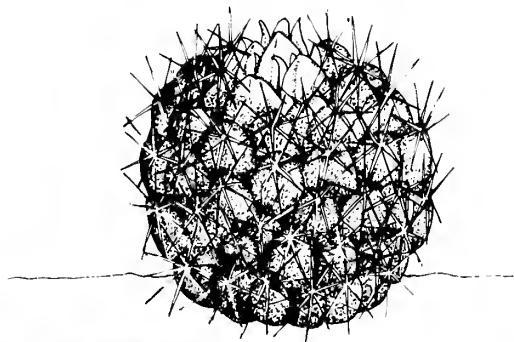
32 Cocculus



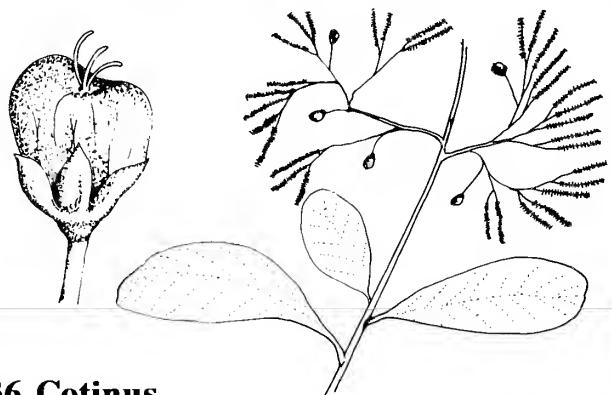
33 Convallaria



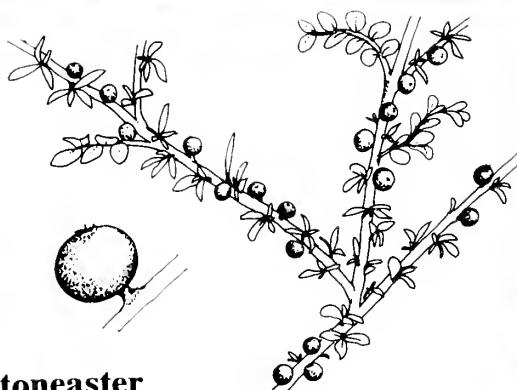
34 Cornus



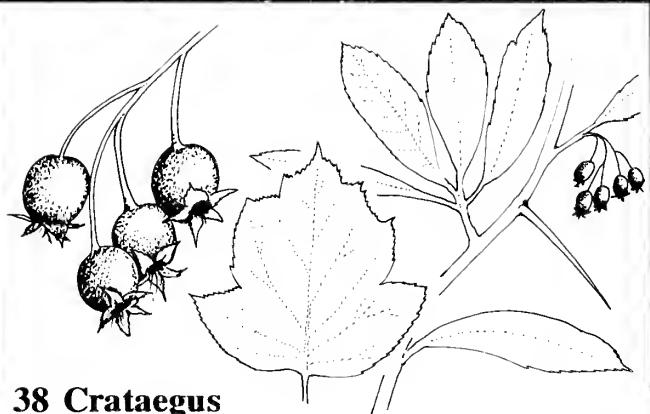
35 Coryphantha



36 Cotinus



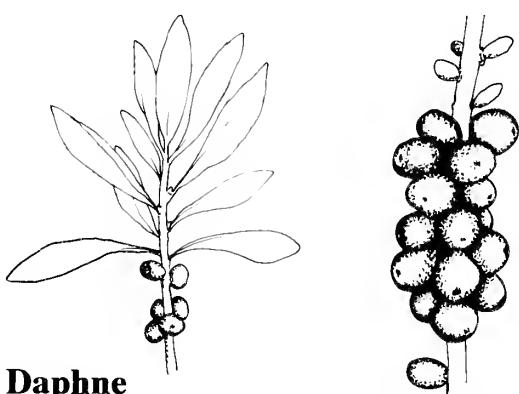
37 Cotoneaster



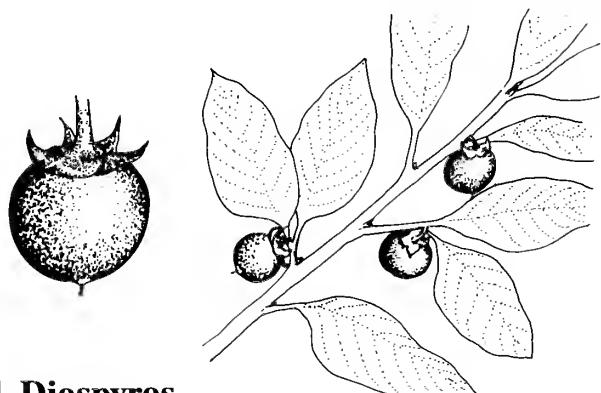
38 Crataegus



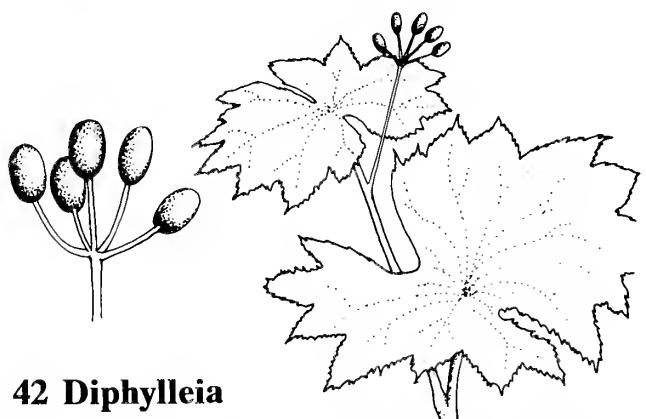
39 Cydonia



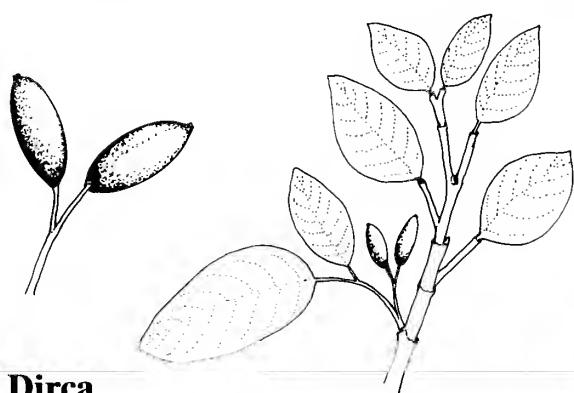
40 Daphne



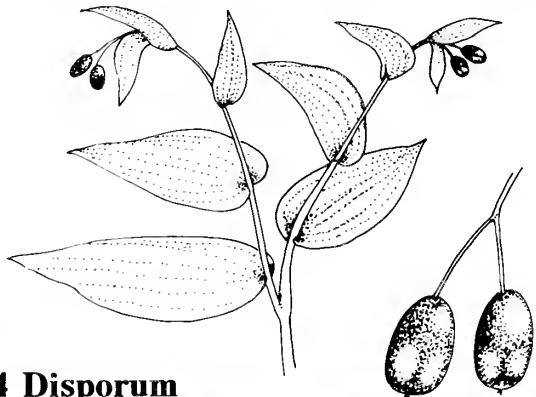
41 *Diospyros*



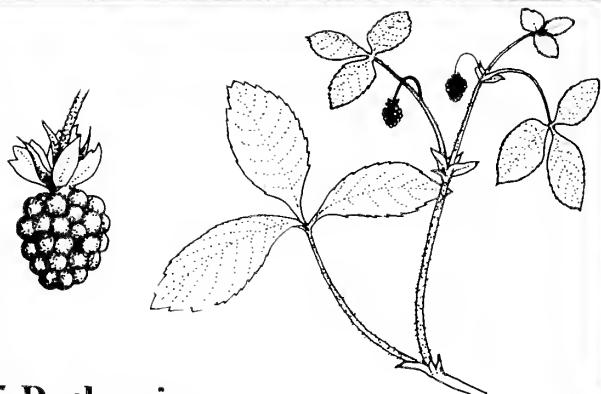
42 *Diphylla*



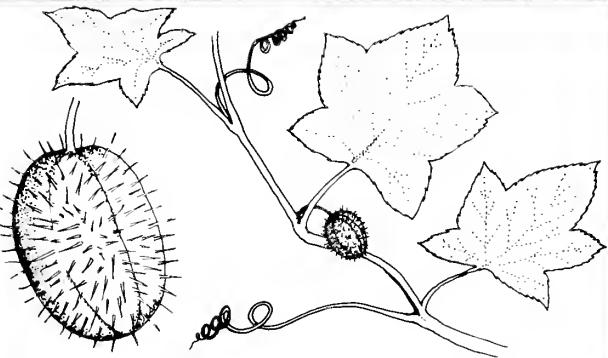
43 *Dirca*



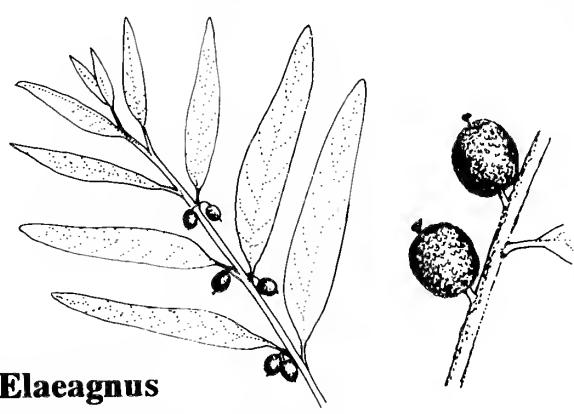
44 *Disporum*



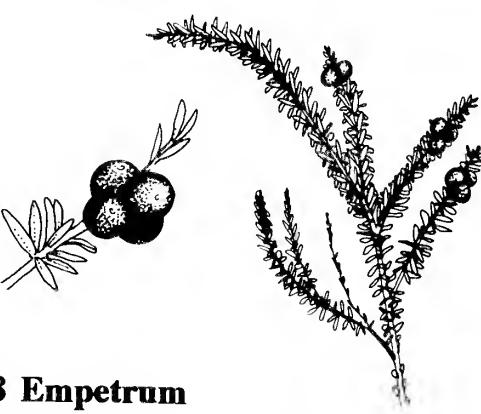
45 *Duchesnia*



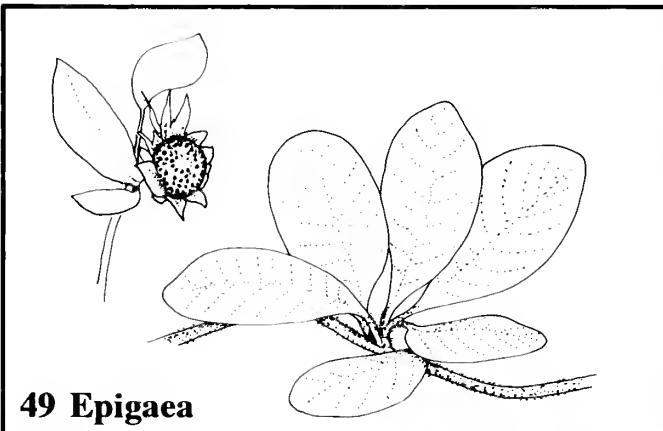
46 *Echinocystis*



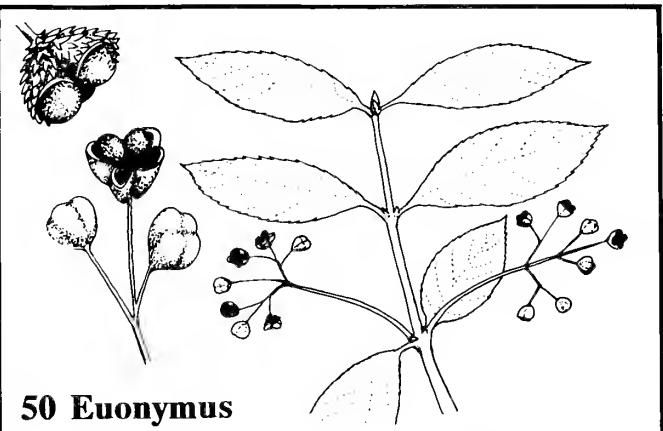
47 *Elaeagnus*



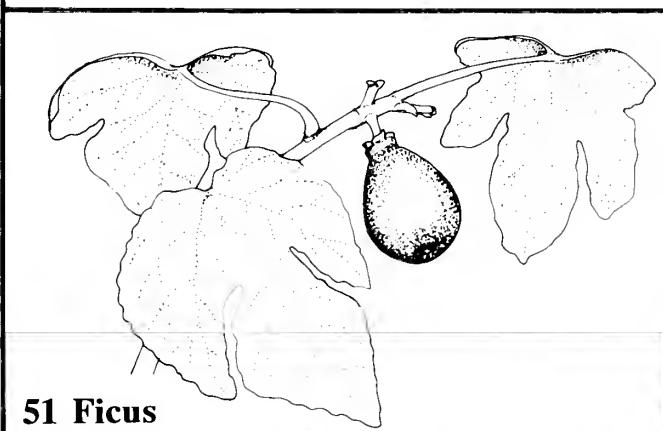
48 *Empetrum*



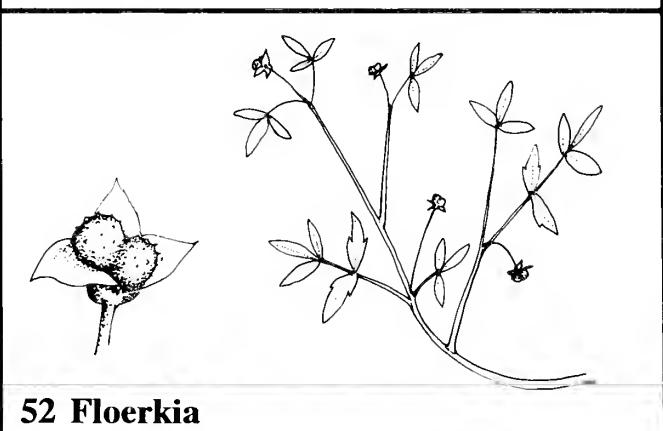
49 *Epigaea*



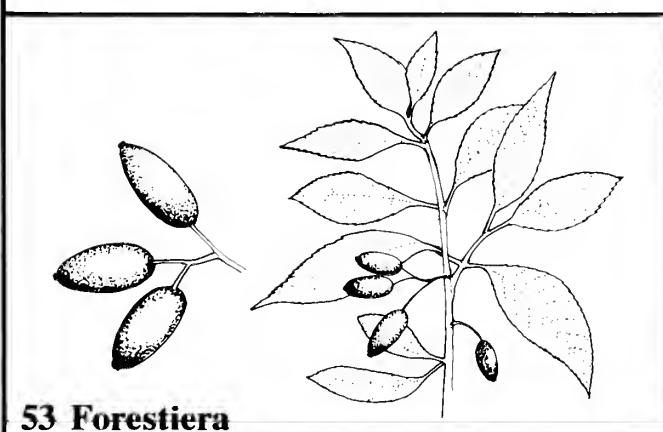
50 *Euonymus*



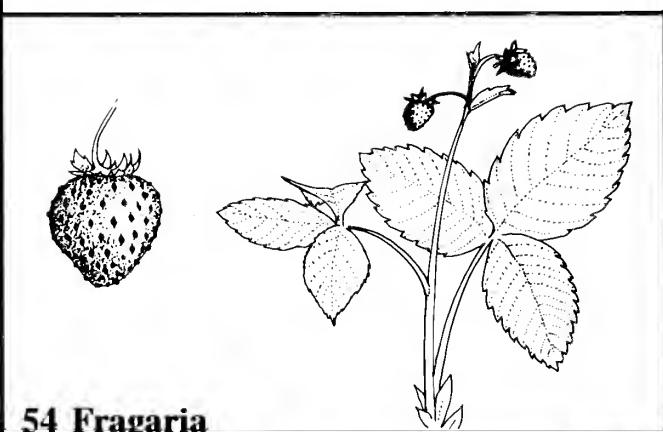
51 *Ficus*



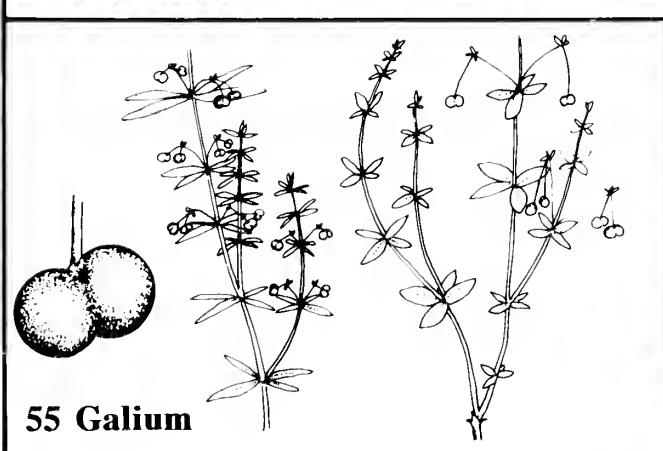
52 *Floerkea*



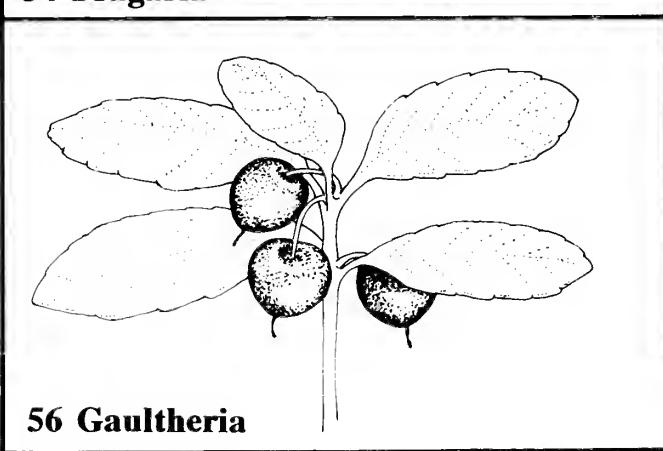
53 *Forestiera*



54 *Fragaria*



55 *Galium*



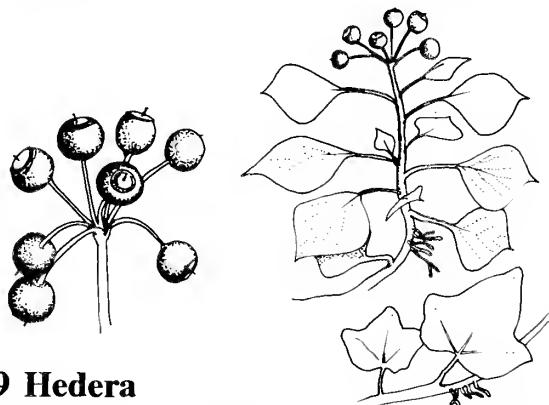
56 *Gaultheria*



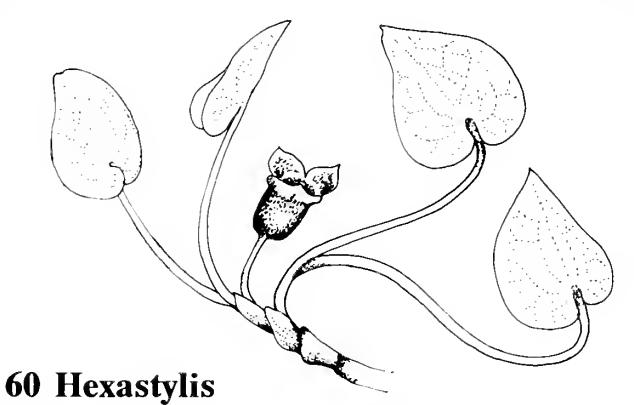
57 *Gaylussacia*



58 *Geocaulon*



59 *Hedera*



60 *Hexastylis*



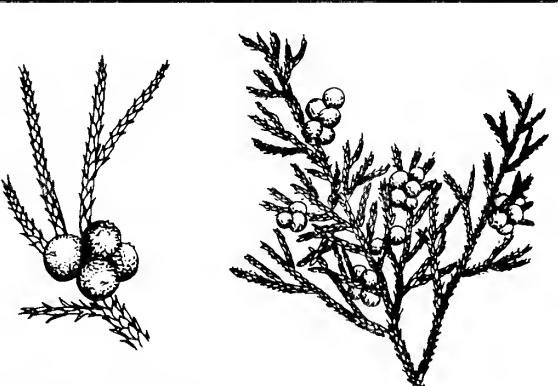
61 *Hydrastis*



62 *Ilex*



63 *Juglans*



64 *Juniperus*



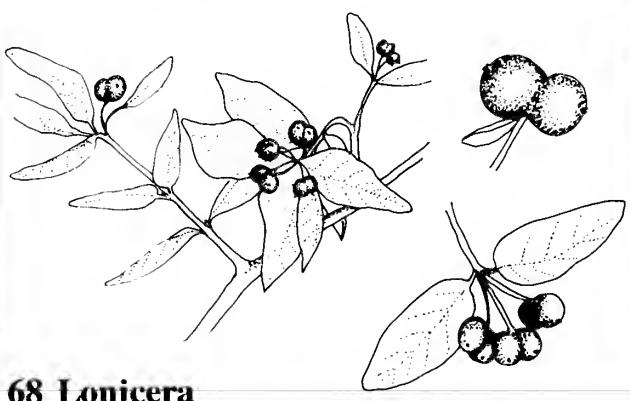
65 Leucophysalis



66 Ligustrum



67 Lindera



68 Lonicera



69 Lycium



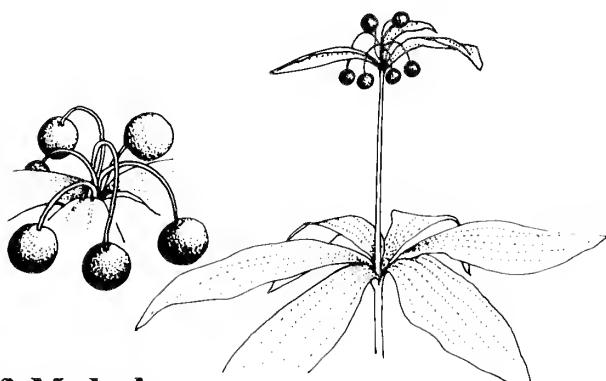
70 Maclura



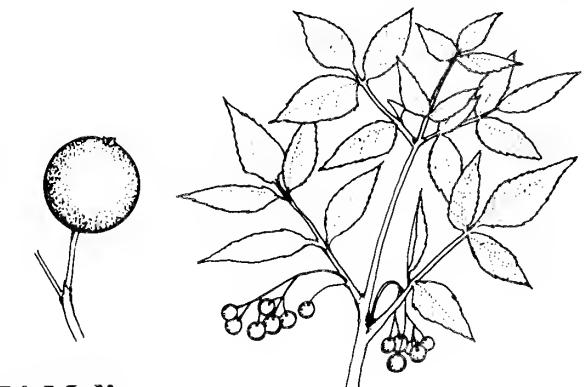
71 Magnolia



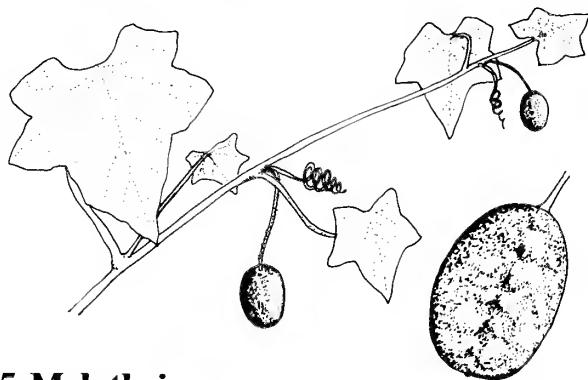
72 Maianthemum



73 Medeola



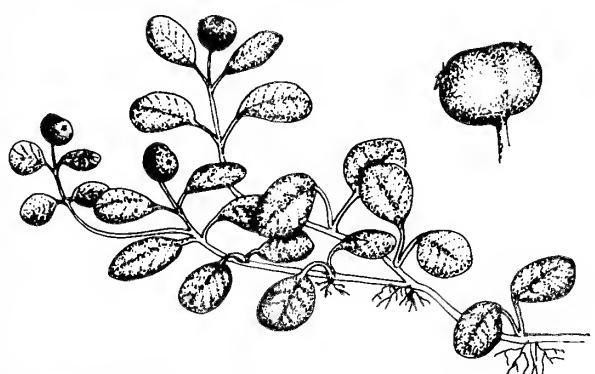
74 Melia



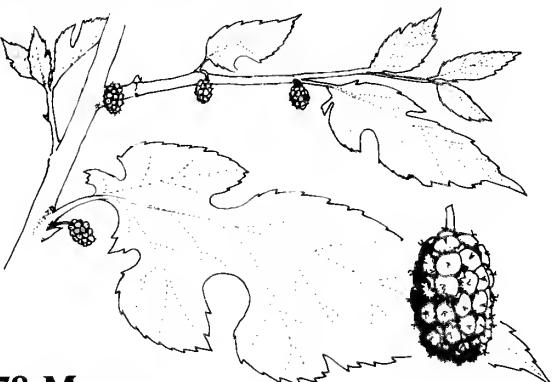
75 Melothria



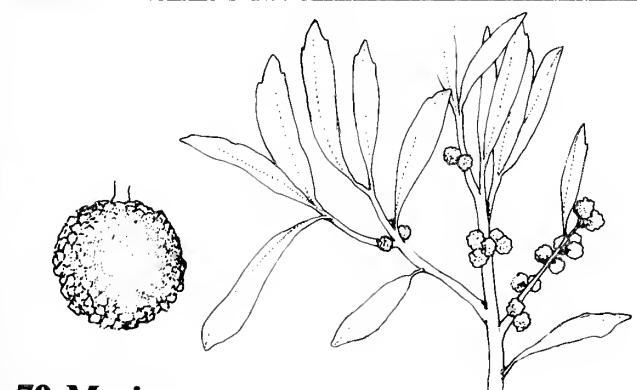
76 Menispermum



77 Mitchella



78 Morus



79 Myrica



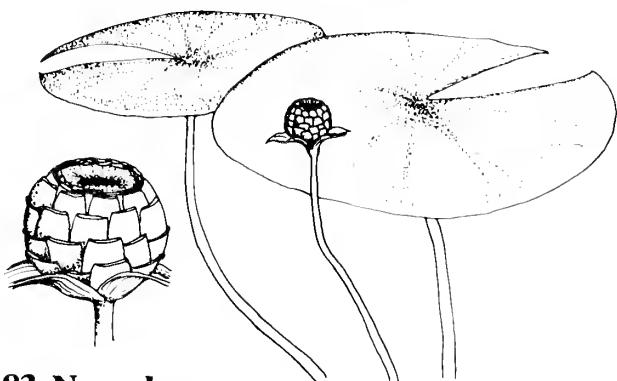
80 Nemopanthus



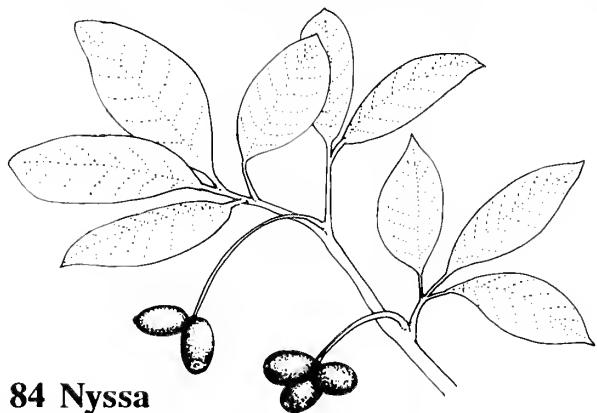
81 *Nestronia*



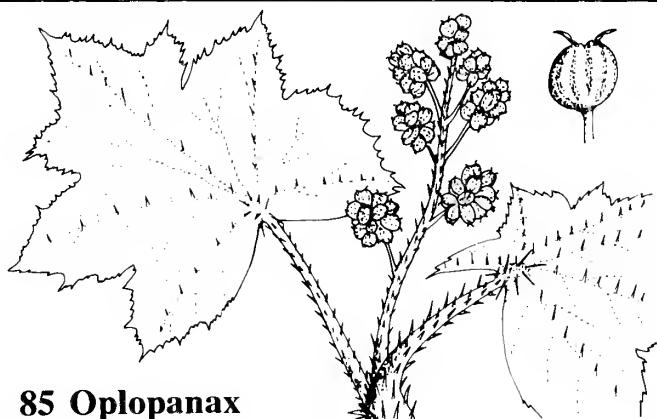
82 *Nicandra*



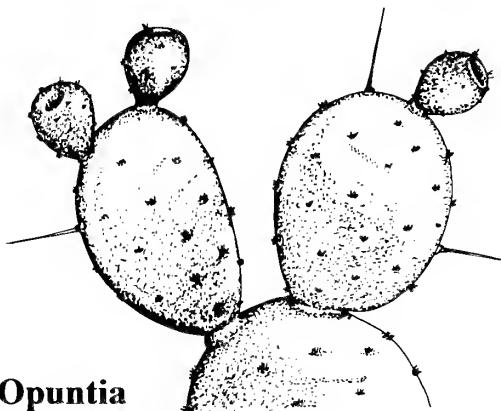
83 *Nymphaea*



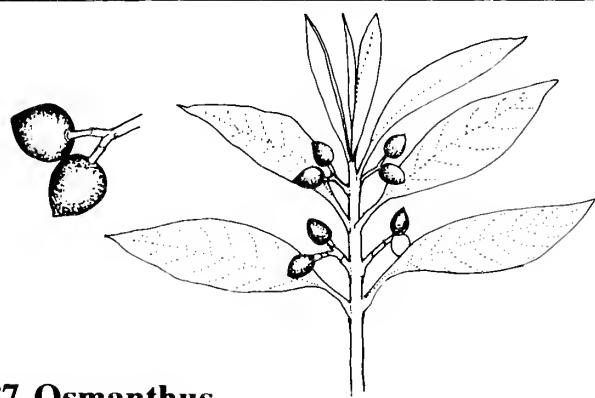
84 *Nyssa*



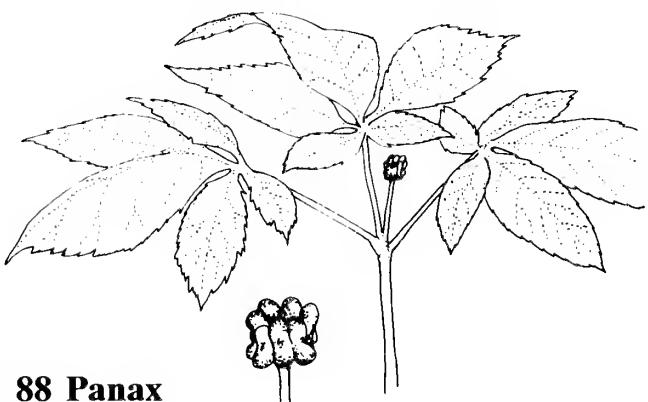
85 *Oplopanax*



86 *Opuntia*



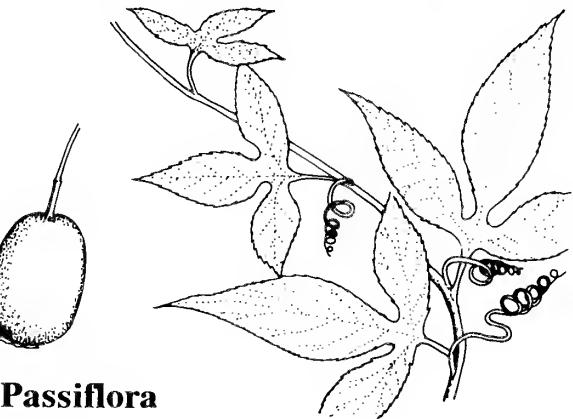
87 *Osmanthus*



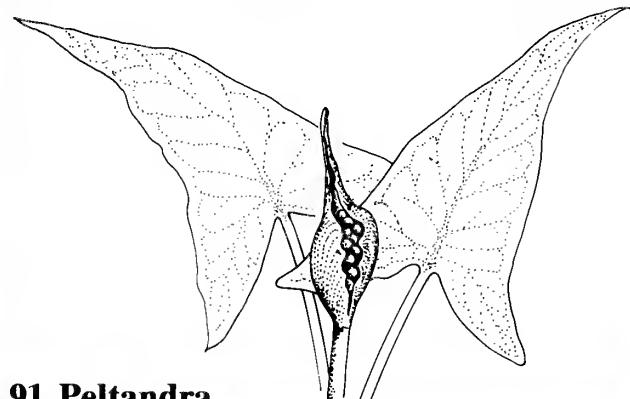
88 *Panax*



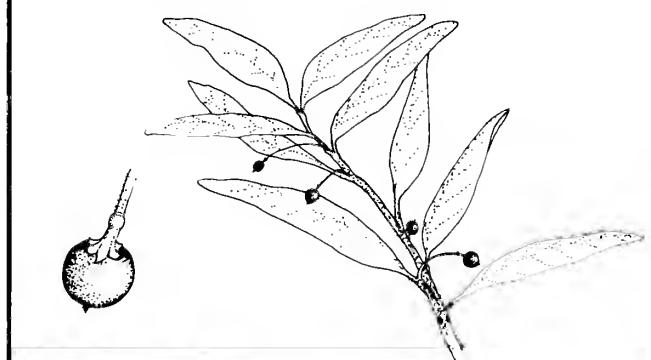
89 *Parthenocissus*



90 *Passiflora*



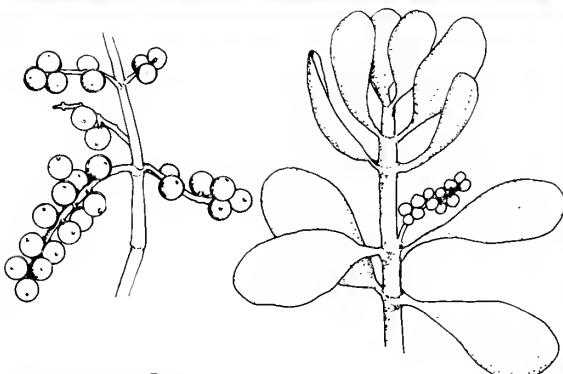
91 *Peltandra*



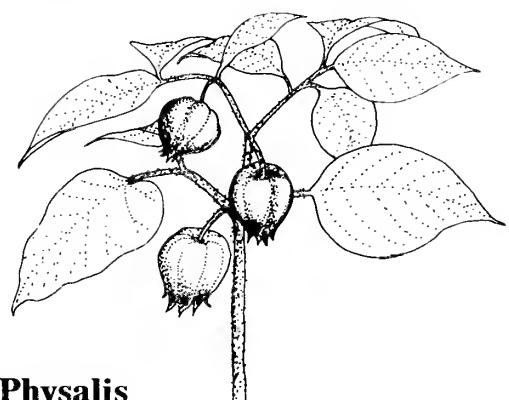
92 *Persea*



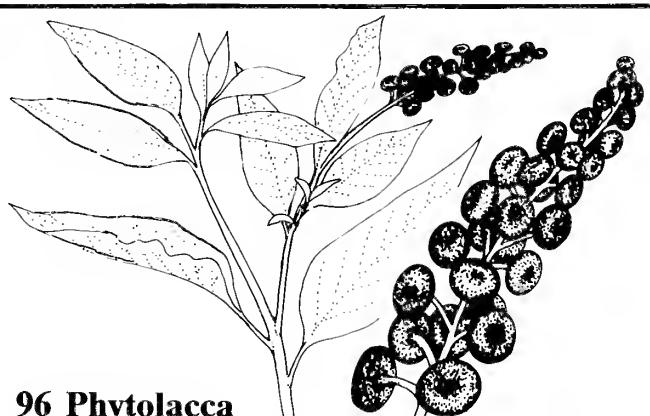
93 *Phellodendron*



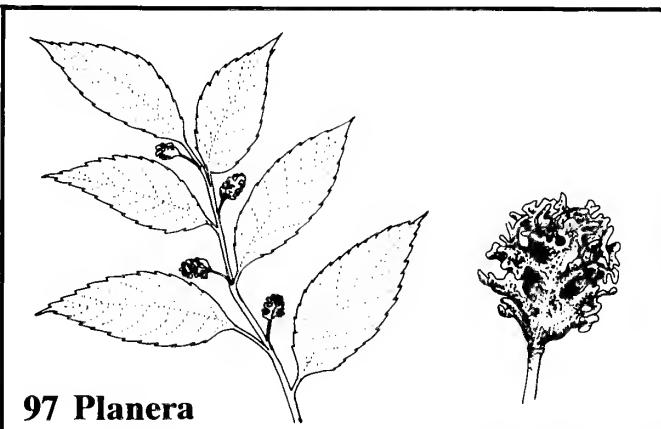
94 *Phoradendron*



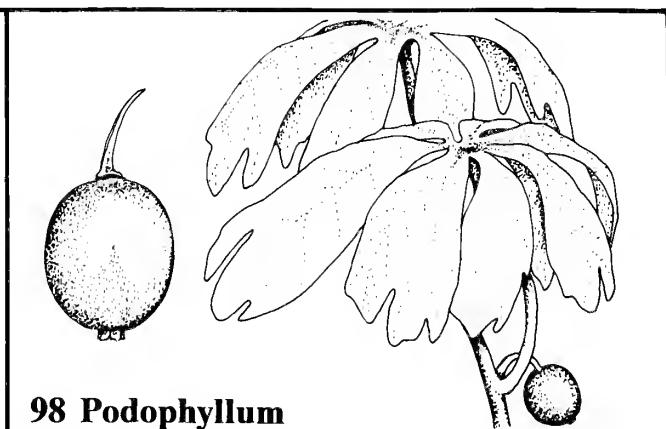
95 *Physalis*



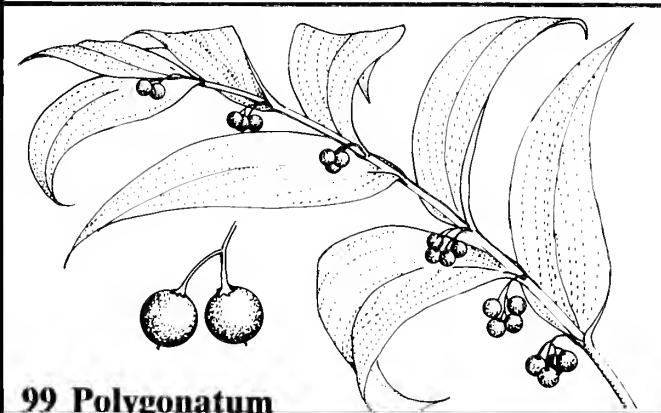
96 *Phytolacca*



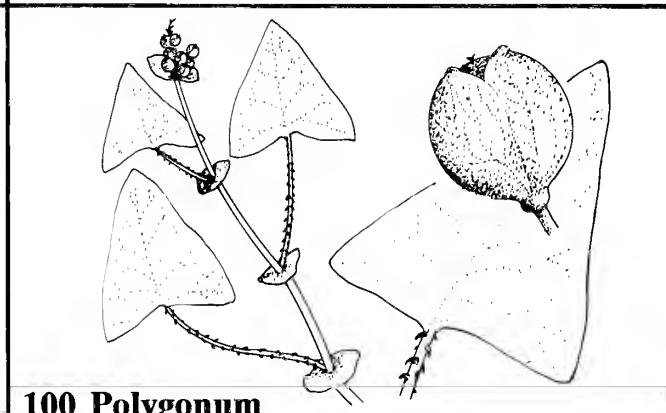
97 Planera



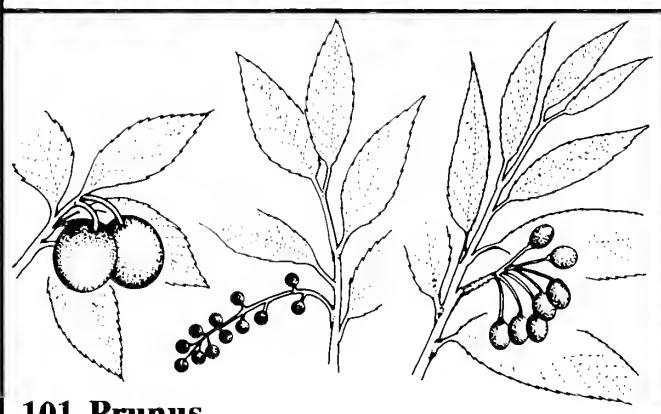
98 Podophyllum



99 Polygonatum



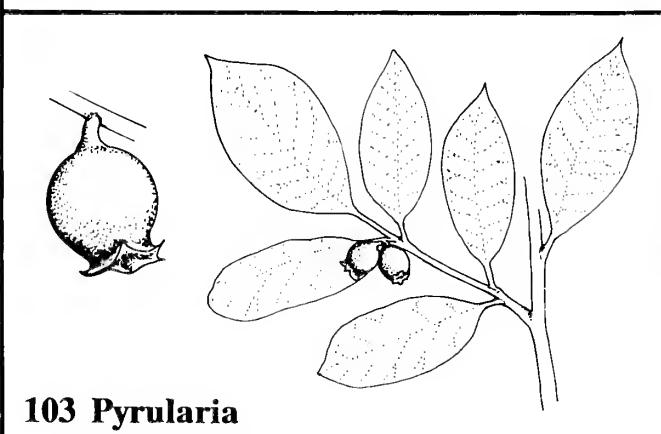
100 Polygonum



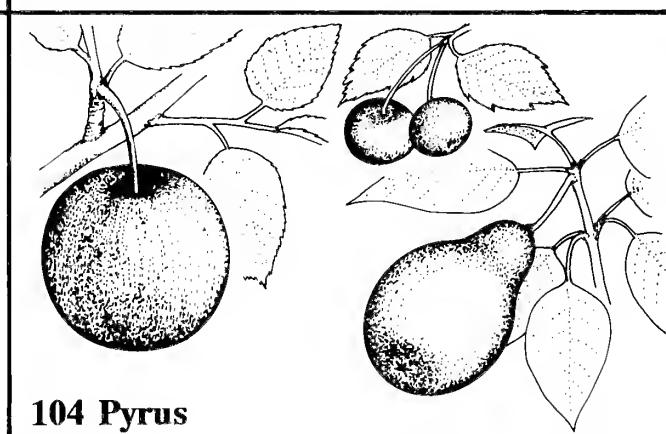
101 Prunus



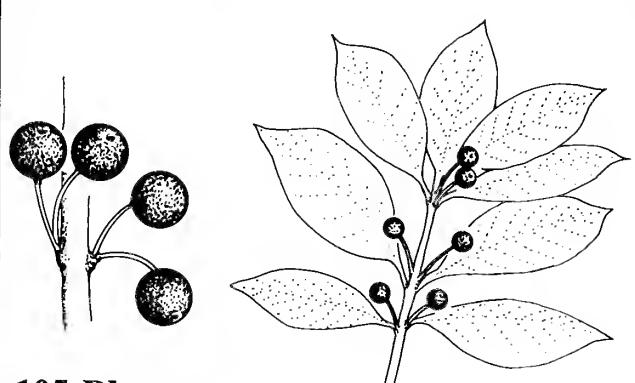
102 Pyracantha



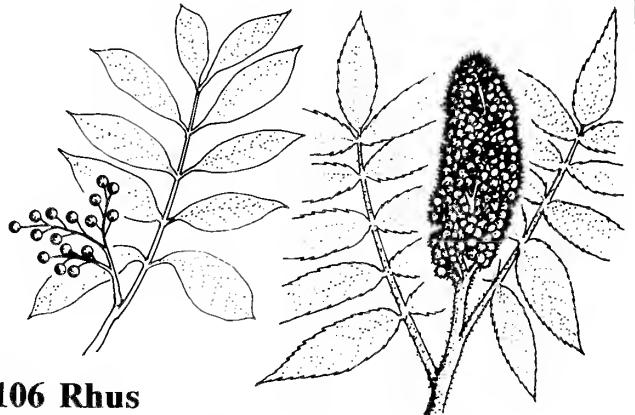
103 Pyrularia



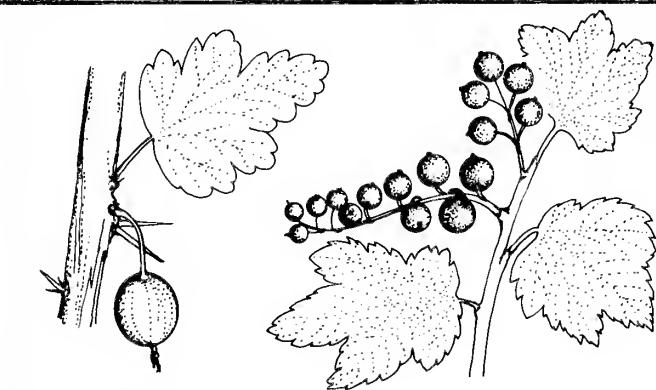
104 Pyrus



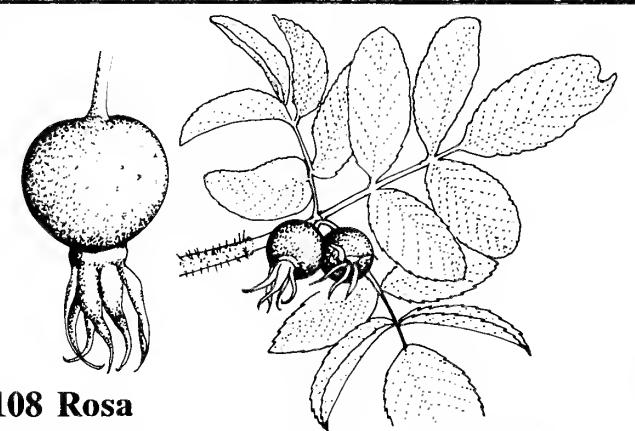
105 *Rhamnus*



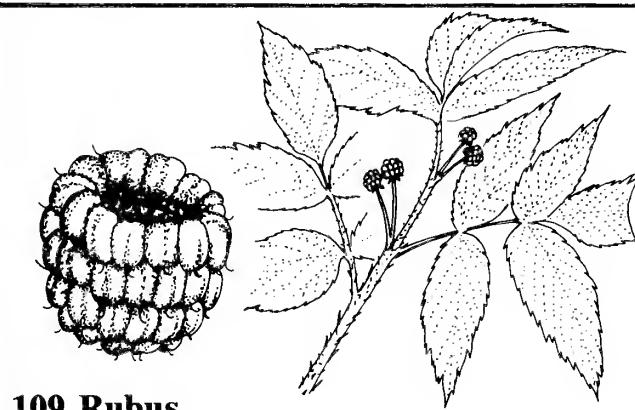
106 *Rhus*



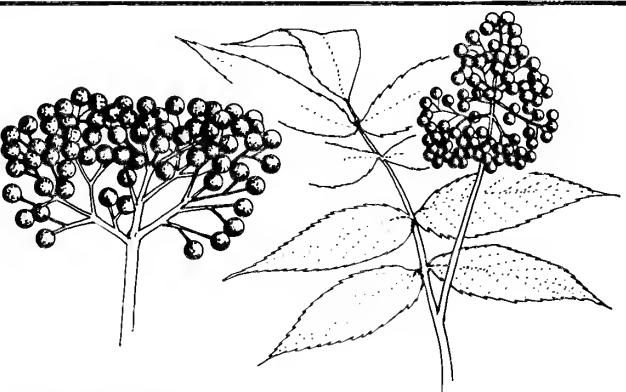
107 *Ribes*



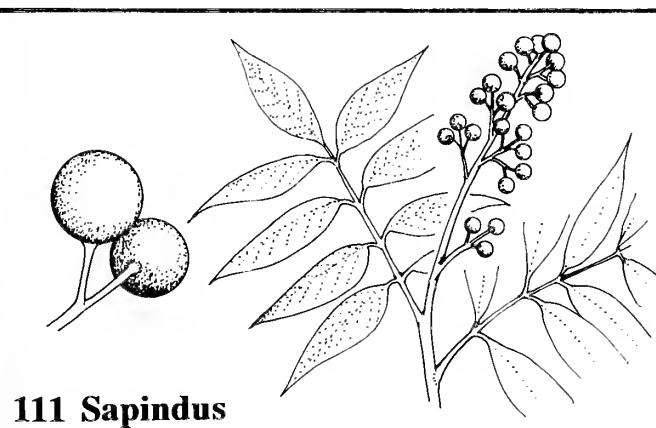
108 *Rosa*



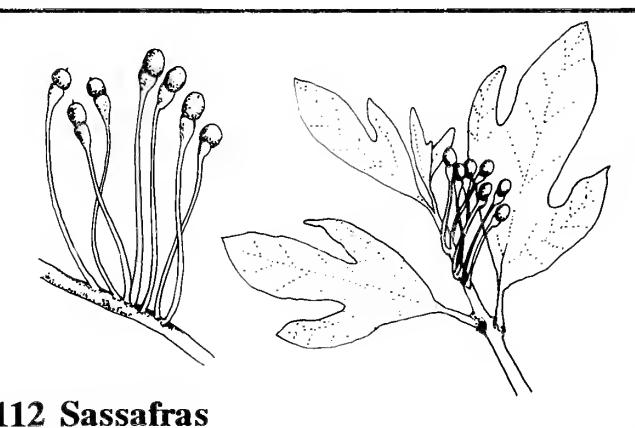
109 *Rubus*



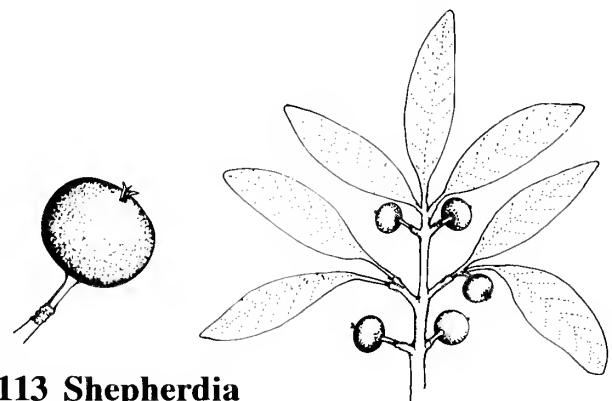
110 *Sambucus*



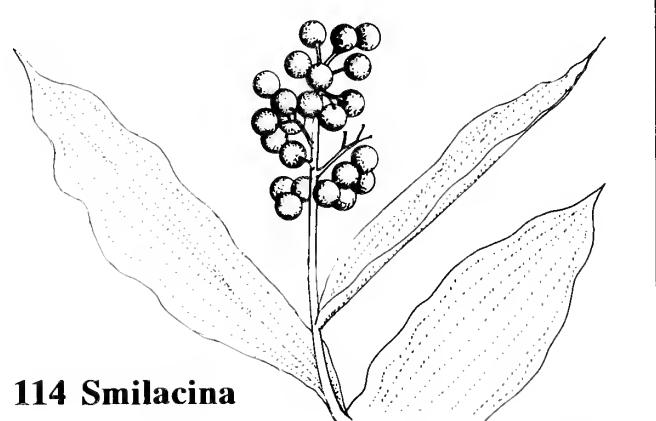
111 *Sapindus*



112 *Sassafras*



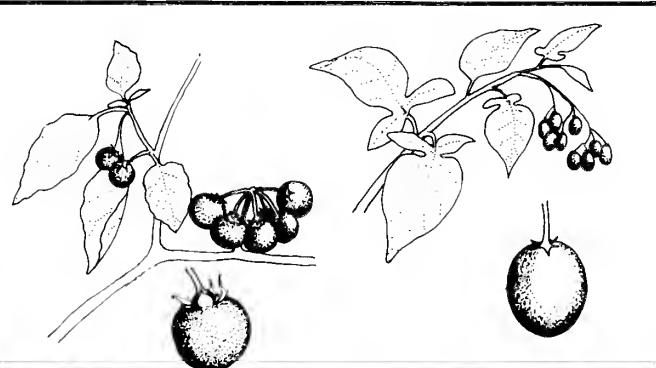
113 Shepherdia



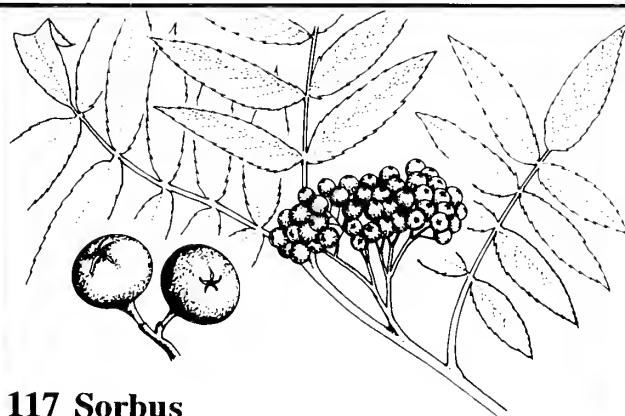
114 Smilacina



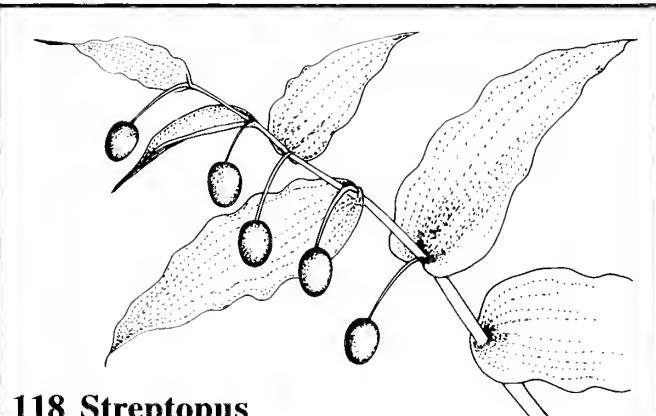
115 Smilax



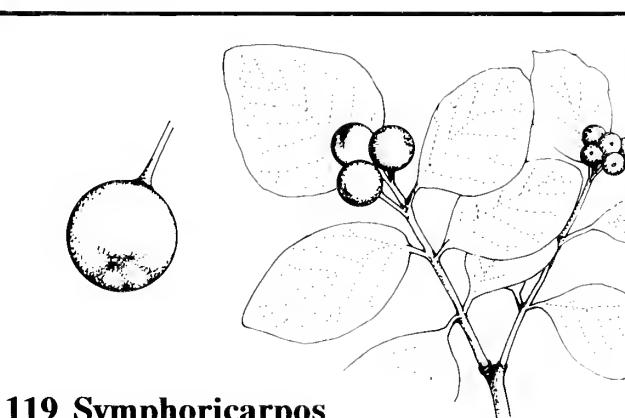
116 Solanum



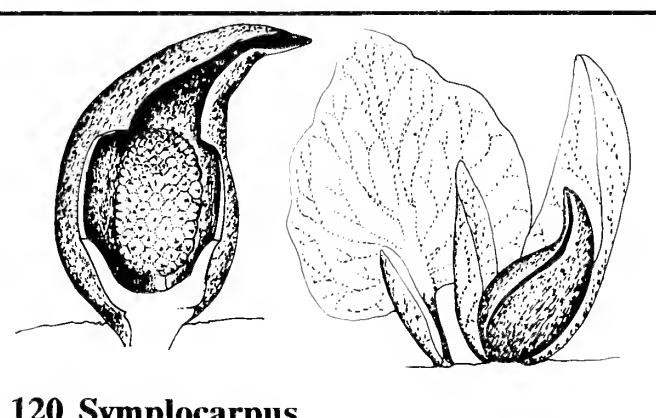
117 Sorbus



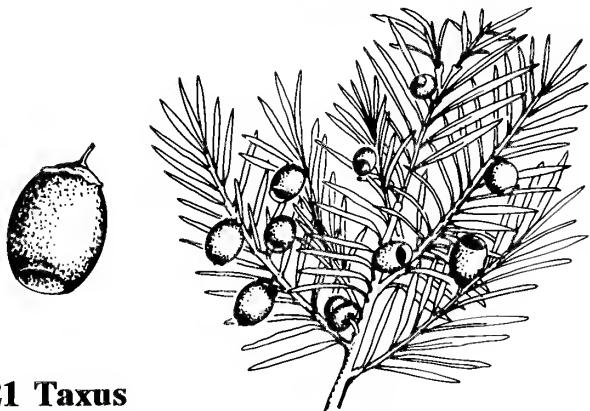
118 Streptopus



119 Symphoricarpos



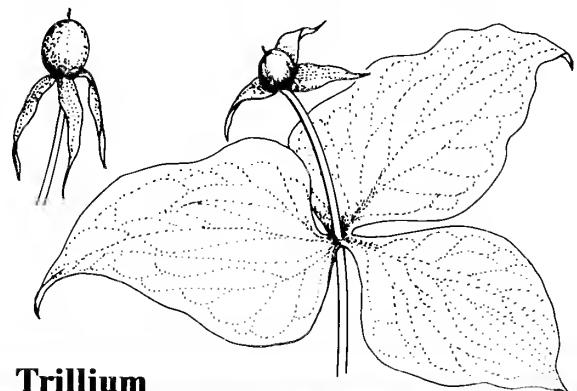
120 Symplocarpus



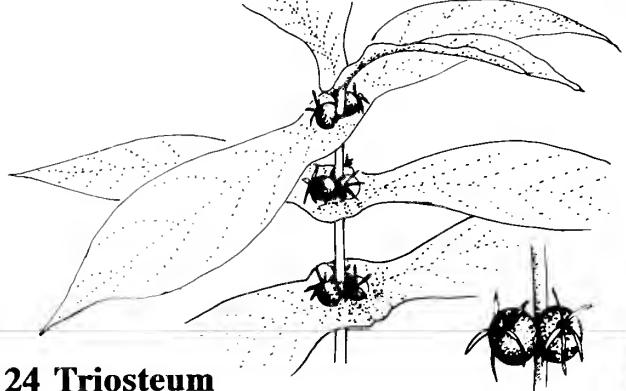
121 *Taxus*



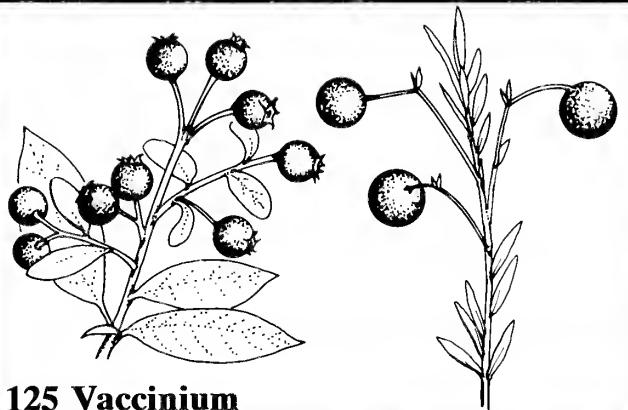
122 *Toxicodendron*



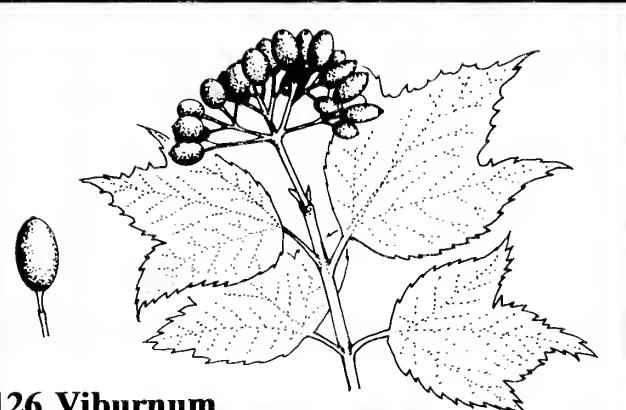
123 *Trillium*



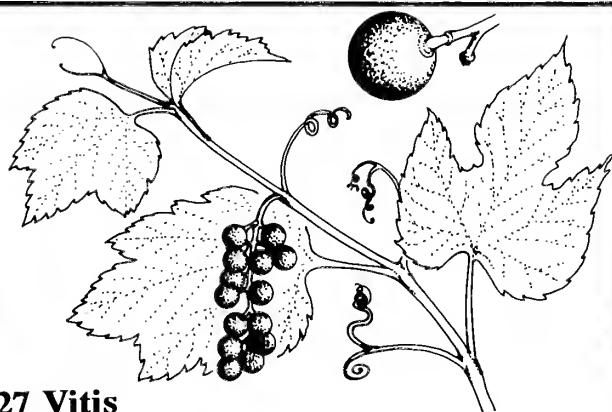
124 *Triosteum*



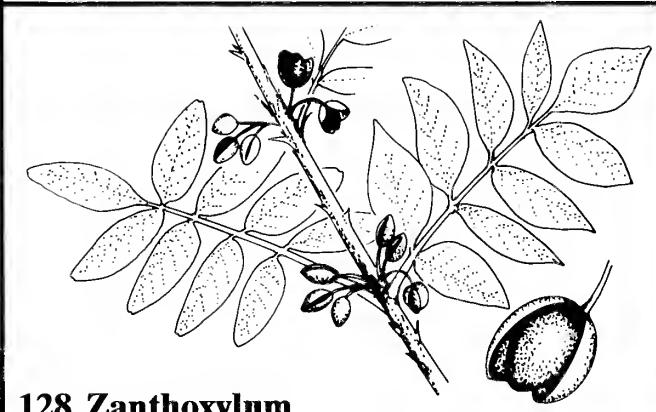
125 *Vaccinium*



126 *Viburnum*



127 *Vitis*



128 *Zanthoxylum*

USING THE SEQUENTIAL KEY

This branching key provides the user with a sequence of paired descriptions to be compared with the specimen to be identified. Each pair of choices offers opposing characters, *one* of which is to be selected as best describing the plant. At the end of the line chosen, a number indicates the next pair of choices to be considered. Proceed in this way until the name of a genus of plants appears at the end of the line rather than a number. Then consult the illustrations (pp. 50-65) and the listing of Genera of Plants with Fleshy Fruits (pp. 77-79) for confirmation and further information. A major drawback of the sequential key is that lack of knowledge about a single character can impede the identification process, so this type of key may be used effectively only when stems, leaves, fruits, seeds and other parts of the plant are available. Characters for this key were chosen which would be visible at the time of fruiting rather than flowering.

SEQUENTIAL KEY TO PLANTS WITH FLESHY FRUITS

1. Plants thick and pulpy, usually spiny (cacti)...95
1. Plants not thick and pulpy...2
 2. Stems woody...96
 2. Stems not woody...3
 3. Leaves compound...81
 3. Leaves simple...4
 4. Leaves basal, whorled or alternate...11
 4. Leaves opposite...5
 5. Plants creeping; seeds 4-8; fruits paired...**Mitchella**
 5. Plants not creeping; seeds fewer than 4 or 10 or more; fruits not paired...6
 6. Plants with fewer than 4 leaves...7
 6. Plants with more than 4 leaves...8
 7. Seeds fewer than 10 per fruit...**Convallaria**
 7. Seeds more than 10 per fruit...**Podophyllum**
 8. Fruits with 1 or 2 seeds...**Cornus**
 8. Fruits with more than 2 seeds...9
 9. Fruits 3-seeded...**Triosteum**
 9. Fruits with many seeds...10
 10. Fruits yellow, each borne in a husk...**Leucophysalis** (also see **Physalis**)
 10. Fruits black, not in husks...**Atropa**
 11. Leaves whorled or basal...12
 11. Leaves alternate...26
 12. Leaves whorled...13
 12. Leaves basal...18
 13. Plants with 1 or 2 whorls of leaves...14
 13. Plants with many whorls of leaves...17
 14. Plants with 1 whorl of leaves...15
 14. Plants with 2 whorls of leaves...**Medeola**

15. Fruits borne on an erect stalk from near ground level...**Convallaria**
 15. Fruits borne from a whorl of leaves, not stalked or on a very short or
 drooping stalk...16
 16. Leaves 3 per whorl...**Trillium**
 16. Leaves more than 3 per whorl...**Cornus**
 17. Fruits red...**Asparagus**
 17. Fruits blue, purple or black...**Galium**
 18. Fruits red...19
 18. Fruits not red...21
 19. Leaf blades as wide or wider than long...20
 19. Leaf blades considerably longer than wide...**Convallaria**
 20. Leaves with teeth and deep lobes...**Hydrastis**
 20. Leaves without teeth...**Calla**
 21. Plants with a skunklike odor; fruit cluster pale, oblong to nearly spherical
 with embedded seeds...**Symplocarpus**
 21. Plants without a skunklike odor; fruits not as above...22
 22. Flowers borne at the water surface with floating (lily-pad) leaves; fruits coiled
 within their long stalks under water at maturity...**Nymphaea**
 22. Flowers and leaves usually not floating; fruits not coiled...23
 23. Fruit cluster borne within a long sheath with a beak-like tip; leaves numerous,
 narrowly arrowhead-shaped...**Peltandra**
 23. Fruits not borne within a sheath; leaves not as above...24
 24. Leaves shiny, straplike, clustered at the base of the flower or fruit stalk;
 veins parallel...**Clintonia**
 24. Leaves broad, net-veined with stalks (petioles)...25
 25. Plants with two, soft hairy leaves...**Asarum**
 25. Plants with several smooth leaves...**Hexastylis**
 26. Leaves with teeth...27
 26. Leaves without teeth...41
 27. Plants creeping or climbing...28
 27. Plants not creeping or climbing...33
 28. Leaves lobed...29
 28. Leaves not lobed...32
 29. Fruits red when mature...**Solanum**
 29. Fruits not red...30
 30. Fruits with 4 seeds...**Echinocystis**
 30. Fruits with more than 5 seeds...31
 31. Leaves mostly 3-lobed...**Passiflora**
 31. Leaves mostly 5-lobed...**Melothria**
 32. Plants creeping; fruits white...**Gaultheria**
 32. Plants climbing; fruits red or green...**Solanum**
 33. Fruits not enclosed in husks...36
 33. Fruits enclosed in husks...34
 34. Husks with spines...**Solanum**
 34. Husks without spines...35
 35. Husks split halfway or more to the base...**Nicandra**
 35. Husks split only at the apex...**Physalis**
 36. Fruits blue; leaf single, large, umbrella-like...**Diphylleia**
 36. Fruits not blue; leaves various...37
 37. Fruits red...38
 37. Fruits yellow, green or black...**Solanum**
 38. Fruitlets in a compact cluster as in blackberries...**Rubus**
 38. Fruits not densely clustered heads of fruitlets...39

39. Leaves with tiny teeth; plants with wintergreen odor when crushed; fruits with floral remnants at apex...**Gaultheria**
 39. Leaves with coarse teeth; plants without wintergreen odor...40
 40. Leaves triangular, shallowly lobed; fruits in the leaf axils or borne laterally on a leafless stem...**Chenopodium**
 40. Leaves not triangular, deeply lobed; fruits borne as a single cluster of red berries at the plant apex...**Hydrastis**
 41. Fruits white, orange or red...42
 41. Fruits not white, orange or red...55
 42. Seeds 1 or 2 per fruit...43
 42. Seeds more than 2 per fruit...47
 43. Plants with tendrils...**Smilax**
 43. Plants without tendrils...44
 44. Fruits with floral remnants at apex, with 1 seed...**Geocaulon**
 44. Fruits without floral remnants at apex, with 1 or 2 seeds...45
 45. Plants usually bearing 3 or more leaves; leaves 6-15 cm long...**Smilacina**
 45. Plants with 1-3 (usually 2) leaves; leaves 3-10 cm long...46
 46. Plants with purplish-red fruits, often mottled with green...**Maianthemum**
 46. Plants with red to orange fruits...**Convallaria**
 47. Fruits with more than 10 seeds...50
 47. Fruits with fewer than 10 seeds...48
 48. Fruits with floral remnants at apex...**Gaultheria**
 48. Fruits without floral remnants at apex...49
 49. Plants with fewer than 5 leaves...**Convallaria**
 49. Plants with more than 5 leaves...**Disporum**
 50. Fruits enclosed within husks...51
 50. Fruits not enclosed within husks...52
 51. Husks with spines...**Solanum**
 51. Husks without spines...**Physalis**
 52. Plants climbing...**Solanum**
 52. Plants not climbing...53
 53. Leaves triangular, with long stalks...**Chenopodium**
 53. Leaves not triangular, stalks absent or short...54
 54. Leaf stalks absent...**Streptopus**
 54. Leaf stalks short but present...**Gaultheria**
 55. Fruits yellow...56
 55. Fruits not yellow...62
 56. Plants climbing or creeping...57
 56. Plants not climbing or creeping...59
 57. Plants with spines...**Solanum**
 57. Plants without spines...58
 58. Leaves with 3 broad, shallow lobes; fruits about 5-6 cm long...**Passiflora**
 58. Leaves with 3-7, narrow, very deep lobes (appearing to be compound); fruits less than 1 cm long...**Floerkea**
 59. Seeds 3-6 per fruit...**Disporum**
 59. Seeds more than 10 per fruit...60
 60. Plants with spines...**Solanum**
 60. Plants without spines...61
 61. Fruits loosely enclosed in 5-angled husks...**Physalis**
 61. Fruits tightly enclosed within scarcely-angled husks...**Leucophysalis**
 62. Fruits blue, brown or purple...63
 62. Fruits green or black...68
 63. Fruits blue...64
 63. Fruits brown or purple...66

-
64. Plants not climbing; without spines...**Polygonatum**
64. Plants climbing; with spines...65
65. Leaves triangular in outline; fruits less than 0.5 cm long...**Polygonum**
65. Leaves heart-shaped or oval but not triangular; fruits more than 0.5 cm long...**Smilax**
66. Fruits with 1 seed...**Polygonum**
66. Fruits with more than 1 seed...67
67. Fruits with a hollow to pithy, central chamber...**Passiflora**
67. Fruits without a soft, central chamber...68
68. Fruits less than 1 cm long...69
68. Fruits more than 1 cm long...72
69. Plants delicate, creeping; leaves deeply lobed...**Floerkea**
69. Plants robust, erect or spreading, not creeping; leaves unlobed...70
70. Plants climbing or twining on themselves by tendrils...**Smilax**
70. Plants not climbing or twining by tendrils...71
71. Fruits few, dangling on slender stalks attached at leaf bases; leaves with roughly parallel veins...**Polygonatum**
71. Fruits numerous, borne in robust spikes at the branch tips; leaves with veins branching from a strong midvein...**Phytolacca**
72. Plants climbing or sprawling...73
72. Plants not climbing...75
73. Plants with tendrils...74
73. Plants without tendrils; fruits green...**Solanum**
74. Fruits black, with 1-6 seeds; plants with or without spines...**Smilax**
74. Fruits green or yellow (to purple-tinged), with more than 10 seeds; plants never spiny...**Passiflora**
75. Fruits green...76
75. Fruits black...77
76. Fruits enclosed in husks...**Physalis**
76. Fruits not enclosed in husks...**Phytolacca**
77. Fruit cluster dense, more than 2 cm long...**Belamcanda**
77. Fruits less than 2 cm long; loosely clustered, if at all...78
78. Leaves without stalks, blades with roughly parallel veins...**Polygonatum**
78. Leaves with stalks, blades with net veins...79
79. Fruits somewhat compressed, wider than long...**Phytolacca**
79. Fruits spherical, about as long as wide...80
80. Fruits borne singly in the axils of the leaves...**Atropa**
80. Fruits borne in loose clusters...**Solanum**
81. Leaves alternate...86
81. Leaves opposite, whorled or basal...82
82. Leaves opposite, with 5-9 leaflets...**Sambucus**
82. Leaves whorled or basal...83
83. Fruits yellow or red; leaves with 3-7 leaflets...84
83. Fruits blue, purple or black; leaves with more than 7 leaflets...**Aralia**
84. Fruits swollen strawberrylike, with many "seeds" embedded in the surface...85
84. Fruits with 2 or 3 seeds...**Panax**
85. Fruits dry to pulpy; bracts below the fruit lobed...**Duchesnia**
85. Fruits juicy; bracts below the fruit not lobed...**Fragaria**
86. Plants with spines; fruiting head of clustered fruitlets as in a blackberry...**Rubus**
86. Plants without spines; fruits not as above...87
87. Leaves with teeth...88
87. Leaves without teeth...93
88. Fruits white...89
88. Fruits not white...90

89. Seeds 2-many, contained within a berrylike fruit...***Actaea***
 89. Seeds single, naked, berrylike...***Caulophyllum***
 90. Fruits red...**92**
 90. Fruits blue, purple or black...**91**
 91. Leaflets not lobed; seeds usually 5 per fruit...***Aralia***
 91. Leaflets lobed; seeds borne singly, berrylike...***Caulophyllum***
 92. Leaves with 3 leaflets; fruits resembling strawberries...***Duchesnia***
 92. Leaves of many leaflets; fruits not like strawberries...***Actaea***
 93. Fruits with 1-3 seeds...**94**
 93. Fruits with more than 10 seeds...***Solanum***
 94. Fruits orange or red when ripe...***Arisaema***
 94. Fruits yellow, brown or purple...***Floerkea***
 95. Succulent stems roughly spherical, not jointed...***Coryphantha***
 95. Succulent stems flattened, jointed pads...***Opuntia***
 96. Leaves simple...**97**
 96. Leaves compound...**234**
 97. Leaves opposite...**98**
 97. Leaves mostly alternate...**125**
 98. Leaf margins with teeth...**99**
 98. Leaf margins without teeth...**105**
 99. Fruits 1-seeded...**100**
 99. Fruits with more than 1 seed...**101**
 100. Fruits spherical, about as wide as long, with floral remnants at the apex...***Viburnum*** (Note: ***Euonymus*** sometimes appears one-seeded)
 100. Fruits elliptic, longer than wide, black, without floral remnants at apex...***Forestiera***
 101. Seeds 2 per fruit...***Symporicarpos***
 101. Seeds more than 2 per fruit...**102**
 102. Fruits black, with 3-4 seeds; branches with a sharp, terminal spine...***Rhamnus***
 102. Fruits not black, usually with 3 to many seeds...**103**
 103. Leaves usually lobed, hairy; fruit clusters red and orange, globose...***Broussonetia***
 103. Leaves not lobed; fruits red, orange, purple or violet-pink...**104**
 104. Fruits violet-pink to dark rose, in dense clusters along the stems; seeds 2-4, not red-coated (no arils)...***Callicarpa***
 104. Fruits purple or red, single or in loose clusters in the leaf axils; seeds 3-10, with red coats (arils)...***Euonymus***
 105. Leaves less than 0.5 cm wide...**106**
 105. Leaves more than 0.5 cm wide...**108**
 106. Fruits red, with 1 seed...***Taxus***
 106. Fruits white, blue or black...**107**
 107. Plants minute, growing on evergreen tree branches; fruits white...***Arceuthobium***
 107. Plants terrestrial; berries blue, purple or black (rarely white)...***Juniperus***
 108. Seed 1 per fruit...**109**
 108. Seeds more than 1 per fruit...**119**
 109. Leaves covered with tiny silvery or brownish scales on the under-surface...***Shepherdia***
 109. Leaves without silvery or brownish scales...**110**
 110. Fruits with floral remnants at apex...**111**
 110. Fruits without floral remnants at apex...**114**
 111. Fruits yellowish green at maturity, 1-2 cm long...**112**
 111. Fruits not green when mature and fleshy...**113**
 112. Fruits short-cylindric, about twice as long as wide...***Buckleya***
 112. Fruits only slightly longer than wide...***Nestronia***

113. Leaves with main veins running somewhat parallel to the margin and ending near the apex...*Cornus*
 113. Leaves with main veins ending near the margin and not curving toward the apex...*Viburnum*
 114. Plants growing on tree branches; fruits white...*Phoradendron*
 114. Plants not growing on tree branches...115
 115. Fruits black or very dark purple...116
 115. Fruits blue or vivid purple...117
 116. Fruits less than 1 cm long...*Ligustrum*
 116. Fruits more than 1 cm long...*Forestiera*
 117. Leaf stalks less than 1 cm long...*Ligustrum*
 117. Leaf stalks 1-2.5 cm long...118
 118. Leaves deciduous; fruits waxy on surface, borne in loose, drooping clusters...*Chionanthus*
 118. Leaves evergreen; fruits not waxy, borne in small, dense clusters...*Osmanthus*
 119. Fruits with 2 or 3 seeds...120
 119. Fruits with more than 3 seeds...124
 120. Fruits black...*Ligustrum*
 120. Fruits not black...121
 121. Fruits without floral remnants at apex...*Chionanthus*
 121. Fruits with floral remnants at apex...122
 122. Leaves with lateral veins running somewhat parallel to the margin and arching toward the apex...*Cornus*
 122. Leaves with lateral veins ending near the margin, not curving toward the apex...123
 123. Fruit clusters at the branch tips...*Ligustrum*
 123. Fruit clusters at leaf bases...*Symporicarpos*
 124. Fruits (or fruit pairs) less than 2 cm long...*Lonicera*
 124. Fruits more than 3 cm long...*Calycanthus*
 125. Leaves less than 0.5 cm wide...126
 125. Leaves more than 0.5 cm wide...129
 126. Fruits 1-seeded...*Taxus*
 126. Fruits with more than 1 seed...127
 127. Fruits with floral remnants at apex...128
 127. Fruits without floral remnants at apex...*Empetrum*
 128. Fruits white...*Gaultheria*
 128. Fruits red...*Vaccinium*
 129. Plants creeping or climbing...130
 129. Plants not creeping or climbing...166
 130. Leaves with marginal teeth...131
 130. Leaves without marginal teeth...147
 131. Plants with tendrils...132
 131. Plants without tendrils (leaf stalks may twine)...135
 132. Seeds 1-5 per fruit...133
 132. Seeds more than 10 per fruit...*Passiflora*.
 133. Pith of stems brown...*Vitis*
 133. Pith of stems white...134
 134. Fruits blue...*Ampelopsis*
 134. Fruits black...*Cissus*
 135. Fruits 1-seeded...136
 135. Fruits with more than 1 seed...140
 136. Leaves peltate, stalk attached near the margin; the single seed 7-9 mm, flat, ridged and crescent-shaped...*Menispermum*
 136. Leaves not peltate; seed not as above...137

137. Plants creeping or very low and shrubby; fruits red to purple or black...138
 137. Plants climbing or trailing vines; fruits not red...139
 138. Low shrubs, forming mats; fruits less than 1 cm long...**Arctostaphylos**
 138. Plants becoming more than 1 meter tall; fruits more than 1 cm long...**Prunus**
 139. Leaf blades 3-6 cm long...**Berchemia**
 139. Leaf blades 6-12 cm long...**Ampelopsis**
 140. Fruits blue...**Ampelopsis**
 140. Fruits not blue...141
 141. Plants climbing or sprawling vines...**Celastrus**
 141. Plants low, creeping...142
 142. Fruitlets clustered in compact heads as in blackberries; plants usually with spines...**Rubus**
 142. Fruits not borne as heads of fruitlets...143
 143. Plants with spines...144
 143. Plants without spines...145
 144. Fruits with 5-10 seeds...**Pyracantha**
 144. Fruits with more than 10 seeds...**Lycium**
 145. Seeds 5 or fewer per fruit...**Arctostaphylos**
 145. Seeds more than 10 per fruit...146
 146. Fruits red-glandular...**Ribes**
 146. Fruits not red-glandular...**Vaccinium**
 147. Fruits 1-seeded...148
 147. Fruits with more than 1 seed...153
 148. Plants with tendrils or twining leaf stalks...149
 148. Plants without tendrils...150
 149. Seed crescent-shaped, flat, ridged... **Menispermum**
 149. Seed(s) spherical...**Smilax**
 150. Fruits less than 1 cm long...151
 150. Fruits more than 1 cm long...**Calycocarpum**
 151. Fruits blue to almost black...**Berchemia**
 151. Fruits red...152
 152. Plants low, shrubby, sometimes creeping; leaves 1-4 cm long...**Arctostaphylos**
 152. Plants climbing; leaves 5-15 cm long...**Coccus**
 153. Fruits white; plants creeping...154
 153. Fruits not white...155
 154. Leaves less than 1 cm wide...**Gaultheria**
 154. Leaves more than 1 cm wide...**Epigaea**
 155. Plants with spines...156
 155. Plants without spines...158
 156. Plants with tendrils...**Smilax**
 156. Plants without tendrils...157
 157. Fruits more than 1 cm long, with more than 10 seeds...**Lycium**
 157. Fruits less than 1 cm long, with 2-10 seeds...**Cotoneaster**
 158. Plants creeping...159
 158. Plants climbing...162
 159. Seeds 2-5 per fruit...160
 159. Seeds more than 10 per fruit...161
 160. Leaves more than 4 cm long; fruits black...**Hedera**
 160. Leaves 1-3 cm long; fruits red (purple to black on a rare, alpine species)...**Arctostaphylos**
 161. Leaves less than 2 cm long; fruits spherical, with floral remnants at apex...**Vaccinium**
 161. Leaves more than 2 cm long; fruits elliptic, longer than wide, without floral remnants at apex...**Lycium**

162. Plants with tendrils...**163**
 162. Plants without tendrils...**164**
 163. Fruits less than 1 cm long with fewer than 10 seeds...**Smilax**
 163. Fruits more than 1 cm long with more than 10 seeds...**Passiflora**
 164. Fruits black...**Hedera**
 164. Fruits red...**165**
 165. Fruits less than 1 cm long, nearly spherical...**Solanum**
 165. Fruits more than 1 cm long, elliptic, longer than wide...**Lycium**
 166. Leaves with teeth...**167**
 166. Leaves without teeth...**198**
 167. Plants with spines...**168**
 167. Plants without spines...**178**
 168. Some spines branched; fruits red or yellow...**Berberis**
 168. Spines not branched...**169**
 169. Fruit cluster a compact head of fruitlets as in blackberries...**Rubus**
 169. Fruits not in heads of clustered fruitlets...**170**
 170. Seeds 1 per fruit...**171**
 170. Seeds more than 1 per fruit...**172**
 171. Fruits with floral remnants at apex...**Crataegus**
 171. Fruits without floral remnants at apex...**Prunus**
 172. Fruits 2-seeded...**Oplopanax**
 172. Fruits with more than 2 seeds...**173**
 173. Seeds 5-10 per fruit...**174**
 173. Seeds more than 10 per fruit...**176**
 174. Leaves with blunt teeth... **Pyracantha**
 174. Leaves with sharp teeth...**175**
 175. Spines with a bud at base...**Pyrus**
 175. Spines without buds...**Crataegus**
 176. Fruits less than 3 cm long...**177**
 176. Fruits more than 4 cm long...**Chaenomeles**
 177. Fruits with floral remnants at apex...**Ribes**
 177. Fruits without floral remnants at apex...**Solanum**
 178. Fruits 1-seeded...**179**
 178. Fruits with more than 1 seed...**183**
 179. Fruits coated with dense, pale wax...**Myrica**
 179. Fruits not encased in wax,...**180**
 180. Fruits with many fleshy projections...**Planera**
 180. Fruits without fleshy projections...**181**
 181. Leaves with 3 major veins, the lateral ones arching from the base of the
 blade toward the tip, bases unequally lobed...**Celtis**
 181. Leaves with major veins branching from the midvein, bases nearly equal...**182**
 182. Fruits with floral remnants at apex; pith of branches divided by woody
 plates...**Nyssa**
 182. Fruits without floral remnants at apex; pith of branches not divided by
 woody plates...**Prunus**
 183. Fruits with 2-10 seeds...**184**
 183. Fruits with more than 10 seeds...**192**
 184. Fruits with floral remnants at apex...**185**
 184. Fruits without floral remnants at apex...**190**
 185. Fruits with tough cores...**186**
 185. Fruits without tough cores...**188**
 186. Leaves with stiff, black hairs on the midvein of the upper side of the blade...**Aronia**
 186. Leaves without stiff, black hairs on the midvein...**187**

187. Core of the fruit with about 10 cavities, with 1 seed per cavity...**Amelanchier**
 187. Core of the fruit with 2-5 cavities with 2 seeds per cavity...**Pyrus**
 188. Fruits blue or black...**Gaylussacia**
 188. Fruits red or orange...**189**
 189. Plants shrubby, not lax and creeping...**Pyracantha**
 189. Plants creeping...**Gaultheria**
 190. Seeds 2-3 per fruit...**Rhamnus**
 190. Seeds 4-8 per fruit...**191**
 191. Buds and leaf stalks purple...**Nemopanthus**
 191. Buds and leaf stalks not purple...**Ilex**
 192. Fruitlets in a compact cluster...**193**
 192. Fruits not clustered...**195**
 193. Fruit clusters mostly spherical, red and orange...**Broussonetia**
 193. Fruit clusters cylindric, white to rose-purple or black...**194**
 194. Trees; not spiny; fruitlets with floral remnants at apex...**Morus**
 194. Shrubs; often spiny; fruitlets without floral remnants at apex...**Rubus**
 195. Fruits less than 2 cm long...**196**
 195. Fruits more than 2 cm long...**197**
 196. Leaves lobed...**Ribes**
 196. Leaves not lobed...**Vaccinium**
 197. Plants with spines...**Chaenomeles**
 197. Plants without spines...**Cydonia**
 198. Fruits 1-seeded...**199**
 198. Fruits with more than 1 seed...**216**
 199. Fruits more than 4 cm long...**Asimina**
 199. Fruits less than 3 cm long...**200**
 200. Leaves and fruits covered with tiny, silvery scales...**Elaeagnus**
 200. Leaves and fruits without silvery scales...**201**
 201. Plants with spines...**202**
 201. Plants without spines...**203**
 202. Fruits red or yellow...**Berberis**
 202. Fruits black...**Bumelia**
 203. Leaves lobed and unlobed; fruits blue to dark purple...**Sassafras**
 203. Leaves not lobed...**204**
 204. Fruits white, covered with white wax...**Myrica**
 204. Fruits not white or covered with wax...**205**
 205. Fruits oval to pear-shaped, 1.5-3 cm long, brown, yellow or green...**Pyrularia**
 205. Fruits not pear-shaped...**206**
 206. Fruits strongly curved, brown or red...**Cotinus**
 206. Fruits not strongly curved...**207**
 207. Fruits with floral remnants at apex...**208**
 207. Fruits without floral remnants at apex...**210**
 208. Fruits red...**Daphne**
 208. Fruits blue or black...**209**
 209. Leaves with lateral veins running parallel to the margin and ending near the apex
 of the blade; pith of branches not divided by woody plates...**Cornus**
 209. Leaves with lateral veins running toward the margin, not ending near the apex
 of the blade; pith of branches divided by woody plates...**Nyssa**
 210. Fruits blue, purple or black...**211**
 210. Fruits yellow, orange, red or green...**213**
 211. Leaves mostly clustered in fascicles at the ends of short shoots, their tips broadly
 rounded...**Bumelia**
 211. Leaves not in fascicles on short shoots; tips sharply to bluntly pointed...**212**

212. Leaf bases with unequal lobing; major veins arching from the base toward the tip...*Celtis*
 212. Leaf bases nearly equal; major veins branching off the midvein...*Persea*
 213. Fruits spherical, without stalks, red...*Daphne*
 213. Fruits oval or elliptic, stalked...214
 214. Plants spicy-aromatic when crushed...*Lindera*
 214. Plants not spicy-aromatic...215
 215. Leaf bases nearly equal; young stems pliant, easily bent without breaking...*Dirca*
 215. Leaf bases unequal; young stems stiff, not easily bent without breaking...*Celtis*
 216. Fruits with 2-10 seeds...217
 216. Fruits with more than 10 seeds...227
 217. Plants with spines... 218
 217. Plants without spines...219
 218. Fruits noticeably longer than broad...*Berberis*
 218. Fruits spherical, not noticeably longer than broad...*Cotoneaster*
 219. Fruits 2 cm long or more...220
 219. Fruits less than 2 cm long...221
 220. Fruits 4-15 cm long, usually longer than wide; without a cup of flower remnants at base...*Asimina*
 220. Fruits 2-6 cm long, about as wide; with a persistent crown of tough flower parts at base...*Diospyros*
 221. Fruits with floral remnants at apex...222
 221. Fruits without floral remnants at apex...225
 222. Fruits red...223
 222. Fruits blue or black...224
 223. Plants with spines...*Cotoneaster*
 223. Plants without spines...*Gaultheria*
 224. Fruits with 2 seeds...*Cornus*
 224. Fruits with 10 seeds...*Gaylussacia*
 225. Seeds 2-3 per fruit...*Rhamnus*
 225. Seeds 4-8 per fruit...226
 226. Buds and leaf stalks purple...*Nemopanthus*
 226. Buds and leaf stalks not purple...*Ilex*
 227. Fruits more than 5 cm long...228
 227. Fruits less than 5 cm long...229
 228. Fruits conelike, red, pink or brown, the red seeds hanging out by threads at maturity...*Magnolia*
 228. Fruits not conelike, spherical, yellow-green to brown...*Maclura*
 229. Leaves lobed...230
 229. Leaves not lobed...231
 230. Fruits red, without floral remnants at apex...*Solanum*
 230. Fruits not red, with floral remnants at apex...*Ficus*
 231. Fruits with floral remnants at apex...232
 231. Fruits without floral remnants at apex...233
 232. Fruits red; plants with wintergreen odor when crushed...*Gaultheria*
 232. Fruits not red; plants without wintergreen odor...*Vaccinium*
 233. Fruits less than 1 cm long, spherical, as wide as long...*Solanum*
 233. Fruits more than 1 cm long, elliptic, longer than wide...*Lycium*
 234. Stalks of the compound leaves opposite...235
 234. Stalks of the compound leaves alternate...236
 235. Leaves with teeth...*Sambucus*
 235. Leaves without teeth...*Phellodendron*
 236. Fruits of clustered fruitlets in a compact head as in blackberries...*Rubus*
 236. Fruits not heads of fruitlets...237

-
237. Fruits less than 1 cm long...238
237. Fruits 1 cm long or more...247
 238. Fruits with 1-10 seeds...239
 238. Fruits with more than 10 seeds...246
239. Fruits white or yellowish; with 1 seed...**Toxicodendron**
239. Fruits not white or yellowish; with 1 or more seeds...240
 240. Fruits red or brown...241
 240. Fruits blue, purple or black...243
241. Plants with spines...**Zanthoxylum**
241. Plants without spines...242
 242. Fruits with 1 seed...**Rhus**
 242. Fruits with more than 1 seed...**Sorbus**
243. Plants creeping or climbing...244
243. Plants not creeping or climbing...**Aralia**
 244. Leaves with 3 leaflets...**Cissus**
 244. Leaves with 5 or more leaflets...246
245. Leaves with few palmately divided leaflets...**Parthenocissus**
245. Leaves divided into many small leaflets (twice pinnate)...**Ampelopsis**
 246. Fruits with floral remnants at apex; plants often with spines...**Rosa**
 246. Fruits without floral remnants at apex; plants without spines...**Solanum**
247. Fruits more than 3 cm long...248
247. Fruits less than 3 cm long...249
 248. Vines; leaflets 5, not toothed...**Akebia**
 248. Trees; leaflets 5-19, with teeth...**Juglans**
249. Seed 1 per fruit...250
249. Seeds 2 or more per fruit...253
 250. Leaflets fewer than 20, borne along a single leaf stalk...251
 250. Leaflets many, borne on branched leaf stalks...**Melia**
251. Leaflets 3, usually toothed...**Toxicodendron**
251. Leaflets 5 or more, usually not toothed...252
 252. Leaf stalks red when fresh; leaflets nearly equal at base, oval with abruptly pointed tips...**Toxicodendron**
 252. Leaf stalks greenish, not red; leaflets with unequal bases and elongated, lance-shaped tips...**Sapindus**
253. Fruits with 3-10 seeds; plants without spines; trees...**Sorbus**
253. Fruits with more than 10 seeds; plants usually with spines; shrubs...**Rosa**

GENERA OF PLANTS WITH FLESHY FRUITS

FOUND GROWING WILD IN NORTHEASTERN NORTH AMERICA

1. *Actaea* spp. baneberry (AMA 21)
2. *Akebia quinata* five-leaf akebia
3. *Amelanchier* spp. shadbush, service-berry
4. *Ampelopsis* spp. pepper-vine (H&A 153)
5. *Aralia* spp. sarsaparilla, spikenard, Hercules-club
6. *Arceuthobium pusillum* dwarf mistletoe
7. *Arctostaphylos* spp. bearberry, manzanita
8. *Arisaema* spp. Jack-in-the-pulpit, Indian turnip (AMA 33)
9. *Aronia* spp. chokeberry
10. *Asarum canadense* wild ginger
11. *Asimina* spp. pawpaw (AMA 192)
12. *Asparagus officinalis* asparagus
13. *Atropa belladonna* belladonna (AMA 36)
14. *Belamcanda chinensis* blackberry lily (H&A 153)
15. *Berberis* spp. barberry
16. *Berchemia scandens* supple-jack, rattan-vine (H&A 153)
17. *Broussonetia papyrifera* paper mulberry
18. *Buckleya distichophylla* buckleya
19. *Bumelia* spp. bumelia, ironwood
20. *Calla palustris* wild calla, water arum (AMA 43, 197)
21. *Callicarpa americana* beauty-berry, French mulberry
22. *Calycanthus* spp. Carolina allspice (AMA 47)
23. *Calycocarpum lyonii* cupseed
24. *Caulophyllum* spp. blue cohosh (AMA 52)
25. *Celastrus* spp. bittersweet (AMA 53)
26. *Celtis* spp. hackberry, sugarberry
27. *Chaenomeles* spp. Japanese quince
28. *Chenopodium capitatum* Indian-paint, strawberry-blite
29. *Chionanthus virginicus* fringe-tree, old-man's-beard
30. *Cissus incisa* possum grape, marine-vine
31. *Clintonia* spp. clintonia, dogberry, bluebead (H&A 154)
32. *Cocculus carolinus* coralbeads, snailseed
33. *Convallaria* spp. lily-of-the-valley (AMA 6, 62)
34. *Cornus* spp. dogwood, osier, bunchberry
35. *Coryphantha (Mamillaria) vivipara* mamillaria, bird's-nest cactus
36. *Cotinus* spp. smoke-tree (AMA 199)
37. *Cotoneaster* spp. cotoneaster
38. *Crataegus* spp. hawthorn, thorn apple
39. *Cydonia oblonga* quince
40. *Daphne mezereum* daphne, mezereum (AMA 68)
41. *Diospyros virginiana* persimmon
42. *Diphylleia cymosa* umbrella-leaf (H&A 155)

-
43. **Dirca palustris** leatherwood, rope-bark (AMA 74, 198)
44. **Disporum** spp. fairy-bells, mandarin
45. **Duchesnia indica** Indian strawberry, false strawberry
46. **Echinocystis lobata** wild cucumber, wild balsam apple
47. **Elaeagnus** spp. oleaster, Russian olive, silverberry
48. **Empetrum** spp. crowberry
49. **Epigaea repens** trailing arbutus, mayflower
50. **Euonymus** spp. burning-bush, spindle-tree, strawberry-bush (AMA 79)
51. **Ficus carica** fig (AMA 198)
52. **Floerkea proserpinacoides** false mermaid
53. **Forestiera acuminata** swamp privet (H&A 155)
54. **Fragaria** spp. strawberry
55. **Galium** spp. bedstraw
56. **Gaultheria (Chiogenes)** spp. wintergreen, checkerberry, snowberry
57. **Gaylussacia** spp. huckleberry
58. **Geocaulon lividum** northern comandra (H. & A. see *Comandra*)
59. **Hedera helix** English ivy (AMA 87, 192)
60. **Hexastylis (Asarum)** spp. heart-leaf
61. **Hydrastis canadensis** golden-seal, orange-root
62. **Ilex** spp. holly, winterberry, black alder (AMA 6, 97)
63. **Juglans** spp. walnut (AMA 193)
64. **Juniperus** spp. juniper, red cedar, ground hemlock
65. **Leucophysalis grandiflora** large white-flowered ground cherry (see *Physalis* AMA 132)
66. **Ligustrum** spp. privet (AMA 107)
67. **Lindera** spp. spicebush, benzoin
68. **Lonicera** spp. honeysuckle (AMA 109)
69. **Lycium** spp. matrimony-vine (AMA 110)
70. **Maclura pomifera** osage orange (AMA 194)
71. **Magnolia** spp. magnolia (AMA 194)
72. **Maianthemum canadense** false lily-of-the-valley, Canada mayflower (H&A 156)
73. **Medeola virginiana** Indian cucumber-root (H&A 156)
74. **Melia azederach** Chinaberry, pride-of-India (AMA 115)
75. **Melothria pendula** melonette, creeping cucumber
76. **Menispermum canadense** moonseed (AMA 10, 117)
77. **Mitchella repens** partridge-berry, twinberry
78. **Morus** spp. mulberry
79. **Myrica** spp. bayberry, wax myrtle
80. **Nemopanthus mucronata** mountain holly
81. **Nestronia umbellula** nestronia
82. **Nicandra physalodes** apple-of-Peru, shoofly (H&A 140)
83. **Nymphaea** spp. white waterlily
84. **Nyssa** spp. sour gum, tupelo, pepperidge
85. **Oplopanax horridus** devil's-club
86. **Opuntia** spp. prickly-pear cactus (AMA 185, 196)
87. **Osmanthus americanus** wild olive, devilwood
88. **Panax** spp. ginseng, groundnut
89. **Parthenocissus** spp. woodbine, Virginia-creeper (AMA 197, H&A 97)
90. **Passiflora** spp. passion-flower, maypops
91. **Peltandra** spp. arrow arum, tuckahoe
92. **Persea borbonia** red bay
93. **Phellodendron japonicum** Japanese cork-tree
94. **Phoradendron serotinum (flavescens)** American mistletoe (AMA 131)
-

-
95. **Physalis spp.** ground cherry, husk tomato (AMA 132)
96. **Phytolacca americana** pokeweed, pokeberry, pigeon-berry (AMA 6, 133)
97. **Planera aquatica** planer-tree, water elm
98. **Podophyllum peltatum** may apple, mandrake (AMA 6, 136)
99. **Polygonatum spp.** Solomon's-seal (H&A 158)
100. **Polygonum perfoliatum** mile-a-minute-weed
101. **Prunus spp.** cherry, plum (AMA 138)
102. **Pyracantha coccinea (Cotoneaster)** fire-thorn
103. **Pyrularia pubera** oilnut, buffalo-nut (H&A 158)
104. **Pyrus (Malus) spp.** apple, pear, crabapple
105. **Rhamnus spp.** buckthorn (AMA 140)
106. **Rhus spp.** sumac
107. **Ribes spp.** currant, gooseberry
108. **Rosa spp.** rose (AMA 194)
109. **Rubus spp.** blackberry, raspberry, baked-apple-berry
110. **Sambucus spp.** elderberry (AMA 147)
111. **Sapindus drummondii** soapberry (H&A 158)
112. **Sassafras albidum** sassafras
113. **Shepherdia canadensis** soapberry
114. **Smilacina spp.** false Solomon's-seal
115. **Smilax spp.** greenbrier, catbrier (H&A 158)
116. **Solanum spp.** nightshade, bittersweet, horse nettle, potato (AMA 10, 57-158, 194, 195)
117. **Sorbus spp.** mountain ash
118. **Streptopus spp.** twisted-stalk, mandarin (H&A 158)
119. **Symphoricarpos spp.** snowberry, wolfberry, coralberry (AMA 165)
120. **Symplocarpus foetidus** skunk cabbage (AMA 166)
121. **Taxus spp.** yew (AMA 167)
122. **Toxicodendron (Rhus) spp.** poison ivy, poison oak, poison sumac
(TOXIC TO HANDLE!, AMA 188, 199)
123. **Trillium spp.** trillium, wakerobin, birthroot
124. **Triosteum spp.** feverwort, horse gentian, wild coffee
125. **Vaccinium spp.** blueberry, cranberry
126. **Viburnum spp.** arrowwood, highbush cranberry, wild raisin
127. **Vitis spp.** grape
128. **Zanthoxylum spp.** prickly ash, Hercules-club

SUGGESTED REFERENCES

- Brockman, C. F. 1968. *Trees of North America*. Golden Press, New York, NY.
- Dwelley, M. 1973. *Spring Wildflowers of New England*. Down East Enterprises Inc., Camden, ME.
- _____. 1977. *Summer and Fall Wildflowers of New England*. Down East Enterprises Inc., Camden, ME.
- _____. 1980. *Trees and Shrubs of New England*. Down East Enterprises, Camden ME.
- Elias, T. S. 1980. *Trees of North America*. van Nostrand Reinhold Co., New York, NY.
- Fernald, M. L. 1950. *Gray's Manual of Botany*. 8th. ed, American Book Co., New York, NY.
- Gleason, H. A. 1952. *The New Britton and Brown Illustrated Flora of the Northeastern U. S. and Adjacent Canada*. Lancaster Press, PA. (3 vols.)
- _____. & A. Cronquist. 1963. *Manual of Vascular Plants of the Northeastern U.S. and Adjacent Canada*. Van Nostrand, New York, NY.
- Hardin, J. W. & J. M. Arena. 1974. *Human Poisoning from Native and Cultivated Plants*. 2nd ed., Duke Univ. Press, Durham, NC.
- Kingsbury, J. M. 1964. *Poisonous Plants of the United States and Canada*. Prentice-Hall, NJ.
- _____. 1965. *Deadly Harvest: A Guide to Common Poisonous Plants*. Holt, Rinehart and Winston, New York, NY.
- Lampe, K. F. & R. Fagerstrom. 1968. *Plant Toxicity and Dermatitis. A Manual for Physicians*. Williams & Wilkins, Baltimore, MD.
- _____. & M. A. McCann. 1985. *AMA Handbook of Poisonous and Injurious Plants*. Amer. Med. Assoc., Review Press, Chicago, IL.
- Lewis, W. H. & M. P. F. Elvin-Lewis. 1977. *Medical Botany. Plants Affecting Man's Health*. Wiley & Sons, Toronto, Canada.
- Muenscher, W. C. 1975. *Poisonous Plants of the United States*. MacMillan Publ. Co., New York, NY.
- Marderosian, A. der, & L. Liberti. 1988. *Natural Product Medicine*. G. F. Stickley Co., Philadelphia, PA.
- Miller, D. 1986. *Berry Finder. A Guide to Native Plants with Fleshy Fruits for Eastern North America*. Nature Study Guild, Berkeley, CA.
- Newcomb, L. 1977. *Newcomb's Wildflower Guide*. Little, Brown, Boston, MA.
- Peterson, L. A. 1977. *A Field Guide to Edible Plants*. Houghton Mifflin, Boston, MA.
- Peterson, M. G. 1973. *How to Know Wild Fruits*. Dover Publications, New York, NY.
- Peterson, R. T. & M. McKenny. 1968. *A Field Guide to Wildflowers*. Houghton Mifflin, Boston, MA.

-
- Petrides, G. A. 1958. *A Field Guide to Trees and Shrubs*. Houghton Mifflin, Boston, MA.
- Reader's Digest Books. 1982. *North American Wildlife*. The Reader's Digest Association. Pleasantville, New York, NY.
- Symonds, G. W. D. 1958. *The Tree Identification Book*. W. Morrow & Co., New York, NY
- _____. 1963. *The Shrub Identification Book*. M. Barrows & Co., New York, NY.
- Westbrooks, R. G. & J. W. Preacher. 1986. *Poisonous Plants of Eastern North America*. Univ. North Carolina Press, Chapel Hill, NC.

Appendix 1.

Using the Computer Key to Plants with Fleshy Fruits

Contributed by Everett Ogden

Random access keys lend themselves particularly well to computerization. Indeed, the term "random access" comes from the computer term "random access memory", whose elements may be addressed in any order. The program on the enclosed disk eases the identification process by keeping track of the characters selected and displaying a list of plants that may have those characters.

Hardware required

You will need a computer compatible with the IBM PC, XT or AT, equipped with a disk drive capable of reading a 5 1/4" 360K floppy disk. The display must be 80 characters by 25 lines, either color or monochrome (color preferred).

Starting the Program

There are two files on the enclosed disk. FRUITKEY.EXE is the only one needed to run the program. FRUITKEY.BAS will be useful only to those who want to modify the program as described below. Although the program can be run by merely inserting the disk provided into a floppy drive and typing a command, you will not want to risk damage to your disk by constantly using it. You should copy the file FRUITKEY.EXE to either another floppy disk or to a suitable subdirectory on a hard disk for frequent use. Then you can address the copied disk or subdirectory where the file is stored and run the program by entering the command:

FRUITKEY

The opening screen of the program should appear.

Program Operation

Figure 1 shows the screen when the program is first run, or when R has been selected to reset it to the starting point. Select by number the characters matching the plant you are trying to identify. When you enter the first character, the top of the screen will change to display a list of numbers corresponding to those kinds of plants (genera) that have not been eliminated by your choice. An asterisk appears next to the character to indicate that it has been chosen. For those people using a color display, the character also changes color. All characters that apply to your specimen may be chosen. For instance, if fruits on the plant are both red and orange, both may be selected. Continue entering characters that apply to your plant until only one genus number remains, or the available characters are exhausted. Then look up the remaining numbers in this manual and go to the illustrations starting on p. 50 for further information. Other reference books are recommended to complete or verify the identification (see p. 80).

If you think that one of your choices was incorrect, you may undo its effect by entering the negative of its number. For example, if you choose character 15 but later decide the choice was a poor one, you may enter -15 to remove it. Attempts to use a character more than once or to unuse a character that has not been used are ignored.

Figure 2 shows the screen when characters 10, 16 and 18 have been selected. To see the plant names associated with the remaining numbers, press N. Figure 3 shows an example of the name display.

Press R to reset the program to identify another plant. Press Q to quit. You will be returned to the DOS command prompt.

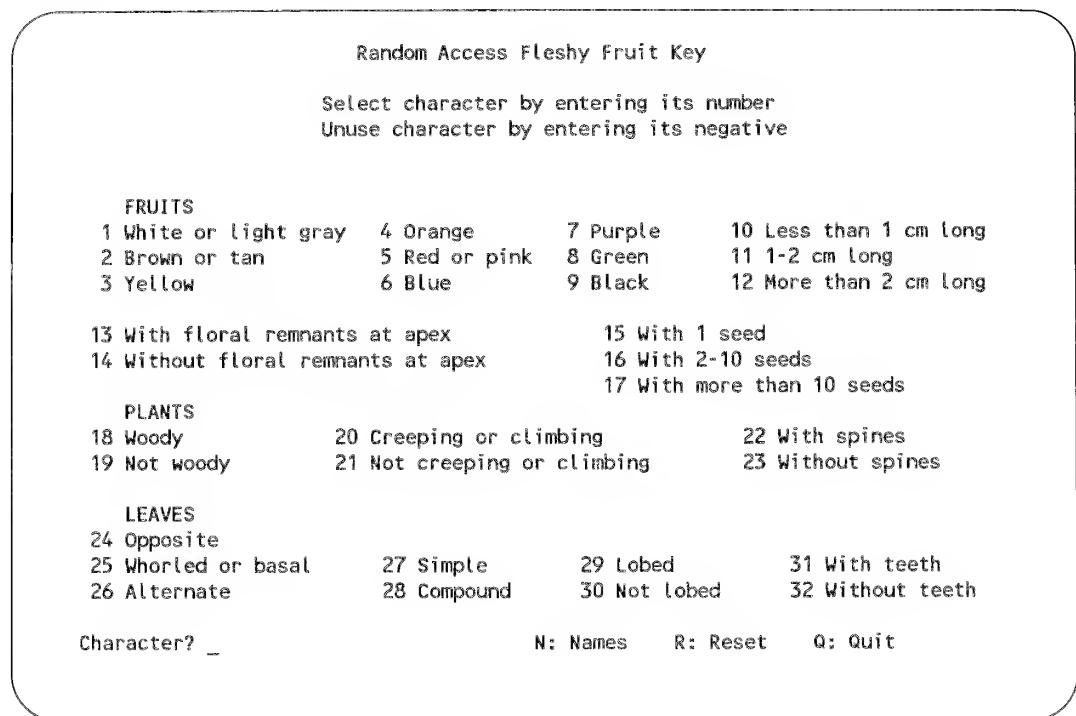


Figure 1. Opening Screen

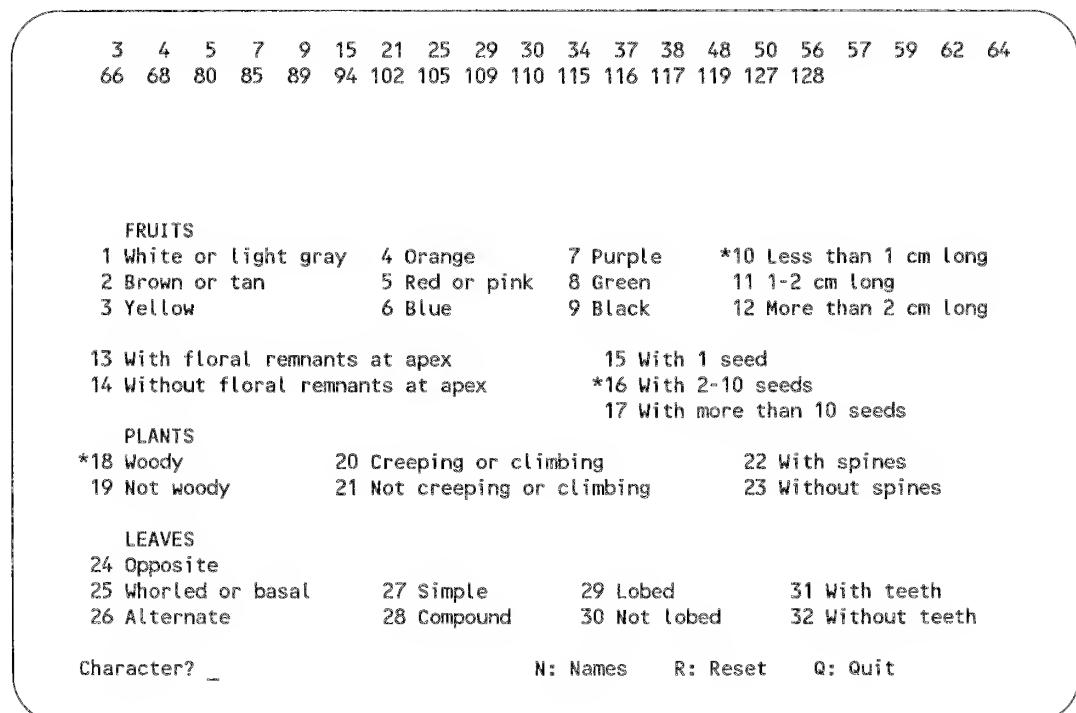


Figure 2. Screen with Characters 10, 16 and 18 Selected

3 Amelanchier	89 Parthenocissus
4 Ampelopsis	94 Phoradendron
5 Aralia	102 Pyracantha
7 Arctostaphylos	105 Rhamnus
9 Aronia	109 Rubus
15 Berberis	110 Sambucus
21 Callicarpa	115 Smilax
25 Celastrus	116 Solanum
29 Chionanthus	117 Sorbus
30 Cissus	119 Symphoricarpos
34 Cornus	127 Vitis
37 Cotoneaster	128 Zanthoxylum
38 Crataegus	
48 Empetrum	
50 Euonymus	
56 Gaultheria	
57 Gaylussacia	
59 Hedera	
62 Ilex	
64 Juniperus	
66 Ligustrum	
68 Lonicera	
80 Nemopanthus	
85 Oplopanax	

Press RETURN to continue_

Figure 3. Names of Remaining Choices (Genera)

Program Description

This section is primarily for those who wish to construct their own random access keys by modifying this program. Those who wish merely to run the program as listed may skip this.

One goal in writing the program was to make the code as generic as possible except for the data statements. Thus a different key could be constructed simply by changing the data statements, with few or no changes to the program itself. There are limits to how much information can be displayed on one screen, so a key with many more characters or genera might require some changes to the way the program operates.

Lines 10 through 120 create the variables to be used and load the data statements (starting at Line 1000) into the appropriate arrays. Lines 50 and 60 create all of the simple (non-array) variables. This is important for two reasons. It helps the programmer to keep track of the variable names used, and creating all simple variables before array variables can speed up program execution noticeably in Microsoft BASIC. Line 130 initializes an array to keep track of the deletions and a string to flag the used characters. Lines 140-200 paint the screen. Line 180 calls a subroutine (lines 400-440) to print the character list in red if the character has been used and cyan if not.

Line 210 calls a user input subroutine (Lines 500-610). This was originally a simple LINE INPUT statement which worked well with all tested versions of Microsoft BASIC except IBM's. An error in IBM's code prevents INPUT statements from working properly on the bottom line of the screen. Lines 230-260 check the validity of the input. If the user pressed N, R or Q, Line 230 jumps to 900 to print the names, 130 to start over or 999 to end the program.

If the input is a valid number, either positive (to use a character) or negative (to unuse it), Lines 270-290 get the deletion list for that character and, for each deleted genus in the list, either decrement or increment the corresponding element in the deletion array, depending on the sign of the input. Finally, Lines 300-360 reprint the list of remaining genera, change the color of the selected character and return for the next input.

Line 1000 begins the data statements specific to this key. It contains a number for each genus (128), characters (32) and menu items (35: 32 characters plus the headings FRUITS, PLANTS and LEAVES), and the title. Lines 1010 through 1320 contain the deletion lists. Each is a string of 128 digits, (one for each genus) and there are 32 such strings (one for each character). Line 1010 holds the deletion list for character 1, and Line 1320 corresponds to character 32. As a programmer's convenience, the middle two digits of the line number are the same as the character number. In each string, the leftmost digit corresponds to genus 1 and the rightmost to genus 128. A "1" means that the plant might exhibit that character, and a "0" means that it does not. Note that if you are making up your own key and are unsure whether a particular genus can have a certain character, it is safest to say that it can ("1") to avoid an incorrect deletion.

Lines 2000-2190 hold the genus names. Lines 3000-3350 hold the menu items (list of characters) in a format of row number, column number and text to print. The program expects the characters to be listed first, and it prints them in cyan. Any entries beyond the number of characters are assumed to be headings and are printed in bright yellow.

Table 1.
FRUITKEY.BAS Program Listing

```

10 REM R.A. Key to Fleshy Fruits
20 REM Everett Ogden, 04/08/89
30 REM Data by Eugene C. Ogden
40 DEFINT A-Z
50 DIM CL, CN, CHAR, TAXA, I, J, K, MENU, SN, GREEN, CYAN, RED, YELLOW, WHITE, BRIGHT
60 DIM Z$, CH$, IN$, KY$, DL$, ESC$, TAXA$, USED$, CMND$, STAR$, TITLE$
70 CMND$ = "*NnRrQq": Z$ = "0": GREEN = 2: CYAN = 3: RED = 4: YELLOW = 6: WHITE = 7: BRIGHT = 8
80 READ TAXA, CHAR, MENU, TITLE$
90 DIM NM$(TAXA), NM$(TAXA), TAXA$(CHAR), CHAR$(MENU), CHLOC(MENU, 2)
100 FOR I = 1 TO CHAR: READ TAXA$(I): NEXT
110 FOR I = 1 TO TAXA: READ NM$(I): NEXT
120 FOR I = 1 TO MENU: READ CHLOC(I, 1), CHLOC(I, 2), CHAR$(I): NEXT
130 FOR I = 1 TO TAXA: NM(I) = 1: NEXT: CH$ = STRING$(CHAR, "0")
140 CL = INT(TAXA / 20) + 1: IF (TAXA MOD 20) <> 0 THEN CL = CL + 1
150 KEY OFF: CLS : COLOR YELLOW: LOCATE 2, INT((80 - LEN(TITLE$)) / 2): PRINT TITLE$
160 LOCATE 4, 22: PRINT "Select character by entering its number"
170 LOCATE 5, 22: PRINT "Unuse character by entering its negative"
180 GOSUB 400
190 LOCATE 25, 1, 1: COLOR WHITE: PRINT "Character?      ";
200 LOCATE 25, 40: COLOR GREEN: PRINT "N: Names    R: Reset    Q: Quit"; : COLOR YELLOW
210 LOCATE 25, 12: PRINT " "; : LOCATE 25, 12: GOSUB 500
220 LOCATE 25, 20: PRINT SPACE$(20);
230 ON INT(INSTR(CMND$, LEFT$(IN$, 1)) / 2) GOTO 900, 130, 999
240 CN = ABS(VAL(IN$)): IF CN <= CHAR AND CN >= 1 THEN 260: REM Entry in range
250 BEEP: LOCATE 25, 20: COLOR BRIGHT + RED: PRINT "NO CHAR. "; IN$: : COLOR YELLOW: GOTO 190
260 SN = SGN(VAL(IN$)): IF SN = 1 THEN USED$ = "1" ELSE USED$ = "0"
270 DL$ = TAXA$(CN): I = 0
280 IF MID$(CH$, CN, 1) = USED$ THEN 190 ELSE MID$(CH$, CN, 1) = USED$
290 I = INSTR(I + 1, DL$, Z$): IF I THEN NM(I) = NM(I) - SN: GOTO 290
300 FOR I = 1 TO CL - 1: LOCATE I, 1: PRINT SPC(79); " "; : NEXT
310 LOCATE 1, 1: COLOR YELLOW: FOR I = 1 TO TAXA: IF NM(I) < 1 THEN 330
320 PRINT USING "###"; I;
330 NEXT
340 IF MID$(CH$, CN, 1) = "1" THEN COLOR RED: STAR$ = "*" ELSE COLOR CYAN: STAR$ = " "
350 LOCATE CHLOC(CN, 1), CHLOC(CN, 2): PRINT STAR$; CHAR$(CN);
360 GOTO 190
400 FOR I = 1 TO MENU
410 IF I > CHAR THEN COLOR BRIGHT + YELLOW: STAR$ = " ": GOTO 430
420 IF MID$(CH$, I, 1) = "1" THEN COLOR RED: STAR$ = "*" ELSE COLOR CYAN: STAR$ = " "
430 LOCATE CHLOC(I, 1), CHLOC(I, 2): PRINT STAR$; CHAR$(I);
440 NEXT: RETURN
500 IN$ = "": KY$ = "": WHILE LEN(IN$) < 4 AND KY$ <> CHR$(13)
510 KY$ = INKEY$: IF LEN(KY$) <> 1 THEN 510
520 IF LEN(IN$) > 0 THEN 560
530 IF INSTR("NnRrQq", KY$) <> 0 THEN IN$ = KY$: RETURN
540 IF INSTR("-0123456789", KY$) <> 0 THEN IN$ = KY$: PRINT KY$: : ELSE BEEP
550 GOTO 610
560 IF INSTR("0123456789", KY$) <> 0 THEN IN$ = IN$ + KY$: PRINT KY$: : GOTO 610
570 IF KY$ <> CHR$(8) THEN 600
580 IN$ = LEFT$(IN$, LEN(IN$) - 1)
590 LOCATE 25, 12: PRINT IN$; " "; : LOCATE 25, 12 + LEN(IN$): GOTO 610
600 IF KY$ <> CHR$(13) THEN BEEP
610 WEND: RETURN
900 CLS : J = 1: K = 1: FOR I = 1 TO TAXA: IF NM(I) < 1 THEN 950
910 IF J = 25 THEN J = 1: K = K + 20: ELSE 940
920 IF K > 61 THEN K = 1: LOCATE 25, 1: COLOR GREEN: ELSE 940
930 PRINT "Press RETURN for more"; : COLOR YELLOW: LINE INPUT IN$: CLS
940 LOCATE J, K: PRINT USING "### "; I; : PRINT NM$(I); : J = J + 1
950 NEXT: LOCATE 25, 1: COLOR GREEN: PRINT "Press RETURN to continue";
960 LINE INPUT IN$: CLS : GOSUB 400: CN = 1: GOTO 300
999 CLS : SYSTEM

```

Table 1 Continued

Table 1 Continued

2000 REM Taxa names for NM\$() updated 06/28/89
2010 DATA Actaea,Akebia,Amelanchier,Ampelopsis,Aralia,Arceuthobium
2020 DATA Arctostaphylos,Arisaema,Aronia,Asarum,Asimina,Asparagus,Atropa
2030 DATA Belamcanda,Berberis,Berchemia,Broussonetia,Buckleya,Bumelia,Calla
2040 DATA Callicarpa,Calycanthus,Calycocarpum,Caulophyllum,Celastrus,Celtis
2050 DATA Chaenomeles,Chenopodium,Chionanthus,Cissus,Clintonia,Cocculus
2060 DATA Convallaria,Cornus,Coryphantha,Cotinus,Cotoneaster,Crataegus,Cydonia
2070 DATA Daphne,Diospyros,Diphylleia,Dirca,Disporum,Duchesnia,Echinocystis
2080 DATA Elaeagnus,Empetrum,Epigaea,Euonymus,Ficus,Floerkea,Forestiera
2090 DATA Fragaria,Galium,Gaultheria,Gaylussacia,Geocaulon,Hedera,Hexastylis
2100 DATA Hydrastis,Ilex,Juglans,Juniperus,Leucophysalis,Ligustrum,Lindera
2110 DATA Lonicera,Lycium,Maclura,Maianthemum,Magnolia,Medeola,Melia,Melothria
2120 DATA Menispermum,Mitchella,Morus,Myrica,Nemopanthus,Nestronia,Nicandra
2130 DATA Nymphaea,Nyssa,Oplopanax,Opuntia,Osmanthus,Panax,Parthenocissus
2140 DATA Passiflora,Peltandra,Persea,Phellodendron,Phoradendron,Physalis
2150 DATA Phytolacca,Planera,Podophyllum,Polygonatum,Polygonum,Prunus
2160 DATA Pyracantha,Pyrularia,Pyrus,Rhamnus,Rhus,Ribes,Rosa,Rubus,Sambucus
2170 DATA Sapindus,Sassafras,Shepherdia,Smilacina,Smilax,Solanum,Sorbus
2180 DATA Streptopus,Symporicarpos,Symplocarpus,Taxus,Toxicodendron,Trillium
2190 DATA Triosteum,Vaccinium,Viburnum,Vitis,Zanthoxylum
3000 REM Character list updated 04/08/89
3010 DATA 9, 2,"1 White or light gray"
3020 DATA 10, 2,"2 Brown or tan"
3030 DATA 11, 2,"3 Yellow"
3040 DATA 9,26,"4 Orange"
3050 DATA 10,26,"5 Red or pink"
3060 DATA 11,26,"6 Blue"
3070 DATA 9,42,"7 Purple"
3080 DATA 10,42,"8 Green"
3090 DATA 11,42,"9 Black"
3100 DATA 9,56,"10 Less than 1 cm long"
3110 DATA 10,56,"11 1-2 cm long"
3120 DATA 11,56,"12 More than 2 cm long"
3130 DATA 13, 1,"13 With floral remnants at apex"
3140 DATA 14, 1,"14 Without floral remnants at apex"
3150 DATA 13,45,"15 With 1 seed"
3160 DATA 14,45,"16 With 2-10 seeds"
3170 DATA 15,45,"17 With more than 10 seeds"
3180 DATA 17, 1,"18 Woody"
3190 DATA 18, 1,"19 Not woody"
3200 DATA 17,22,"20 Creeping or climbing"
3210 DATA 18,22,"21 Not creeping or climbing"
3220 DATA 17,57,"22 With spines"
3230 DATA 18,57,"23 Without spines"
3240 DATA 21, 1,"24 Opposite"
3250 DATA 22, 1,"25 Whorled or basal"
3260 DATA 23, 1,"26 Alternate"
3270 DATA 22,26,"27 Simple"
3280 DATA 23,26,"28 Compound"
3290 DATA 22,43,"29 Lobed"
3300 DATA 23,43,"30 Not lobed"
3310 DATA 22,61,"31 With teeth"
3320 DATA 23,61,"32 Without teeth"
3330 DATA 8, 4,"FRUITS"
3340 DATA 16, 4,"PLANTS"
3350 DATA 20, 4,"LEAVES"

APPENDIX 2.

Tabular Data for Random Access Keys

GENUS NUMBER		1 2 3 4	5 6 7 8	1 1 1 9 0 1 2	1 1 1 1 3 4 5 6
FRUITS	1 White or light gray	1 0 0 0	0 1 0 0	0 0 0 0	0 0 0 0
	2 Brown or tan.....	0 0 0 0	0 0 0 0	0 1 1 0	0 0 0 0
	3 Yellow	0 1 0 0	0 0 0 1	0 0 1 0	0 0 1 0
	4 Orange.....	0 0 0 0	0 0 0 1	0 0 0 0	0 0 0 0
	5 Red or pink	1 0 1 0	0 0 1 1	1 0 0 1	0 0 1 0
	6 Blue.....	0 1 1 1	1 0 0 0	0 0 0 0	0 0 0 1
	7 Purple	0 1 1 0	1 0 1 0	1 1 1 0	0 0 0 0
	8 Green	0 0 0 0	0 0 0 0	0 0 1 0	0 0 0 0
	9 Black	0 0 1 1	1 0 1 0	1 0 0 0	1 1 0 1
	10 Less than 1 cm long	1 0 1 1	1 1 1 1	1 0 0 1	0 0 1 1
	11 1-2 cm long	1 0 1 0	0 0 0 1	0 1 0 0	1 0 1 0
	12 More than 2 cm long	0 1 0 0	0 0 0 0	0 0 1 0	0 1 0 0
	13 With floral remnants at apex	1 0 1 0	1 1 0 1	1 1 0 0	0 0 1 1
	14 Without floral remnants at apex.....	1 1 0 1	0 1 1 1	0 0 1 1	1 1 1 1
	15 With 1 seed	0 0 0 1	0 1 1 1	0 0 1 0	0 0 1 1
	16 With 2-10 seeds	1 1 1 1	1 0 1 1	1 1 1 1	0 0 1 0
	17 With more than 10 seeds	1 0 0 0	0 0 0 0	0 1 0 0	1 1 0 0
PLANTS	18 Woody	0 1 1 1	1 1 1 0	1 0 1 0	0 0 1 1
	19 Not Woody	1 0 0 0	1 0 0 1	0 1 0 1	1 1 0 0
	20 Creeping or climbing	0 1 0 1	0 0 1 0	0 1 0 0	0 0 0 1
	21 Not creeping or climbing	1 0 1 0	1 1 0 1	1 1 1 1	1 1 1 0
	22 With spines.....	0 0 0 0	1 0 0 0	0 0 0 0	0 0 1 0
	23 Without spines	1 1 1 1	1 1 1 1	1 1 1 1	1 1 0 1
LEAVES	24 Opposite	1 0 0 1	1 1 0 1	0 0 0 0	1 0 0 0
	25 Whorled or basal	0 1 0 0	1 0 0 1	0 1 0 1	1 0 1 0
	26 Alternate	1 1 1 1	1 0 1 1	1 0 1 0	1 1 1 1
	27 Simple	0 0 1 1	0 1 1 0	1 1 1 1	1 1 1 1
	28 Compound	1 1 0 1	1 0 0 1	0 0 0 0	0 0 0 0
	29 Lobed.....	1 0 0 1	0 0 0 1	0 1 0 0	0 0 0 0
	30 Not lobed.....	1 1 1 1	1 1 1 1	1 1 1 1	1 1 1 1
	31 With teeth	1 0 1 1	1 0 1 0	1 0 0 0	0 0 1 1
	32 Without teeth	0 1 0 0	0 1 1 1	0 1 1 1	1 1 1 1

GENUS NUMBER		1 1 1 2 7 8 9 0	2 2 2 2 1 2 3 4	2 2 2 2 5 6 7 8	2 3 3 3 9 0 1 2
FRUITS	1 White or light gray	0 0 0 0	0 0 0 0	0 0 0 0	0 0 1 0
	2 Brown or tan.....	0 0 0 0	0 1 0 0	0 1 0 0	0 0 0 0
	3 Yellow	0 1 0 0	0 1 0 0	1 0 1 0	0 0 0 0
	4 Orange.....	1 0 0 0	0 0 0 0	1 1 0 0	0 0 0 0
	5 Red or pink.....	1 0 0 1	1 1 0 0	1 1 0 1	0 0 0 1
	6 Blue	0 0 0 0	1 0 0 1	0 0 0 0	1 0 1 0
	7 Purple.....	0 0 0 0	1 1 0 1	0 1 0 0	1 0 1 0
	8 Green.....	0 1 0 0	0 0 0 0	0 0 0 0	0 0 0 0
	9 Black	0 0 1 0	0 0 1 0	0 1 0 0	0 1 1 0
	10 Less than 1 cm long	0 0 1 1	1 0 0 1	1 1 0 1	1 1 1 1
	11 1-2 cm long	1 1 1 1	0 0 1 0	1 1 0 0	1 0 1 0
	12 More than 2 cm long	1 0 0 0	0 1 1 0	0 0 1 0	0 0 0 0
	13 With floral remnants at apex	0 1 0 1	0 1 0 0	1 1 1 1	0 0 1 0
	14 Without floral remnants at apex	1 0 1 1	1 0 1 1	1 1 0 1	1 1 1 1
	15 With 1 seed	0 1 1 0	0 0 1 1	0 1 0 0	1 1 0 1
	16 With 2-10 seeds	0 0 0 1	1 1 0 1	1 0 0 0	1 1 1 0
	17 With more than 10 seeds	1 0 0 0	0 1 0 0	0 0 1 1	0 0 1 0
PLANTS	18 Woody	1 1 1 0	1 1 1 0	1 1 1 0	1 1 0 1
	19 Not Woody	0 0 0 1	0 0 0 1	0 0 0 1	0 0 1 0
	20 Creeping or climbing	0 0 0 0	0 0 1 0	1 0 0 0	0 1 0 1
	21 Not creeping or climbing	1 1 1 1	1 1 0 1	0 1 1 1	1 0 1 0
	22 With spines	0 0 1 0	0 0 0 0	1 0 1 0	0 0 0 0
	23 Without spines	1 1 1 1	1 1 1 1	1 1 1 1	1 1 1 1
LEAVES	24 Opposite	1 1 0 0	1 1 0 1	0 0 0 0	1 1 0 0
	25 Whorled or basal	1 0 1 1	0 0 0 1	0 0 0 0	0 0 1 0
	26 Alternate	1 0 1 0	0 0 1 1	1 1 1 1	0 1 0 1
	27 Simple	1 1 1 1	1 1 1 0	1 1 1 1	1 1 1 1
	28 Compound	0 0 0 0	0 0 0 1	0 0 0 0	0 1 0 0
	29 Lobed	1 0 0 1	0 0 1 1	0 0 0 1	0 1 0 0
	30 Not lobed.....	1 1 1 1	1 1 0 0	1 1 1 1	1 1 1 1
	31 With teeth	1 0 0 0	1 0 0 1	1 1 1 1	0 1 0 0
	32 Without teeth	0 1 1 1	0 1 1 0	0 1 0 1	1 0 1 1

GENUS NUMBER		3 3 3 3 3 4 5 6	3 3 3 4 7 8 9 0	4 4 4 4 1 2 3 4	4 4 4 4 5 6 7 8
FRUITS	1 White or light gray	0 1 0 0	0 0 0 0	0 0 0 0	0 0 1 1
	2 Brown or tan	0 0 0 1	0 0 0 0	1 0 0 0	0 0 0 0
	3 Yellow	0 0 0 0	0 1 1 0	1 0 0 1	0 0 1 0
	4 Orange	1 1 0 0	0 1 0 0	1 0 0 1	0 0 0 0
	5 Red or pink	1 1 1 1	1 1 0 1	1 0 1 1	1 0 1 1
	6 Blue	0 1 0 0	0 1 0 0	0 1 0 0	0 0 0 0
	7 Purple	0 0 1 0	0 1 0 0	1 0 0 0	0 0 0 1
	8 Green	0 0 1 0	0 0 0 0	0 0 1 0	0 1 0 0
	9 Black	0 0 0 0	0 1 0 0	0 0 0 0	0 0 0 1
	10 Less than 1 cm long	1 1 0 1	1 1 0 1	0 1 1 1	1 0 1 1
	11 1-2 cm long	0 1 0 0	0 1 0 1	0 1 0 1	1 0 1 0
	12 More than 2 cm long	0 0 1 0	0 1 1 0	1 0 0 0	0 1 0 0
	13 With floral remnants at apex	0 1 1 1	1 1 1 1	0 0 0 0	0 1 1 0
	14 Without floral remnants at apex	1 0 0 1	0 0 0 1	1 1 1 1	1 1 1 1
	15 With 1 seed	1 1 0 1	0 1 0 1	0 0 1 0	0 0 1 0
	16 With 2-10 seeds	1 1 0 0	1 1 0 0	1 1 0 1	0 1 0 1
	17 With more than 10 seeds	0 0 1 0	0 0 1 0	0 0 0 0	1 0 0 0
PLANTS	18 Woody	0 1 0 1	1 1 1 1	1 0 1 0	0 0 1 1
	19 Not Woody	1 1 1 0	0 0 0 0	0 1 0 1	1 1 0 0
	20 Creeping or climbing	0 0 0 0	1 0 0 0	0 0 0 0	1 1 0 1
	21 Not creeping or climbing	1 1 1 1	1 1 1 1	1 1 1 1	1 0 1 1
	22 With spines	0 0 1 0	1 1 0 0	0 0 0 0	0 1 1 0
	23 Without spines	1 1 0 1	0 0 1 1	1 1 1 1	1 1 1 1
LEAVES	24 Opposite	1 1 0 0	0 0 0 0	0 0 0 0	1 0 0 0
	25 Whorled or basal	1 1 0 0	0 0 0 0	0 0 0 0	1 0 0 0
	26 Alternate	1 1 0 1	1 1 1 1	1 1 1 1	1 1 1 1
	27 Simple	1 1 0 1	1 1 1 1	1 1 1 1	0 1 1 1
	28 Compound	0 0 0 0	0 0 0 0	0 0 0 0	1 0 0 0
	29 Lobed	0 0 0 0	0 1 0 0	0 1 0 0	0 1 0 0
	30 Not lobed	1 1 0 1	1 1 1 1	1 0 1 1	1 0 1 1
	31 With teeth	0 0 0 0	0 1 1 0	0 1 0 0	1 1 0 0
	32 Without teeth	1 1 0 1	1 0 0 1	1 0 1 1	0 0 1 1

GENUS NUMBER		4 5 5 5 9 0 1 2	5 5 5 5 3 4 5 6	5 5 5 6 7 8 9 0	6 6 6 6 1 2 3 4
FRUITS	1 White or light gray	1 0 0 0	0 0 0 1	0 0 0 0	0 0 0 1
	2 Brown or tan	0 1 1 1	0 0 0 0	0 0 0 1	0 0 1 0
	3 Yellow	0 0 1 1	0 0 0 0	0 0 0 0	0 1 0 0
	4 Orange	0 1 0 0	0 0 0 0	0 0 0 0	0 0 0 0
	5 Red or pink	0 1 0 0	0 1 0 1	0 1 0 0	1 1 0 0
	6 Blue	0 0 0 0	0 0 1 0	1 0 0 0	0 0 0 1
	7 Purple	0 1 1 1	0 0 1 0	0 0 0 1	0 0 0 1
	8 Green	0 0 1 0	0 0 0 0	0 0 0 0	0 0 1 0
	9 Black	0 0 0 0	1 0 1 0	1 0 1 0	0 1 1 1
	10 Less than 1 cm long	1 1 0 1	0 1 1 1	1 1 1 0	1 1 0 1
	11 1-2 cm long	0 1 1 0	1 1 0 0	1 0 0 1	1 0 0 1
	12 More than 2 cm long	0 0 1 0	0 1 0 0	0 0 0 0	1 0 1 0
	13 With floral remnants at apex	0 0 1 1	0 0 1 1	1 1 1 1	0 0 0 1
	14 Without floral remnants at apex	1 1 0 1	1 1 1 0	0 0 0 0	1 1 1 1
	15 With 1 seed	0 0 0 1	1 0 1 0	0 1 0 0	0 0 1 1
	16 With 2-10 seeds	0 1 0 0	0 0 1 1	1 0 1 1	1 1 0 1
	17 With more than 10 seeds	1 1 1 0	0 1 0 1	0 0 0 1	1 0 0 0
PLANTS	18 Woody	1 1 1 0	1 0 0 1	1 0 1 0	0 1 1 1
	19 Not Woody	0 0 0 1	0 1 1 1	0 1 0 1	1 0 0 0
	20 Creeping or climbing	1 1 0 1	0 1 1 1	0 0 1 1	0 0 0 1
	21 Not creeping or climbing	0 1 1 0	1 1 1 1	1 1 0 1	1 1 1 1
	22 With spines	0 0 0 0	0 0 0 0	0 0 0 0	0 0 0 1
	23 Without spines	1 1 1 1	1 1 1 1	1 1 1 1	1 1 1 1
LEAVES	24 Opposite	0 1 0 1	1 1 0 0	0 0 0 0	0 0 1 1
	25 Whorled or basal	0 0 0 0	0 1 1 0	0 0 0 1	1 0 0 1
	26 Alternate	1 0 1 1	0 1 0 1	1 1 1 0	1 1 1 0
	27 Simple	1 1 1 1	1 0 1 1	1 1 1 1	1 1 0 1
	28 Compound	0 0 0 1	0 1 0 0	0 0 0 0	0 0 1 0
	29 Lobed	0 0 1 1	0 1 0 0	0 0 1 1	1 1 0 0
	30 Not lobed	1 1 0 1	1 1 1 1	1 1 1 1	0 1 1 1
	31 With teeth	0 1 0 0	1 1 0 1	1 0 0 0	1 1 1 0
	32 Without teeth	1 0 1 1	1 0 1 1	1 1 1 1	0 1 0 1

GENUS NUMBER		6 6 6 5 6 7 8	6 7 7 7 9 0 1 2	7 7 7 7 3 4 5 6	7 7 7 8 7 8 9 0
FRUITS	1 White or light gray	0 0 0 0	0 0 0 0	0 0 0 0	1 1 1 0
	2 Brown or tan	0 0 0 0	0 0 0 1	0 1 0 0	0 0 0 0
	3 Yellow	1 0 1 1	0 1 0 0	0 1 0 0	0 0 0 1
	4 Orange	0 0 0 1	1 1 0 0	0 0 0 0	0 0 0 0
	5 Red or pink	0 0 1 1	1 0 1 1	0 0 0 0	1 1 0 1
	6 Blue	0 1 0 1	0 0 0 0	1 0 0 1	0 0 0 0
	7 Purple	0 0 0 1	0 0 0 0	1 0 0 1	0 1 0 0
	8 Green	0 0 0 0	0 1 1 0	0 1 1 0	0 1 0 0
	9 Black	0 1 0 1	0 0 0 0	1 0 1 1	0 1 0 0
	10 Less than 1 cm long	1 1 1 1	0 0 1 1	1 0 1 1	1 1 1 1
	11 1-2 cm long	1 0 0 1	1 0 0 1	1 1 1 1	0 1 0 0
	12 More than 2 cm long	0 0 0 0	0 1 0 1	0 0 0 0	0 1 0 0
	13 With floral remnants at apex	0 0 0 1	0 0 0 0	0 0 1 0	1 1 0 0
	14 Without floral remnants at apex	1 1 1 1	1 1 1 1	1 1 0 1	0 1 1 1
	15 With 1 seed	0 1 1 0	0 0 1 1	0 1 0 1	0 0 1 0
	16 With 2-10 seeds	0 1 0 1	0 0 1 0	1 0 0 0	1 0 0 1
	17 With more than 10 seeds	1 0 0 0	1 1 0 1	0 0 1 0	0 1 0 0
PLANTS	18 Woody	0 1 1 1	1 1 0 1	0 1 0 1	0 1 1 1
	19 Not Woody	1 0 0 0	0 0 1 0	1 0 1 0	1 0 0 0
	20 Creeping or climbing	0 0 0 1	1 0 0 0	0 0 1 1	1 0 0 0
	21 Not creeping or climbing	1 1 1 1	1 1 1 1	1 1 0 0	0 1 1 1
	22 With spines	0 0 0 0	1 1 0 0	0 0 0 0	0 0 0 0
	23 Without spines	1 1 1 1	1 0 1 1	1 1 1 1	1 1 1 1
LEAVES	24 Opposite	0 1 0 1	0 0 0 0	0 1 0 0	1 0 0 0
	25 Whorled or basal	0 0 0 0	1 0 0 0	1 0 0 0	0 0 0 0
	26 Alternate	1 0 1 0	1 1 1 1	0 1 1 1	0 1 1 1
	27 Simple	1 1 1 1	1 1 1 1	1 0 1 1	1 1 1 1
	28 Compound	0 0 0 0	0 0 0 0	0 1 0 0	0 0 0 0
	29 Lobed	0 0 0 0	0 0 0 1	0 0 1 1	0 1 0 0
	30 Not lobed	1 1 1 1	1 1 1 1	1 1 0 1	1 1 1 1
	31 With teeth	0 0 0 0	0 0 0 0	0 1 1 1	0 1 1 1
	32 Without teeth	1 1 1 1	1 1 1 1	1 0 0 1	1 0 1 1

GENUS NUMBER		8 8 8 8 1 2 3 4	8 8 8 8 5 6 7 8	8 9 9 9 9 0 1 2	9 9 9 9 3 4 5 6
FRUITS	1 White or light gray	0 0 0 0	0 0 0 0	0 0 0 0	0 1 0 0
	2 Brown or tan	0 0 1 0	0 1 0 0	0 0 1 0	0 0 0 0
	3 Yellow	1 1 0 0	0 0 0 1	0 1 0 0	0 0 1 0
	4 Orange	0 0 0 0	0 0 0 0	0 0 0 0	0 0 1 0
	5 Red or pink	0 0 0 0	1 1 0 1	0 0 0 0	0 0 1 1
	6 Blue	0 0 0 1	0 0 1 0	1 0 0 1	0 0 0 0
	7 Purple	0 0 0 1	0 1 1 0	0 1 0 1	0 0 1 1
	8 Green	1 1 1 0	0 1 0 0	0 1 1 0	0 0 1 1
	9 Black	0 0 0 1	0 0 0 0	1 1 0 1	1 0 0 1
	10 Less than 1 cm long	0 0 0 0	1 0 1 1	1 0 1 1	0 1 1 1
	11 1-2 cm long	1 1 1 1	0 0 1 1	0 1 1 1	1 0 1 1
	12 More than 2 cm long	0 1 1 1	0 1 0 0	0 1 0 0	0 0 1 0
	13 With floral remnants at apex	1 0 1 1	1 1 0 1	0 0 1 0	0 0 0 1
	14 Without floral remnants at apex	0 1 1 0	0 0 1 1	1 1 1 1	1 1 1 1
	15 With 1 seed	1 0 0 1	0 0 1 0	1 0 1 1	0 1 0 0
	16 With 2-10 seeds	0 0 0 0	1 0 0 1	1 0 1 0	1 0 0 1
	17 With more than 10 seeds	0 1 1 0	0 1 0 0	0 1 0 0	0 0 1 1
PLANTS	18 Woody	1 0 0 1	1 0 1 0	1 0 0 1	1 1 0 0
	19 Not Woody	0 1 1 0	0 1 0 1	0 1 1 0	0 0 1 1
	20 Creeping or climbing	0 0 1 0	0 0 0 0	1 1 0 0	0 0 0 0
	21 Not creeping or climbing	1 1 1 1	1 1 1 1	0 0 1 1	1 1 1 1
	22 With spines	0 0 0 0	1 1 0 0	0 0 0 0	0 0 0 0
	23 Without spines	1 1 1 1	0 1 1 1	1 1 1 1	1 1 1 1
LEAVES	24 Opposite	1 0 0 0	0 0 1 0	0 0 0 0	1 1 1 0
	25 Whorled or basal	0 0 1 0	0 0 0 1	1 0 1 0	0 0 0 0
	26 Alternate	0 1 0 1	1 0 0 0	1 1 0 1	0 0 1 1
	27 Simple	1 1 1 1	1 0 1 0	0 1 1 1	0 1 1 1
	28 Compound	0 0 0 0	0 0 0 1	1 0 0 0	1 0 0 0
	29 Lobed	0 1 1 0	1 0 0 0	0 1 1 0	0 0 1 0
	30 Not lobed	1 1 1 1	0 0 1 1	1 0 1 1	1 1 1 1
	31 With teeth	0 1 0 1	1 0 0 1	1 1 0 0	0 0 1 0
	32 Without teeth	1 0 1 1	0 0 1 0	0 1 1 1	1 1 1 1

GENUS NUMBER		1	1 1 1 1	1 1 1 1	1 1 1 1
	9 9 9 0	0 0 0 0	0 0 0 0	0 1 1 1	
	7 8 9 0	1 2 3 4	5 6 7 8	9 0 1 2	
FRUITS	1 White or light gray	0 1 0 0	0 0 0 0	0 0 0 0	0 1 0 0
	2 Brown or tan	1 0 0 0	0 0 1 0	0 1 0 1	0 0 0 0
	3 Yellow	0 1 0 0	1 0 1 1	0 0 1 1	1 1 1 0
	4 Orange	0 0 0 0	0 1 0 0	0 0 1 1	1 1 0 0
	5 Red or pink	0 1 0 0	1 1 0 1	1 1 1 1	1 1 0 0
	6 Blue	0 0 1 1	1 0 0 0	0 0 0 0	0 0 0 1
	7 Purple	0 0 0 1	1 0 0 0	0 0 1 0	1 1 0 1
	8 Green	1 1 0 0	0 0 1 1	0 0 1 0	0 1 0 0
	9 Black	0 0 1 0	1 0 0 0	1 0 1 0	1 1 0 1
	10 Less than 1 cm long	1 0 1 1	1 1 0 0	1 1 1 1	1 1 0 1
	11 1-2 cm long	0 1 1 0	1 0 1 1	0 0 1 1	1 0 1 1
	12 More than 2 cm long	0 1 0 0	1 0 1 1	0 0 0 1	1 0 0 0
	13 With floral remnants at apex	1 1 1 0	0 1 1 1	0 0 1 1	0 1 0 0
	14 Without floral remnants at apex	1 1 1 1	1 0 0 0	1 1 0 0	1 0 1 1
	15 With 1 seed	1 0 0 1	1 0 1 0	0 1 0 0	0 0 1 1
	16 With 2-10 seeds	0 0 1 0	0 1 0 1	1 0 0 0	1 1 0 0
	17 With more than 10 seeds	0 1 1 0	0 0 0 0	0 0 1 1	1 0 0 0
PLANTS	18 Woody	1 0 0 0	1 1 1 1	1 1 1 1	1 1 1 1
	19 Not Woody	0 1 1 1	0 0 0 0	0 0 0 0	1 1 0 0
	20 Creeping or climbing	0 0 0 1	1 1 0 0	0 0 1 1	1 0 0 0
	21 Not creeping or climbing	1 1 1 0	1 1 1 1	1 1 1 1	1 1 1 1
	22 With spines	0 0 0 1	1 1 0 1	1 0 1 1	1 0 0 0
	23 Without spines	1 1 1 0	1 1 1 1	1 1 1 1	1 1 1 1
LEAVES	24 Opposite	0 1 0 0	0 0 0 0	1 1 0 1	1 1 1 0
	25 Whorled or basal	0 0 0 0	0 1 0 0	0 0 1 0	0 0 0 0
	26 Alternate	1 0 1 1	1 1 1 1	1 1 1 1	1 0 1 1
	27 Simple	1 1 1 1	1 1 1 1	1 0 1 0	1 0 0 1
	28 Compound	0 0 0 0	0 0 0 0	0 1 0 1	1 1 1 0
	29 Lobed	0 1 0 1	0 1 0 1	0 1 1 0	1 0 0 1
	30 Not lobed	1 0 1 1	1 1 1 1	1 1 0 1	1 1 1 1
	31 With teeth	1 1 0 0	1 1 0 1	1 1 1 1	1 1 0 0
	32 Without teeth	0 0 1 1	0 0 1 0	1 1 0 0	0 0 1 1

GENUS NUMBER		1 1 1 1	1 1 1 1	1 1 1 1	1 1 1 1
		1 1 1 1	1 1 1 2	2 2 2 2	2 2 2 2
		3 4 5 6	7 8 9 0	1 2 3 4	5 6 7 8
FRUITS	1 White or light gray	0 0 0 0	0 0 1 0	0 1 1 0	0 0 0 0
	2 Brown or tan	0 0 0 0	0 0 0 1	0 0 1 0	0 0 0 1
	3 Yellow	1 0 0 1	0 0 0 1	0 1 0 1	1 1 0 0
	4 Orange	0 0 0 1	1 0 0 1	0 0 1 1	0 1 0 0
	5 Red or pink	1 1 1 1	1 1 1 0	1 0 1 1	1 1 1 1
	6 Blue	0 0 1 0	0 0 0 0	0 0 0 0	1 1 1 0
	7 Purple	0 1 0 1	0 0 1 1	0 0 1 0	1 1 1 0
	8 Green	0 1 1 1	0 0 0 1	1 1 0 0	1 0 0 0
	9 Black	0 1 1 1	0 0 0 0	0 0 0 0	1 1 1 0
	10 Less than 1 cm long	1 1 1 1	1 1 1 0	1 1 0 1	1 1 1 1
	11 1-2 cm long	0 0 0 1	1 1 0 0	0 1 1 0	1 1 1 0
	12 More than 2 cm long	0 0 0 0	0 0 0 1	0 0 1 0	0 0 1 0
	13 With floral remnants at apex	1 0 0 0	1 0 1 1	0 1 0 1	1 1 0 0
	14 Without floral remnants at apex	1 1 1 1	0 1 0 1	1 1 1 0	0 0 1 1
	15 With 1 seed	1 1 1 0	0 0 0 0	1 1 0 0	0 1 1 1
	16 With 2-10 seeds	0 1 1 1	1 0 1 0	0 0 1 1	0 0 1 1
	17 With more than 10 seeds	0 0 0 1	0 1 0 1	0 0 1 0	1 0 0 0
PLANTS	18 Woody	1 0 1 1	1 0 1 0	1 1 0 0	1 1 1 1
	19 Not Woody	0 1 1 1	0 1 0 1	0 1 1 1	0 0 0 0
	20 Creeping or climbing	0 0 1 1	0 0 0 0	1 1 0 0	1 0 1 0
	21 Not creeping or climbing	1 1 0 1	1 1 1 1	1 1 1 1	1 1 0 1
	22 With spines	1 0 1 1	0 0 0 0	0 0 0 0	0 0 0 1
	23 Without spines	1 1 1 1	1 1 1 1	1 1 1 1	1 1 1 0
LEAVES	24 Opposite	1 0 0 1	1 0 1 0	1 1 0 1	0 1 0 1
	25 Whorled or basal	0 0 0 0	0 0 0 1	0 1 1 0	0 0 0 0
	26 Alternate	0 1 1 1	1 1 0 0	1 1 0 0	1 0 1 1
	27 Simple	1 1 1 1	0 1 1 1	1 0 1 1	1 1 1 0
	28 Compound	0 0 0 1	1 0 0 0	0 1 0 0	0 0 0 1
	29 Lobed	0 0 0 1	0 0 0 0	0 1 0 1	0 1 1 0
	30 Not lobed	1 1 1 1	1 1 1 1	1 1 1 1	1 1 1 1
	31 With teeth	0 0 0 1	1 0 1 0	0 1 0 0	1 1 1 1
	32 Without teeth	1 1 1 1	0 1 1 1	1 1 1 1	1 1 0 1

1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10
11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19	20
21	22	23	24	25	26	27	28	29	30
31	32	33	34	35	36	37	38	39	40
41	42	43	44	45	46	47	48	49	50
51	52	53	54	55	56	57	58	59	60
61	62	63	64	65	66	67	68	69	70
71	72	73	74	75	76	77	78	79	80
81	82	83	84	85	86	87	88	89	90
91	92	93	94	95	96	97	98	99	100
101	102	103	104	105	106	107	108	109	110
111	112	113	114	115	116	117	118	119	120
121	122	123	124	125	126	127	128		

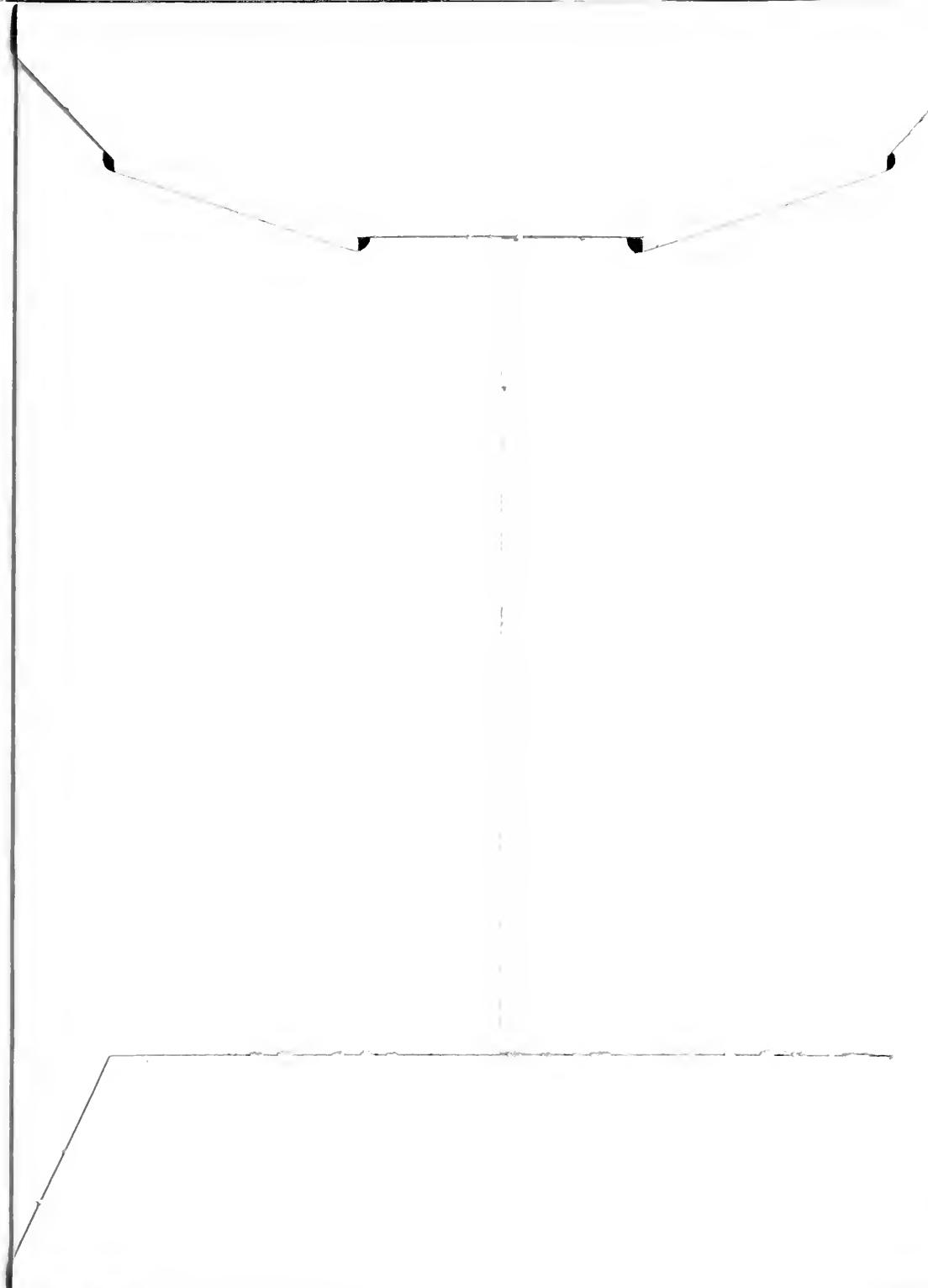
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10
11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19	20
21	22	23	24	25	26	27	28	29	30
31	32	33	34	35	36	37	38	39	40
41	42	43	44	45	46	47	48	49	50
51	52	53	54	55	56	57	58	59	60
61	62	63	64	65	66	67	68	69	70
71	72	73	74	75	76	77	78	79	80
81	82	83	84	85	86	87	88	89	90
91	92	93	94	95	96	97	98	99	100
101	102	103	104	105	106	107	108	109	110
111	112	113	114	115	116	117	118	119	120
121	122	123	124	125	126	127	128		

1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10
11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19	20
21	22	23	24	25	26	27	28	29	30
31	32	33	34	35	36	37	38	39	40
41	42	43	44	45	46	47	48	49	50
51	52	53	54	55	56	57	58	59	60
61	62	63	64	65	66	67	68	69	70
71	72	73	74	75	76	77	78	79	80
81	82	83	84	85	86	87	88	89	90
91	92	93	94	95	96	97	98	99	100
101	102	103	104	105	106	107	108	109	110
111	112	113	114	115	116	117	118	119	120
121	122	123	124	125	126	127	128		

1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10
11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19	20
21	22	23	24	25	26	27	28	29	30
31	32	33	34	35	36	37	38	39	40
41	42	43	44	45	46	47	48	49	50
51	52	53	54	55	56	57	58	59	60
61	62	63	64	65	66	67	68	69	70
71	72	73	74	75	76	77	78	79	80
81	82	83	84	85	86	87	88	89	90
91	92	93	94	95	96	97	98	99	100
101	102	103	104	105	106	107	108	109	110
111	112	113	114	115	116	117	118	119	120
121	122	123	124	125	126	127	128		



3 5185 00337 3410



centimeters



ISSN 0278-3355
ISBN 1-55554-188-3



89-7338
89-520